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LONDON, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1992

ESTABLISHED 1887

Fire fighters raising a ladder to the roof of a building housing Turkish residents that was firebombed Monday in the German town of Mölln, near Hamburg.

Swamped, Is the EC Currency System Drowning?

LONDON - The European Monetary System, once a supposed beacon of economic sta-bility, is wobbling badly, threatening to unleash a wave of competitive devaluations that drowns Europe's dream of monetary union for good. Barring some sort of political fix for a system that has become rigid and sclerotic, many analysts now expect the fortunes of the monetary system to decline along with the state of its members' economies.

"In time the EMS will simply self-destruct just like Bretton Woods and the old fixed ex-

change-rate system," said Richard Conquest, chief economist for the Daiwa Institute of Re-

As three European countries raised interest-rates Monday to defend their currencies after the third revaluation in as many months, Germany warned its European Community neighbors that it would not lower the high interest rates that are at the heart of Europe's monetary

The comments came even as the Community's finance ministers met in Brussels to plan a ay to revive their economies. I am astonished at how out of touch with reality European policymakers are at the mo-ment," said Jim O'Neill, head of capital market search for Swiss Bank Corp.

Henning Christopherson, the Community's economic affairs commissioner, told reporters Monday at an EC finance ministers meeting in Brussels not only that be thought the Irish punt would get by without a devaluation but also that the need for additional EMS realignments had passed, "Enough is enough," he insisted.

But few foreign currency traders and economists agree with the commissioner. In fact, many see this weekend's devaluation of the Spanish peseta and Portuguese escudo as a

much-needed stability to the system only served to further erode it.

On Monday an Italian official added his voice to those insisting that the European Mon-etary System faces severe problems. At the finance ministers meeting. Italy's treasury minister, Piero Barucci, assailed the time lag involved in this weekend's realignment. He noted that it had taken the system 10 weeks to make adjustments that were clearly necessary back when the currency crisis exploded in Septem-

See EMS, Page 15

Outrage as Violence Widens in Germany

3 Turks Killed in Latest Bombing, Federal Prosecutor Sees a Nazi Plot

By Marc Fisher

ungton Past Service BERLIN - Germany's anti-foreigner violence reached a new depth on Monday when n neo-Nazi firebombing killed three Turkish-Germans, including a 10-year-old girl who was born in Germany.

Federal prosecutors immediately took over the investigation of the attack, a sign of the overnment's newfound determination to crack down on violence by extremists on the right.

[Chancellor Helmut Kohl expressed outrage over the attack, calling it "a terrible experience for every law-abiding and decent person in Germany" and "a disgrace for our country," Reuters reported from the Western German town of Mölln, where the attack occurred. The chancellor spoke on German television.]

The federal prosecutors said they intended to treat the firebombing as a triple murder. Prosecutors had investigated previous fatal arson attacks on foreigners as manslaughter cases.

In a separate incident, neo-Nazis murdered an anti-fascist activist. It was also disclosed that neo-Nazis had murdered a man they thought was Jewish, dumping his body in the Netherlands. The incidents increased the number of deaths attributed to attacks by such extremists this year to 16, from 11.

Previously, the federal prosecutor, Alexander you Stahl, had declined to get involved in the prosecution of ann-foreigner attacks, leaving the work to the local authorities because, he said, there was no proof of a political motive behind the assaults.

Mr. von Stahl shifted his position Monday, declaring that the latest arson made it clear that the unknown attackers want to re-establish a National Socialist dictatorship in Germany."

Fire fighters were alerted to blazes in Mölln,

near Hamburg, by calls from someone who said: "Fire in Ratzeburger Street! Heil Hitler!" In addition to the three dead, the fires seriously injured nine Turks and left homeless 45 workers, some of them whose forebears have

The premier of Schleswig-Holstein and leader of Germany's opposition Social Democratic Party, Björn Engholm, called the fire in his state "an appalling high point in violence by the

been in Germany for two generations.

One of Germany's most prominent Jewish

figures, the novelist and political commentator Ralph Giordano, sent a telegram to Mr. Kohl on Monday night saying that because of the government's "inexcusably weak" reaction to anti-foreigner violence, "we have lost our belief and hope that you and your government can offer effective protection against right-wing ex-

tremism and its anti-Semitic criminals."

Mr. Giordano said in the telegram that he and other German Jews had decided they must provide their own protection, "even including armed self-defense." Mr. Ginrdano, 69, later told reporters that he was carrying a weapon to

protect himself against extremists.

Most of the more than 1,800 anti-foreigner attacks that have taken place this year have been directed at refugees seeking asylum in Germany. By assaulting longtime residents, extremists are now showing their campaign is directed "not against asylum-seekers, but against all foreigners," said Turkey's ambassa-

dor to Germany, Onur Oeymen.

More than 1.7 million Turks live in Germany as "guest workers." Germany has no legal im-

migration program.

The ZDF television midday news program began, "The fear of foreigners living in Germany that they, too, might be attacked is apparently justified."

The firebombings in Mölln followed Germany's 13th consecutive weekend of anti-foreigner violence. In a Berlin subwny station, neo-Nazis stabbed four anti-fascist activists, killing an Eastern German man, Silvio Meier, who had been an anti-government activist during Com-

The police battled with skinheads and other rightist extremists in three eastern cities, while rioting mobs attacked a shelter for asylumseekers in the town of Schöningen.

The police also said that two skinheads had confessed to murder in a previously unreported case in which radical youths beat, set ablaze and killed a 53-year-old butcher in the western city of Wuppertal because they thought he was

That murder, which took place Nov. 13, came to light after the Dutch police told newspapers in the Netherlands that the murdered man's body had been driven across the border and dumped

The victim, identified by the Dutch police as See ATTACK, Page 4

3 Countries Lift Interest Rates as Tensions Persist

By Carl Gewirtz .

PARIS - Disappointing some money traders. Germany maintained its high interest rates Monday as Ireland, Spain and Norway, learing a resumption of speculative pressure, raised their ates to defend their currencies. "Edgy, but reasonably stable" was how one

trader described the day's mood in European foreign exchange markets after the weekend devaluations of the Spanish pescta and the Portuguese escudo.

But the persistent tensions, observed Christopher Pous at Banque IndoSuez in Paris, underline "that something has got to give if Germany doesn't cut its interest rates soon." The dollar, which had traded up on Friday

because of rumors of a Bundesbank rate cut, receded Monday after Bonn's state secretary for finance, Horst Köhler, rejected any idea. that a realignment of European currencies should be linked to cuts in German rates. The dollar closed in New York at 1.6050 Deutsche marks, just under its 1.6055 DM close

Signs of tension abounded. Neither the peseta nor the escudo recovered as currencies normally do following a devaluation. The escudo rose, to 89.34 per mark, but not enough to be impressive. The peseta, at 72.5 per mark, weakened modestly. Both had been devalued by 6

Worse yet, the Bank of Spain increased interest rates by 0.75 point to 13.75 percent, whereas devaluations usually open the door to a lower-

Rates were also jacked up in Ireland, to 30 from 13.75 percent, to stave off an embarrassing devaluation of the punt on the eve of n general election. The Irish currency, insulated by exchange controls, held relatively steady at just above its floor level. The cost of overnight

See MARKET, Page 12



Brokers on the floor of the Lisbon stock exchange monitoring market action Monday after the escudo's 6 percent devaluation.

Offers for U.S. Spy Satellites Set Off Rift

By William J. Broad New York Times Service

NEW YORK -At least three countries are seeking to buy surveillance satellites in the United States. The requests, government experts said, have set off a high-level rift and a policy review within the government that will probably have to be resolved by the Clinton

White House. It is a watershed, analysts said, that the government is even considering permits to sell such high-tech surveillance craft, which can cost n billion dollars and have been cloaked in the highest secrecy ever since their debut 32 years ago. Several people are now in prison just because they leaked information about such satellites or data gathered by them.

Orbiting high above the Earth, the cameras can take pictures of objects on the ground that are of enormous interest to military planners, revealing for example the size and location of tanks, troops, ships, missiles and aircraft.

The use of such imagery, experts said, can aid or deter war. A nation peering far beyond its borders from space is less vulnerable to surprise attack. But it can just as easily scout invasion routes and targets. During the Cold War, the satellites were the chief source of targeting

directions for U.S. long-range bombers and

missiles. The satellites are built by private industry, but to export any kind of military equipment, a contractor must first get a license from the government.

Federal experts said that Spain, South Korea and the United Arab Emirates have all recently sought reconnaissance craft. American military contractors, eager for such lucrative work as military budgets decline, said that other Middle East and Asian countries have expressed interest. Hans Mark, a former director of the National

See ORBIT, Page 4

Passport-Free EC Travel: Another Dream Deferred

Wide Demand for Tightened Controls

By Alan Riding New York Times Service

PARIS - While the European Community is on course to become the world's largest customs-free market on Jan. 1, the plan to allow people to travel among the 12 nations without ever showing a passport has been quietly post-

Britain and Denmark strongly oppose re-moving passport checks at their borders, Iroland is tied to Britain's regulations and several other governments are demanding tighter controls to bar illegal immigrants, criminals and terrorists.

"We're now aiming for the end of next year, at least for nine members of the Community, said a Spanish Interior Ministry official, "but there are still many variables. There are techni-

cal problems, and there are political problems." The delay is n new blow to the Community's dream of unity. Unimpeded travel within the region was the principal way that the unified market could immediately touch the lives of ordinary Europeans, whose movements will soon be more restricted than those of goods,

services and money.

Further, the elimination of passport controls was intended as a powerful symbol of the Community's determination to turn its back on

its own warring history.
Citizens of EC countries now must show a passport or identity card when crossing a bor-

der, but they benefit from "fast-lane" document checks at most airports. In northern Europe, controls at land borders are often relaxed, but France, for example, still checks travelers coming from the south for fear of illegal immigration by North Africans.

In reality, if the plan is put into effect, it would benefit more than just EC citizens; once travelers of any nationality entered any Community country, they would be permitted to visit the other 11 countries without further passport checks. But now, beyond political hesitations, there

are signs that enthusiasm is wavering. France, for example, bas told its partners that postponing the plan would belp prevent the explosive immigration question from dominating the campaign for parliamentary elections in

Germany, which in recent months has been engulfed by asylum-seekers from Eastern Eu-rope and shaken by racist attacks on foreigners, is also looking twice at the issue. It sees no threat from countries within the EC, but demands for stricter border controls are growing.

Britain, ever jealous of its sovereignty, has warned that hopes for parliamentary ratification of the Treaty on European Union next year could be dashed if the EC were heavy-handed

See BORDERS, Page 4

GE Sells Aerospace Unit for \$3 Billion

far of the shrinking U.S. defense industry.

sands of tourists pour into Churchill to see the

and cub play-fighting and running around, and it was wonderful," said a New Yorker

"I saw about 15 today, including a mother

bears in their natural habitat.

General Electric Co. agreed Monday to sell al revenue, to about \$11 billion, and now bids its aerospace division to Martin Marietta Corp. for \$3.05 billion in the largest consolidation so tractor while most others seek to slim down or

Kiosk

EC Wants \$60 Billion for Transport

BRUSSELS (AP) — European Community officials placed a \$60 billion figure Monday on a proposal for more railroads, roads and other infrastructure projects to belp pump up Europe's faltering economy. The plan was disclosed in an interview with

The Washington Post last week by Jacques Delors, president of the EC Commission. The proposal would be presented to leaders of the 12-nation bloc at a summit meeting early next month in Edinburgh, according to officials of the Commission.

Scandals and blunders make General News Clinton's election repre- this a sensitive time for Israsented a snub to econo- el's military. mists as well as to economic Rusiness/Finance Page 3. Barclays Bank is laying off Apartheid gains as siege another 3,000. Page 15.
ravages Sarajevo. Page 2. ASEAN fears losses to A Chinese leader rebuked member exports from the Hong Kong's governor, North American trade Page 6. agreement. Page 17. Chris Patten.

Page 20. Weather

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The Bear Facts of Life Polarize a Canadian Town

By Clyde H. Farnsworth New York Times Service

CHURCHILL, Manitoba - November is

polar bear season in Churchill, a town of 800 on the gray and rocky western shores of Hudson Bay. One of the town's busiest men is Laury Brouzes, keeper of the bear jail. "My joh is to protect people from bears and bears from people," he said early one recent

morning while inspecting traps around the dump where the now ravenous bears, the largest nonaquatic carnivores on earth, prowl. The traps are not designed to injure but to intercept bears beaded for town and trouble, like the 700-pound (310-kilogram) male that broke into the home of Lorraine Allen at Spruce Ridge the other day as she was baking

The bear forced entry by ripping screens from the bathroom window, then lumbered into the kitchen as Mrs. Allen retreated, calling for help. Her husband, Dan, rushed over with

his rifle and killed the bear with one shot as it stood over the kitchen table, eating cupcakes. A happier fate awaits those in the traps of Brouzes. After a month or two in the jail, depending on the space available in the 20-pen

Quonset but, they are released on a first-infirst-out basis.

North Knife and Seal Rivers. Although they are not technically an endan-

n certain number of bears a year; others may kill bears only in self-defense. Situated near denning areas where bears give birth, Churchill calls itself the polar bear capital of the world. It is one of the rare places

where the normally aloof, seal-eating polar

bears have significant contact with people.

That contact has increased lately as thou-

named Irene Greenberg, who manages a veter-inary hospital in Bayside, New York. While conflicts are inevitable as people in-Sedated, they are transported four at a time in nets dangling from a helicopter 50 miles back into the pristine wilderness along the habit and visit places that polar bears call home, Churchill is doing all it can to keep such conflicts to a minimum, both for safety and

gered species, polar bears are protected by law. Indian and Eskimo groups are permitted to kill

economic reasons. To Doug Webber, the town's two-term mayor, there is no question Churchill needs the

"To the run-of-the-mill resident, bears are a pest," said Mr. Webber, who owns hunting and fishing lodges and offers flying tours with money-back guarantees if his guests fail to see polar bears. "But because of tourism, people also realize bears are a cash crop and don't want to do anything to harm them."

economic and environmental goals, the statue of a mother bear and her cub before the Chamber of Commerce on Kelsey Street is a fitting official monument.

Since the mid-1980s, three local entrepreneurs have had licenses to carry tourists in "tundra buggies," big-wheeled buses, to ob-serve the bears in their natural state.

Such tourism, with the spinoff in T-shirts and other souvenir purchases, motel bookings, restaurant meals and employment as guides and drivers, now represents about 30 percent of the town's economic activity, which was severely affected in the early postwar years by the shutdown of a big military base and later a rocket-testing installation.

The threatened closing of the port of Churchill, which in the short three-month shipping season sends Manitoba and Saskatchewan

See BEARS, Page 4

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As Sarajevo Siege Drones On, Ethnic Apartheid Gains



UN Halts Food Aid to Serb-Held Parts of Bosnia

By Blaine Harden Washington Post Service

SARAJEVO, Bosnia-Herzegovina - The United Nations has suspended aid deliveries to 100,000 people in Serbian-held parts of Bosnia in order to pressure Serb forces into allowing food convoys to reach

two Muslim towns that are believed to be in desperate need. The cutoff of food deliveries to mainly Serbian areas of eastern Bosnia marks the first time that the office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees, the major aid agency in the conflict, has used such tactics with Serbian forces.

José Maria Mendiluce, the refugee office's envoy to the former Yugoslavia, said Monday night that the agency was forced to "play poker" after the Serbian military denied the UN access to the towns of Gorazde and Srebrenica.

Since he halted the movement of aid convoys, Mr. Mendiluce said he had met with Radovan Karadzic, leader of the Bosnian Serbs, and

By Chuck Sudetic

New York Times Service

an influx of Bosnian refugees, people from across Croatia are looking with resentment and bewilderment on a world they see as too slow to

whith restaulation and too quick to slam its doors shut.

"The kindest thing you can say is that this is hypocritical," said Croatia's vice president. Mate Granic.

The republic's 4.4 million people are now host to 627,000 registered displaced persons, including 333,000 refugees from Bosnia-Herzegovi-

na, most of them Muslims, according to United Nations statistics. The

Zagreb government estimates that more than 100,000 unregistered

This month and last, international relief agencies urged Croatia to

About 1,500 Bosnian men released from Serhian prisons and camps

also remain in a squalid, "temporary" shelter in the Croatian town of Karlovac because Western governments are reluctant to accept them.

Thousands more prisoners and internees are stuck in the Serbian

open its borders to thousands of new refugees driven from Sarajevo

received new guarantees that UN convoys would be permitted to travel

to the two towns on Wednesday.
"They will suffer, but they are not at risk," he said of the Serbian areas that stooped receiving UN aid last week. "The people in Gorazde and Srebrenica are at risk."

Mr. Mendiluce said that Serbian forces habitually caused interference and delays to UN convoys. If the two convoys do not get through Wednesday, he said, "we will consider this to be a very serious turning point in the war." "We hope all international blame will be put on those who stop it."

If the convoys do reach the two towns, the agency will resume aid shipments to Serbian areas in eastern Bosnia. Mr. Mendiluce said he has made it clear to the Bosnian Serb leadership that if it does not fulfill its signed commitments for the free

passage of food aid, the agency could ask the Security Council for further action.

By Blaine Harden Washington Past Service

SARAJEVO, Bosnia-Herzegovina — Sarajevo is more concentration camp than European capital. It has been ripped to pieces by shelling, more than 60 percent of its housing has been damaged, more than 2,800 people have been killed, more than 48,000 have been wounded. Hundreds of amputees clog the hospitals.

Winter is taking hold in a city without regular supplies of heat, water, electricity or natural gas. The temperature drops below freezing nightly, and dawn comes drenched in a brackish soup of log. Rain is collapsing shell-damaged rools. Most people have retreated, if they can, into one central room in their apartment or house.

There, they burn wood for heat and cooking. Parks that last summer became makeshift graveyards have been stripped of trees for firewood. Fighters at the front complain that the city's feverish hunger for wood

is depriving them of cover from Serbian guns.
"I was a very, very big optimist," said Miro Purivatra, a Muslim theater director here, "but I have to live on this earth. Winter is bere and hope is lost. It is very difficult to live."

When Serbs laid siege to this city in April, they demanded ethnic apartheid. Until the intermixed and intermarried Muslim, Serbian and Croatian residents of Sarajevo separated into ethnically pure neighborhoods, Radovan Karadzic, leader of the Bosnian Serbs, said he would keep the Muslims who control the city "trapped like mice in a

After nearly eight months, the siege holds, and ethnic apartheid is gaining. The artillery-enforced seal that Mr. Karadzic's army has built around this city is deliberately leaky. It allows through Serbs, Croats, Jews, Slovenians, but the Muslims who resist the ethnic carve-up

About 200,000 of the city's prewar population of 500,000 have been allowed out, while about 100,000 refugees, most of them Muslims from "ethnically cleansed" Bosnian villages who have nowhere else to go, have been allowed in. They have taken over apartments of those who

Inside this curious semi-siege, Serbian gunners in the hills have waged a campaign of terror designed to give every non-Muslim resident a compelling reason to declare his nationality and leave. Since a cease-fire went into effect nearly two weeks ago, Serbian guns have gone oddly quiet. The cease-fire, the most successful of the war, has drained some of the horror out of daily life. But as the Bosnian capital awoke Monday under a blanket of fog, heavy artillery could be heard in the west of the city, as well as machine-gun and sniper fire. The new outbreak of fighting came as the West launched a full-scale naval blockade against Yugoslavia to try to end the civil war.

The United Nations and other international relief agencies have

calibrated the city's survival needs with bureaucratic precision. Each resident is alloted about 725 grams (about 26 ounces) of relief food per day. The UN High Commissioner for Refugees says that 40,000 people — 10 percent of the population — are malnourished.

What the refugee agency and other agencies do not supply is heating oil to keep city residents warm.

"Heating is a bigger problem than food," said Sarajevo's mayor. Mohamed Kresevljakovic. "It may cause more death than the shortage

UN agencies do not truck or fly in large quantities of heating oil because the Serbs will not let them. The Serbs consider heating oil, which can be used as diesel fuel for trucks and tanks, a strategic commodity. Too much of it could help the Muslims in their stalled

Amid Refugee 'Burden' and Hard Times, Croats Cryfor Help

"It is as if 40 million Mexicans picked up and fled to the United States," said Michael Keats, a spokesman in Zagreb for the UN High ZAGREB, Croatia - Faced with enormous economic problems and Commissioner for Refugees.

"I am sorry for these people, but they are a burden," said a 70-year-old woman from Zagreb, whose monthly pension and welfare check does not cover food costs, much less housing and utilities. "We are

But despite the refugees' problems, Croats say they face adversity

ourselves in great difficulty." Croatia's total economy has slipped from about \$13.5 billion in 1990 to \$7.5 billion this year, Mr. Granic said. He estimated that the cost of maintaining the displaced persons and refugees exceeded \$50 million a

Rebel Serbs control 25 percent of Croatia's territory, including critical road and rail links, and 37 percent of the country's production facilities are either in Serhian-occupied lands or in ruins. Some in

Croatia complain that the war with Serbia last year and the flood of Bosnian refugees this year have damaged the country more than UN economic sanctions have damaged Serbia and Montenegro, the truncated Yugoslav federation.

"My God, this is devilish," said a retired postal worker, 78, who gave his name only as Matija.

"When Tito was alive we weren't given the freedom to talk," he said, referring to the longtime Yugoslav leader. "But at least people had something to eat. To bell with this kind of freedom."

In Zagreb, bard-pressed pensioners line up at night to buy cheap hlack bread before prices go up. Growing numbers of prostitutes haunt dark side streets. And idle young men and women, who have little prospect of finding employment anytime soon, linger for hours in

"I am psychologically lost," said Tomislav Provic, an electrician who fled from the city of Vukovar when it fell to the Serbs a year ago and now lives in a Zagreb hotel. "We cannot get permanent jobs because we lack residency cards, and we can't even apply for residency cards." In addition to the displaced persons and refugees. Creatia's government must support 267,000 unemployed people, 120,000 police and military personnel, 800,000 pensioners and 150,000 others on some

kind of welfare, according to government statistics.

So far the government has paid its bills only by printing unbacked currency. Consequently, the monthly inflation rate has increased from 15 percent in July to 40 percent in November. (Reuters, AFP)

Senators Propose More Than \$5.5 Billion to Disarm Ukraine

By Fred Hiatt
Washington Pass Service
MOSCOW — The United States smay be willing to grant Ukraine \$150 million and to pay as much as \$5.5 billion during the next 20 years for uranium removed from former Soviet nuclear weapons in order to encourage disarmament, two lead-ing U.S. senators said Monday.

Bosnian refugees also live in Croatia.

and other Bosnian towns.

Ukraine in particular has provoked Western concern in recent

Senators Nunn and Lugar, who voked Western concern in recent successfully sponsored a bill to pro-weeks by calling into question its vide \$800 million in assistance for previous promise to give up all nu-the disarmament process here, of-

they believed Congress and the Bush and Clinton administrations would provide substantial aid once Senator Sam Nunn, Democrat of Clear weapons left on its soil when fered both carrots and sticks to START arms-control treaty and officially became a nonnuclear

Some seek the

finer things in life. Others simply ask the butler.

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Services Committee, and Senator reneged on its pledges to ship the Richard G. Lugar, Republican of weapons to Russia for destruction and to sign the Nuclear Nonprolifproposals for U.S. aid in meetings with the presidents of Ukraine, Kazakhstan and Russia in recent days.

Senator Nunn said he "made it very clear" that Western cooperation and investment depends on Ukraine "keeping your word and keeping your commitment."

But the two senators also said But the two senators also said Senator Lugar also said that the United States would be willing to

buy weapons-grade uranium from Russia once Russia reached a revenue-sharing agreement with Ukraine, Kazakhstan and Belarus, where Soviet nuclear missiles also are stationed, U.S. companies, which bave been negotiating through Earry Deptement officials, would convert the uranium into fuel for nuclear power stations, officials here said.

The deal could be profitable for U.S. companies, a Western diplomat here said. And the promise of substantial payments in coming years could help all four republics borrow money to soften the pain of current economic reforms. Senator Lugar suggested. Although the to-tal sum would depend on the pace of warhead destruction and the market price of uranium, the senator said "one estimate" was \$5.5

billion over 20 years. "That could be a very substantial source of revenue, as well as collat-

The senators said Mr. Kravchuk promised to push for parliamenta-ry approval of the arms-control treaties before year's end.

Senators Numn and Logar also world pow-said they believed President Boris budget wo N. Yeltsin of Russia remained next year.

strongly committed to economic reform on the eve of a crucial session of the conservative Congress of People's Deputies. There were signs Monday that Mr. Yeltsin was moving toward compromise with a powerful industrial lobby, which could pave the way for a relatively

ing to news reports. Vladimir Shumeiko, a deputy prime minister, said the government had completed an anti-crisis program incorporating many of the industriansis proposals, Renters reported. The agency also said a Russian magazine would report Tuesday that the government and the centrist Civic Union alliance had reached a deal on new policy.

peaceful Congress and for the sur-vival of his reform cabinet, accord-

The industrialists' lobby has been calling for a return to state management of the economy to slow the fall in industrial producslow the last in industrial produc-tion. Mr. Yeltsin and the acting prime minister, Yegor T. Gaidar, while remaining open to some "in-dustrial policy," have insisted that market forces be given a chance to

Mr. Yeltsin also moved to shore np his standing with the army on the eve of the Congress, as he has at other tense moments in the past. Speaking to a group of senior offi-cers, the president promised that Russia would remain a "great world power" and that the military budget would not be can further

Labor Says Tories Fueled Iraq's 'War Machine'

New York Times Service

LONDON - The government on Monday faced the most blistering attack yet from the political opposition over its sales of military technology to Iraq during the 1980s, with the Labor Party calling on Parliament to condemn what it suggested was a berrayal of British soldiers in the Gulf War and a deception of the public at home.

The opposition brushed aside the government's denials that it had knowingly helped arm Baghdad in violation of a 1985 policy barring military exports to Iraq. Labor Party members assailed Prime Minister John Major's Conservative Party for approving the sale of sophisticated machinery that despite having commercial applications could also be used to make weapons such as shells and missiles.

"The first charge against this government is that in the two years before the Gulf War they had helped to equip that war machine and in two years provided hundreds of millions of pounds of machine tools, straight to the factories that made the weapons," said Robin Cook, who led the Labor Party's arguments in Parliament.

The government survived the battering, however, winning a vote after the debate on Monday, 310 to 265.

WORLD BRIEFS

Report Clears Reagan on Hostages

WASHINGTON (Reuters) — Charges that officials of the ReaganBush election campaign sought to delay the release of American hostages in Iran in 1980 are not supported by the evidence, a Senate report said

But the report, by a special counsel to a Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee, said that evidence suggested that the campaign director, William J. Casey, conducted clandestine efforts to gather intelligence on hostages negotiations between the Carter administration and Iran.

The 150-page report followed an eight-month investigation into charges that Reagan-Bush campaign leaders met secretly with Iranian emissaries in an effort to ensure that the hostages were not released in time to affect the November 1980 presidential election. The hostages were released as Ronald Reagan was sworn in as president in January 1981.

UN Rejects Iraq Appeal on Sanctions

UNITED NATIONS, New York (Combined Dispatches) - The Security Council on Monday rebuffed Iraq's repeated calls to relax economic sanctions, saying Beghdad had only partly and selectively complied with demands to destroy its war potential and other resolutions that ended the 1991 Gulf War.

The council president, Andre Erdos, who is Hungary's ambassador, read a lengthy list of infulfilled demands at the opening of a council debate in the presence of Iraq's deputy prime minister, Tariq Aziz, and Foreign Minister Mohammed Said Sahhaf.

Iracign minister monanties said sandar.

Iraq requested the lifting of sanctions because, it said, they are causing deaths and disease among vulnerable parts of the population because of the economic embargo. Baghdad has argued that it has met the major conditions and has no incentive to cooperate if the embargo remains indefinitely in effect.

Peru Election Satisfies U.S. Officials

LIMA (NYT) - U.S. officials extended somewhat of an olive branch Monday to Peru, announcing that Sunday's congressional elections, in which President Alberto Fujimon appears to have won a majority of the seats, were free of any serious voter fraud and represented a significant step in the country's return to democracy.

However, the officials stopped short of predicting when more than \$120 million in U.S. economic aid would be released, saying that will depend on how autonomous the new Congress is and whether Peru will be able to improve its record on human rights.

able to improve its record on human rights.

"We were very well received," said Luigi Einaudi, the U.S. delegate to the Organization of American States. "We did not see hostility. We were met at times with spontaneous applause. In general, the voting was carried out satisfactorily." Mr. Einaudi was part of a delegation of OAS, envoys that visited 14 voting sites around Lima. The organization stationed 250 observers around the country to monitor the elections.

China Optimistic About Yeltsin Visit

BELIING (AP) - Prime Minister Li Peng of China told a Russian official Monday that China believes President Boxis N. Yeltsin's coming visit to Beijing will improve bilateral relations, an official report said.

Mr. Yeltsin plans to travel to Beijing in mid-December for his first visit to China since the collapse of the former Soviet Union, which left China. as the world's only Communist power. The state-run Xinhua press agency-said Mr. Li discussed the importance of Mr. Yeltsin's visit with Alexander N. Shokhin, a Russian deputy prime minister.

Gunmen Rob UN Plane in Somalia

MOGADISHU, Somalia (AP) — Gunmen boarded a United Nations airplane in the southern port of Kismayu on Monday and robbed the passengers and crew, an aid official said, while aid workers in Mogadism

were temporarily pinned down by a street battle.

The confrontations underlined the difficulties faced by international relief agencies trying to feed the starving people in this chaotic, fractured nation. Central authority collapsed with the overthrow of President Mohammed Siad Barre in January 1991.

The gnumen boarded the small passenger plane carrying four relief workers, an Indian journalist and two crew members from Mogadishu to Nairobi when it landed in Kismayn to pick up three Unicef staffers. The gnumen grabbed all luggage, valuables and passports and then let the plane leave, a Unicef spokesman said. In Mogadishu, a gun battle empted in front of Unicef's offices between two clans fighting over a vehicle.

Kabul Says It's Out of Food and Fuel

KABUL (Reuters) - The Aighan government has run out of food and fuel and will have as blens feeding people throughout the long harsh winter, Minister for Food Supply Suleiman Yani said on Monday. The first snow fell in the capital this week.

There is no food and fuel in government depots, and we are facing problems," Mr. Yari added. The Islamic government in Kabul has used

and diesel from outside sources.

Saboteurs cut electricity lines to the capital four days ago, further aggravating the difficulties, officials said.

Australia Allows Gays in the Military

SYDNEY (Reuters) — After months of debate, the Australian government on Monday lifted a ban on homosexuals in the armed forces, a spokesman for Prime Minister Paul Keating said.

A late-night cabinet meeting settled the issue, over which Attorney General Michael Duffy and Defense Minister Robert Ray had been divided. Mr. Duffy advocated lifting the ban on human rights grounds, but Mr. Ray asserted that to do so could threaten cohesion and morale in the military.

the military.

Service chiefs also were vehemently against letting homosexuals serve. A cabinet meeting in June reaffirmed the ban and endorsed military policy that homosexual behavior would result in dismissal from the anned forces. But a Labor committee appointed to review whether the ban violated party policy and human rights covenants recommended in September by a 4-to-2 vote that the prohibition be lifted.

TRAVEL UPDATE

A 24-hour strike by Air France ground workers and crews disrupted traffic on medium and long-haul flights Monday. Air France said it could operate one flight in three on medium-length routes and seven or eight flights out of 10 on long-haul journeys.

A strike of Paris subway motormen eased off on its flifth day Monday as unions voted on an agreement reached last week with the public transport authority. The text said that the unions would agree to suspend the strike in return for a promise to resume talks from February.

(AFP)

Hungarian rail workers haited train traffic for two hours early Monday to press their demands for higher pay and job security, the MTI news agency reported from Budapest.

Workers on London's Underground rail network called off a strike due to start Tuesday while labor talks continued. The Underground had said it planned to cut more than 5,000 jobs.

Foreigners in Singapore seeking unskilled and semiskilled jobs must undergo an AIDS test, the government announced Monday.

(AFP)

Britain has strengthened protection for package vacationers. Draft regulations on Monday increased the obligation on travel retailers to provide financial cover in case of bankruptcy. The regulations must be approved by Parliament in time for them to come into force by Dec. 31 under a European Community directive.

(Bloomberg) under a European Community directive.



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TRANSITION / PRAGMATISM TO

Macro to Micro, Clinton Team Views the Economy From Ground Level

By Steven Pearlstein

Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — The election of Bill Clinton represented not only a repudiation of the Bush administration's economic policies, but also something of a snub to economists.

When Mr. Clinton was a candidate, his inner circle of economic advisers included two lawyers, a business consultant, a professor of urban planning, two investment bankers, a speechwriting policy analyst, two journalists and the vice president of a Washington research center—but no certified economists.

For a decade or more this group had been writing and thinking about the U.S. economy's long-term decline, only to be dismissed by large segments of the economics profession as historians, sociologists or, even worse, pamphleteers. By focusing on American management's fail-ings and the need for government industrial policy, they ran afoul of the widely held belief

among economists that tinkering with government policies and corporate management practices will not improve the overall economy. These haby boomers now are preparing to chart a new economic future for the United States. Their ascendancy represents a genera-tional shift that will expand the economic debate to ground-level microeconomic concerns,

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encompassing macroeconomic issues, such as money supply and currency values. "For years, much of the profession had contempt for them," said Richard Nelson, an econ-

such as training, technological innovation and

improved management techniques, from all-

omist and professor of international and public affairs at Columbia University in New York.

"George Bush has been pulling furiously at was an affairs at Columbia University in New York."

"George Bush has been pulling furiously at was an affairs at Columbia University in New York." "Now I suspect you're going to get a bit of a

Clinton aides acknowledge the turnabout but said the transition process had begun to reach

out to licensed practitioners.
"Some of our best friends are economists,"
said Derek Shearer, an urban studies professor

NEWS ANALYSIS

at Occidental College in Los Angeles and a charter member of Mr. Clinton's economic brain trust

Others say that the Clinton team is kneedeep in discussions of macroeconomic issues, such as tax cuts or public works programs that add funds to the economy and increase demand for goods and services.

"It's not like we have some theological belief that macroeconomics don't matter," said Robert Shapiro, a top Clinton adviser with a doctorate in political economy and a resume that includes jobs as a journalist and head of a Washington research center. "Of course they do. They just don't tell the whole story."

The problem, Mr. Shapiro said, is that the once tried-and-true macroeconomic techniques of fixing the economy — lowering interest rates, increasing federal spending, manipulating the dollar's value - have become ineffective at a time when investment capital flows freely across borders and global competition is insaid. "The problem is that they no longer

It is how they think of the economy, not what they think, that distinguish the microeconomists from macroeconomists who have dominated the economic debate for a generation. The new focus is on regaining long-term competitive advantage over Germany, Japan and other economic superpowers. They reason from expenence to theones, not the other way

In terms of policy prescriptions, the members of the Clinton economic team are less consistently liberal or conservative than they are pragmanic. They propose that government in-tervene more in the operations of the economy. but they also propose to bring more business discipline to the operation of government, which has a \$300 billion budget deficit.

Mr. Clinton said he learned his economics lessons as a governor trying to implement a development strategy for his poor, rural state. When Mr. Clinton thinks about economic

policy, his aides said, it is usually in the context of helping specific industries deal with the cold winds of international competition or providing growing companies with the capital, employees and technologies that they require.

"People involved in economic development

find the economics profession useless, and I suspect the feeling is mutual," said David Osborne, a journalist who has studied economic initiatives in Arkansas and elsewhere and who was an informal adviser to the Clinton cam-

Last month, for example, Mr. Clinton met with his advisers past midnight before stating his position on the proposed free-trade agreement with Mexico and Canada. According to several participants, the lone economist present proposed to frame the issue in terms of the salutary effects of free trade on the nation's gross domestic product and closer coordination among the industrial nations.

But Mr. Clinton was worried as much about the parts of the proposed agreement as the whole. He ordered his staff to calculate the impact of the treaty on every industry and draw up policies to help any that would be disadvan-

Heading up the president-elect's economic transition team is Rubert B. Reich, a lawyer who, despite his prolific writing on economic competition has never received a permanent faculty appointment at Harvard University's Kennedy School of Government. The reason: He holds no doctorate.

A decade ago, Mr. Reich and another top Clinton adviser, Ira Magaziner, wrote a book about the decline of U.S. industry that began with a sweeping critique of the traditional eco-nomic analysis that often led companies and governments to make wrong decisions.

At the time, most economists had concluded that the United States suffered primarily from a lack of investment capital necessary to modernize plants, launch new products and companies and finance research and development. Mr. Magaziner and Mr. Reich argued that the prob-lem was not so much with the overall level of investment, but rather the unproductive ways

in which so much of the capital was invested The problem with the theoretical models used by most macroeconomists, they say, is that they are based on a number of faulty assump-

• That all business executives were equally rational, competent and greedy - "profit-max-

That companies and government agencies had no real bearing on the "output" of a nation-

 That innovation and technological advances were irrelevant — "exogenous events" — because the impact could not be quantified.

The assumptions, however, ran counter to what Mr. Reich and Mr. Magaziner found in their own experiences - Mr. Reich as director of policy planning at the Federal Trade Commission; Mr. Magaziner as a consultant for some of the largest U.S. companies and several

By the late 1970s both men had come to the conclusion that much of what ailed the U.S. economy stemmed from bad corporate management or misguided government policies and that technology was a key factor in economic competition between countries.

That put them in direct conflict with the central tener of economic thinking in the Rea-gan era, namely that a free and unfettered

the best guarantor of economic growth and efficiency.

Since then a group of younger economists has begun to challenge this free-market ortho-

Paul Krugman, 39, a economist at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and a Clinton campaign adviser, said, "For people in their fifties, the cutting edge of economics was to show how markets were perfect. For people in their thirties, the cutting-edge work is now in showing how markets are imperfect."

The political implication of these findings was unmistakable: If markets are imperfect, then there might be a constructive role for government in the management of the economy. It was precisely the same conclusion that Mr. Clinton and his array of unlicensed advisers had come to by different routes.

But despite this fundamental agreement, the licensed and unlicensed practitioners continue; to view each other warily.

Robert Solow, the Nobel Prize-winning economist who helped organize economists in support of Mr. Clinton, has said that "the translation of the Clinton program into numbers has yet to be dooe."

George Perry, a Brookings Institution economist and Clinton backer, said he worried that too much of the Clinton economic analysis: sounds like convincing "cocktail party lines."

Bob Reich is an unaginative thinker, but you need serious economic analysis to make gan era, namely that a free and unfettered sure that when you are designing specific poli-marketplace corrects for its own excesses and is cies, you get what you're after," he said,

Senator, Apologizing, Won't Quit

WASHINGTON - Senator Bob Packwood of Oregon apologized, but he will not consider resigning over allegations by a number of women with whom he worked that he had made unwelcome sexual advances toward them.

In a statement, Mr. Packwood said, "If any of my comments or actions have indeed been unwelcome or if I have conducted myself in any way that has caused any individual discomfort or embarrassment, for that I am sincerely sorry." His chief of staff, Elaine Franklin, said be had no intention of resigning. Mr. Packwood, a Republican, was reelected Nov. 3 after a hard campaign against Representative Les AuCoin, a Democrat.

Two of the women who made allegations of unwelcome advances said they were not satisfied with

Mr. Packwood's apology.
"It's a spin-control thing," said Julie Williamson,
a political consultant who said the senator had kissed and grabbed her in 1969 when they were in his Senate office in Portland. She said she thought Mr. Packwood was now mostly concerned with minimizing the political fallout. Mary Heffernan, executive director of the Woman's Foundation of Oregon, said she would "encourage the senator to look deeply into his own behavior, and tell the cruzens of Oregon

what he is going to do about it."

Mr. AuCoin said: "I feel a great sense of sorrow for the tragedy in the lives of 10 women and perhaps others. In the end, it is their courage in stepping forward to where none have been prepared to go, which writes a new chapter in the history of equality

and hopefully of ethics in the United States Senate." The Oregon Democratic Party may ask the Senate ethics committee to investigate the matter, said Paddy McGuire, a former executive director of the state

Clinton's Ecology-Economy Link

WASHINGTON --- President-elect Bill Clinton is prepared to give the Department of Energy a strong role in his effort to make industry more efficient and reduce environmental damage, transition advisers say.

Those working on the plans say they reflect Mr. Cimton's desire to transform a bureancracy that was largely involved with designing and building miclear weapons during the Reagan-Bush years. New emphasis would be placed on integrating environmen-

tal objectives into economic policy.

The blueprint being put together by industry executives as well as by staff members close to Mr. Clinton and Vice President-clect Al Gore conforms with the promises Mr. Clinton made during the campaign. He said he wanted to wean the nation from its reliance on coal and oil by converting to cleaner, less costly alternatives such as natural gas, using tax incentives and research money to encourage development of renewable resources and expanding the U.S. share of the global market for pollution-control equipment and services. (NYT).

Arkansas-Washington Price Cap

WASHINGTON - Arkensas aides who plan to move with President-elect Bill Clinton to Washington had better take a deep breath.



Bill Clinton with Jesse Jackson after a church service in Little Rock. The men then met at the Arkansas governor's mansion, discussing the transition and the new administration's priorities.

JERSEY . HONG KONG .

A four-bedroom house that goes for \$180,000 in fashionable western Little Rock goes for about \$600,000 in Washington's Foxhall Village and from \$450,000 to \$500,000 in suhurban Bethesda, Maryland, and McLean, Virginia. So says Runzheimo International, a management consulting firm, which also pegs annual living costs at \$22,000 more in Washington than in Little Rock for a homeowner

"I imagine most people will end up buying condos

or renting until they adjust to the prices," said a realtor in Alexandria, Virginia. (LAT)

Quote-Unquote:

Luc Salomoa, an unemployed Haitian hoping to emigrate to the United States: "As far as I am concerned, after the good Lord comes Bill Clinton, and as soon as Bill Clinton is sworn in, you'll see me

Clinton Stumps in Georgia For Senator in Runoff Race

MACON, Georgia - President-

elect Bill Clinton campaigned Monday for Senator Wyche Fowler care crisis, to move the economy Jr., who is in a tight runoff race, saying he needs the Democrat's gether." help to overcome Republican opposition in the Senate and "break this gridlock in Washington." Mr. Clinton spoke to about 2,000

people from the lawn of Macon's city hall. "I have offered my hand in friendship to the opposition in Washington," he said, "and do you know what they are saying about this race? If you beat Wyche Fowler, it will be easier to block everything President-elect Clinton is trying to do.' I don't think we want block, we want action."

A victory by Mr. Fowler in Tuesday's voting would be likely to give the Democrats a net gain of one seat in the next Senate, for a 58-42

advantage.

Mr. Fowler's challenger, Paul D.

Coverdell, a former director of the Peace Corps, brought in such influential Republicans as the Senate minority leader, Bob Dole of Kan-

Mr. Clinton urged Georgia residents to "show up tomorrow and vote and re-elect Wyche Fowler,

not for me, not for him, not for the Democratic Party, but for you -to. end the gridlock, solve the health



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Away From Politics

Opposed to the ordination of women, Donald Davies, the retired Episcopal bishop of Fort Worth, said he has broken with the 2.45 million-member church and will head the new "Episcopal Mission-ary Church," which he said was made up of former Episcopalians who oppose "increasing liberalism and secularism of the Anglican

 Detroit police officers may be issued such weapons as tear gas or sum guns, in addition to pistols, following the death of a motorist allegedly beaten by the police. The department is seeking noulethal options for officers in tight spots.

 A navigation satellite, the 16th in a series, was launched from Cape Canaveral, Florida. The air force eventually wants to have 24 advanced navigation spacecraft orbiting 12,500 miles (20,265 kilo-

Immigration officials deported to Mexico two high school students in Omaha, Nebraska, saying that the teenagers were illegally in the

 A terrorist-proof gate made for the Canadian Embassy in Washington at a cost of \$100,000 is being sold for scrap. The computer-controlled, stainless-steel portal broke in 1989 after two weeks of use because it was poorly designed and was ton heavy. Repairs would have run \$60,000, so the embassy has decided to buy a lighter model

Weekend tornadoes raked across the South and northward into Ohio and Indiana, killing at least 25 people, smashing houses and tearing a church steeple loose during Sunday services. Among the hardest hit areas was Brandon, Mississippi, where 10 people died, 6

· A moderate earthquake rattled Puerto Rico but no injuries or significant damage was reported. The U.S. Geological Survey said a temblor measuring 4.8 on the Richter scale struck an area whose center was 65 miles (105 kilometers) west-northwest of San Juan. AP.

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Who's on Clinton's List? No One and Everyone

By Gwen Ifill New York Times Service
WASHINGTON - Sam Nunn, Lloyd Bentsen and Bill Bradley are all prominent pieces in Washington's favorite puzzle these days,

and it is not necessarily because they are all senators. They are on The List, an everlengthening compilation of names of people who are rumored to be

under consideration to join Presi-dent-elect Bill Clinton's cabinet. "A lot of it is campaigning," said one Clinton aide who is watching the confusion with an amused eye "A name gets into play, and unless it's knocked down — which is not possible to do -it remains in play. So a very savvy politician will find a way to get his name mentioned. And since our rule is not to talk about personalities, no one will

knock it down." Clinton aides insist that the discussion of names for possible ap-pointment is held in a very closed loop" that includes Mr. Clinton; his wife, Hillary: Vice President-elect Al Gore; Warren M. Christopher, the transition director, and

Bruce Lindsey, a Clinton adviser. But those claims do nothing to blimt the growth of the rumor mill, which flourishes with little nourish-

Thousands of resumes have poured into Little Rock, Arkansas, and into the offices of Mr. Christopher and Vernon E. Jordan Jr., the transition chairman.
"But if you're really serious, you

On another level, some of the ferment over appointments has ap-proached the border of absurdity. By one count, for example, almost every prominent New Jersey polin-cian is on the way to Mr. Clinton's

In Texas, the frenzy is just as spirited as Mr. Bentsen's name continues to surface as a cabinet prospect. Senator Bob Graham and Lieutenant Governor Buddy Mc-Kay, both of Florida, are also men-

Part of the reason the rumor mill keeps so well oiled is because of the nature of the secretive process the Clinton transition team has set in motion for picking the top 27 jobs, consisting of the cabinet posts and other senior positions.

"We're trying to reach out to public officials and to different organizations and groups to try to get suggestions of people who may not be obvious to us at first blush," Mr. Lindsey said. "But we're simply net

Mr. Christopher has followed a deliberate process similar to the one Mr. Chinton used to keep a tight lid on information about whom he would select as his running mate.

"I don't think there are any front-runners, back-runners or anything like that," said George Stephanopoulos, the campaign's communications director.

"Start with the premise that only two people know who's on the short list, if there is one," said one don't need paper," a Clinton aide said. "It's all done without traces or Capitol Hill aide whose boss has been mentioned. "And their last names are both Clinton.





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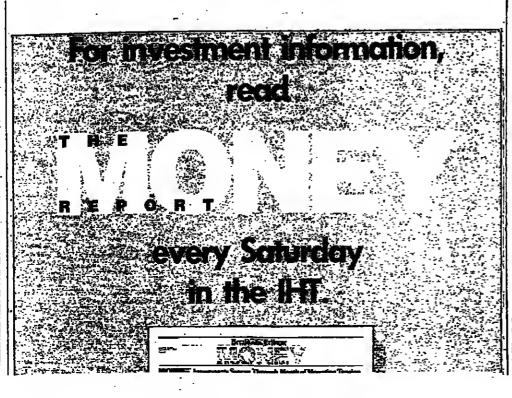
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Hanoi Brings Out an Old Weapon to Nudge U.S.

By Philip Shenon New York Times Service

HO CHI MINH CITY - A generation ago, the Victnamese learned how American public opinion could belp

Now they are trying to apply that lesson in reviving a peacetime economy that remains among the most backward in Asia, backward in no small part because of a 17year embargo that is one of the last vestiges of the Vietnam

The Vietnamese want the embargo lifted. And this time, on the battlefield of public relations, Hanoi enjoys the support of former adversaries in the U.S. government and business establishment; many there think it is time to normalize relations. This time, Hanoi's leaders know, it is elements of the U.S. public that must be persuaded.

The Vietnamese say their decision last month to open up war museums and military archives to inspection by the U.S. government was entirely a humanitarian gesture intended to help the Defense Department determine what happened to 2,265 Americans still unaccounted for in

But as they met with a delegation of senators and Pentagon officials who traveled to Vietnam recently to discuss the search for the missing. Vietnamese leaders pressed hard for the Americans to urge President George Bush to lift the trade embargo before he leaves the White House in January.

On the U.S. side, the Bush administration, Congress and American business leaders seem eager, on the basis of Vietnam's opening, to ease the U.S. economic embargo imposed after South Vietnam fell in 1975. In a letter to President Le Duc Anh, Mr. Bush hinted that he would relax the embargo in exchange for continued cooperation.

Senator John F. Kerry, Democrat of Massachusetts, and a Vietnam veteran who is chairman of the Senate Select Committee on POW-MIA Affairs, said he and Senator Thomas A. Daschie, Democrat of South Dakota, and other members of the senatorial mission had received significant cooperation that merited "reciprocity."

We're not talking about normalization, that's further down the road," Mr. Kerry said. 'But there has to be some movement on the embargo. Otherwise this process will U.S. investigators had similar views.

"We're delighted with this new cooperation," said Lieutenant Colonel Jack Donovan, the senior Pentagon inves-

tigator here.
The Vietnamese want to talk and, more important in

American corporations that see Vietnam as the last great untapped business opportunity in Asia, a nation of 70 million people known for their industriousness and high educational standards, and whose labor is as cheap as any on the continent. The average household income in Vietnam is less than \$300 a year.

Boeing wants to sell jets to Vietnam. Citibank wants to do banking. Mobil Oil wants a chance to bid on tracts for offshore oil drilling. All have sent representatives to scout

An end to the embargo would also permit the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund to pour billions of dollars into basic service projects in a nation still largely without telephone service, reliable electricity and paved roads. This month Japan said it would resume development

aid to Vietnam. Business people from Taiwan, Hong Kong, South Korea, Malaysia, Thailand, Australia and France have been investing in Vietnam for years. If the United States does not move quickly to establish diplomatic ties, American business leaders fear, they will

lose the Vietnamese market forever, surrendering a country once thought so important to American interests that the United States went to war over it.

BORDERS: Free Movement for Goods and Services, but Not for People

(Continued from page 1)

in demanding that it dismantle passport controls, even for West Europeans.

In theory, these two issues are unrelated. The agreement to form a single market and to reknown as the Single Act of 1987, while the union treaty concluded last December in the Dutch city of Maastricht was intended to create a single currency by 1999.

In the minds of many Europeans, however, the two processes have become confused, not least because while the Single Act was approved with minimal public attention, the treaty has touched off soul-searching and new doubts about the whole notion of unity.

As a result, the Maastricht debate has been convulsed by issues supposedly settled in 1987. When the Danes rejected and the French only narrowly approved the Maastricht treaty in as this summer, many voters voiced fears of "open borders."

With the fate of the treaty still in doubt, then, the EC is understandably eager to lift its morale

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by trumpeting the arrival of the single market on Jan. I. And except for the unresolved border estion, the Community has achieved most of

Not only will goods, services and money circulate freely among the 340 million residents of the 12 countries, but in the name of ensuring free and fair competition, laws have been adopted to standardize banking laws, quality, controls, industrial emissions and sales taxes, as have measures to control government subsidies

and combat monopolies.

Further, as a step toward the free movement of people citizens of any Community country are already permitted to reside and work any-where in the region after going through pass-

port controls. By 1989, however, it became apparent that the 12 would have difficulty agreeing in time to climinate passport controls completely.

Britain was the first to resist and, because of special agreements between London and Dubin, Ireland was tied to Britain's policy, Soon Denmark also indicated that it had problems

In response, France, Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg signed a sepa-rate agreement in June 1990 to move ahead without waiting for the others. They were later joined by Italy. Spain, Portugal and, this month, Greece. They originally set Jan. 1, 1993, as their deadline for ending passport controls. Even for the nine countries, though, the plan

to remove border controls is on hold. The agreement can enter into force only after miffcation by the original five signatories. France and Luxembourg have ratified the accord; Belgium and the Netherlands may fol-

low suit by Jan. 1. But before Germany can ratify the accord, it must amend its constitution and limit the current right of foreigners to claim refugee status simply by demanding asylum. This issue is bogged down in intense debate between Germany's main political parties.

Interior Ministry officials in Spain, which currently holds the rotating presidency of the group, said the hope was that the agreement could enter into force by mid-1993, with the removal of controls at land borders likely to

Major Starts Tour On Continent to Press EC Growth

LONDON - Prime Minister John Major began a tour of European capitals on Monday, beginning in Brussels, carrying proposals to put European Community economic growth high on the agenda.

Senior British officials said Mr. Major had accepted that prospects of EC-wide growth should be fea-Community leaders in Edinburgh on Dec. 11-12.

Britain wants the summit meeting to make progress on plans to enlarge the Community, better define the principle of "subsidiarity," or decentralizing decision-making, EC financing, and completing the EC-wide single market.

ATTACK: Firebomb Kills 3

(Continued from page 1)

Karl-Heinz Rohn, was drinking at a Wuppertal bar when the skinheads, 18- and 24-year-old members of a neo-Nazi group called the National Front, involved him in a political argument, prosecutors told the German news agency

After Mr. Rohn reportedly called the skinheads "Nazi swine," the bar owner said, "That is a Jew!" Prosecutors said the skinheads then threw Mr. Rohn off his stool, trampled him with their heavy boots, broke nearly all his ribs doused him with schnaps and hit him afire. With help from the bar owner, the skinheads then dragged Mr. Rohn into the bar owner's car, drove him over the nearby border and left him to die.

German prosecutors said that Mr. Rohn was not Jewish. An official at the Central Council of Jews in Germany said that the man had referred to himself as half-Jew-

A spokesman for the Dutch Ministry of Culture told Reuters that the murder of Mr. Rohn "goes be-yond every limit" and is "a very gruesome signal that racism is gain-

Dutch broadcasters and newspapers, often quick to condemn German society, treated the murder as their top story. "This shows how little is 'neo' in 'neo-Nazism," said

the newspaper Het Parool. In Mölin, Berlin and other German cities, several thousand Ger-mans and Turks took to the streets Monday night in silent marches and rowdy protests to show sympa-thy for the victims of the firebombings and anger at the continuing

The post-midnight arson in Mölln elicited a sharply worded statement from the Turkish government, which asserted that Germany had not acted with sufficient force to punish those who attacked

"Those who murdered these innocent Turkish citizens, who lived in this country for many years and contributed to Germany's affluence and progress, have committed a crime against humanity," the

Turkish government said. Although the murder victims had lived in Germany for much or all of their lives, they remained Turkish citizens. Even second- and third-generation Turkish-Germans who have never set foot in Turkey are not eligible to become German citizens without going through a long and complicated naturaliza-

tion process.
Interior Minister Rudolf Seiters called for a ban on far-right politi-Nazi-style groups it considers unconstitutional, but most of the neo-Nazi groups now active in the country are too small, too new or too careful to stay publicly within legal bounds to be banned.

another even as they compete for membership and influence. Although all neo-Nazi leaders dis-avow knowledge of violent attacks, Germany's domestic intelligence agency says the groups have orga-nized a "national commando structure" to coordinate attacks on asylum-seckers and other foreigners.

■ Kohl Talks of 'Disgrace' Chancellor Kohl said on German television: "This is a terrible experience for every law-abiding and decent person in Germany. In and decent person in Germany. In fact, I can say it is a disgrace for our country." Mr. Kohl's speech was reported by Reuters from Mölin.
"I hope the culprits will be apprehended as quickly as possible and face the full force of the law,"

he added. "What has happened here is an act of brutality incomprehensible for humanity. President Richard von Weizsäcker Weizsäcker summoned all

Germans to stand up against violent rightists.
"We Germans have reason for sorrow but not for resignation," he

Thousands of Germans quickly took to the streets to protest xeno-phobia after the attack on Monday, m contrast with most past demonstrations that were organized weeks

in advance by political organiza-tions, Reuters reported from Bonn. About 5,000 people staged a si-lent march in West Berlin, sponsored by the city's 140,000-member Turkish community and local Green Party leaders.

Demonstrators shouted "hypo-crite" when a government official in charge of foreigner affairs spoke to the crowd.

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Are Vandalized in France PARIS — The tombstones Results Results Paris — The tombstones Paris — The tombstones Results Paris — The tombstones Results Results

vandalized at a military cemetery in the eastern French city of Mulhouse, local officials said on Monday.

The Defense Ministry said the incident was an insult to the history of France and to its army. A spokeswoman for the city said the desecrated graves were discovered on Sunday during a ceremony commemorating the town's liberation from German occupation during World War II.

Although Muslim tombstones were kicked over or broken, the graves of 400 Christians and Jews buried in the Vallon cemetery were andamaged, she said. In recent years there have been several incidents of desecration of Jewish cometeries in France, but this was

believed to be the first time Muslim graves had been vandalized. In Rome, meanwhile, the police said Monday that they had foiled an attempt to desecrate a disused Jewish cometery in Naples.

The chance arrival of a police patrol scared off a gang who had begun dismantling scaffolding erected to support three dilapidated tombs in the cemetery, which has not been used for 20 years. The gang left a bottle of gasoline behind:

ORBIT: Demand for Spy Satellites

(Continued from page 1)

Reconnaissance Office at the Pentagon, which develops and operates the nation's surveillance satellites, said that their spread could ease governmental tensions around the globe by substituting realistic appraisals for military speculation.
But he said the United States should pick customers carefully.

"We need to differentiate between the Irans of the world and the South Koreas," Mr. Mark said. 'Any nation that puts a price on the head of an author is not civilized, and our political judgments need to be made in that context."

But William E. Burrows, the anthor of "Deep Black," a book about space espionage, said any sales were "a terrifically bad idea" and could raise the risk of nuclear war.

"Reconnaissance and nuclear missiles go hand in hand," he said. If we sell this stuff, we'll enable the buyer or anybody who deals with them to do precise targeting. It doesn't have to be a ballistic missile or an atomic bomb to be a dangerous weapon.

Federal officials in the departments of State, Commerce and Defense, as well as the nation's intellipreters.

gence agencies, are said to be such sales.

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But a U.S. recommaissance expert said he sensed that influential elements of the bureancracy were leaning toward approval: "It's go-ing to be pitched in Clinton's lap," the expert added. "It's a big deal that needs to be looked at very

Today only the United States, Russia and China have reconnaissance satellites, with all these nations striving to keep the placement and exact power secret so rivals are less likely to be able to evade espionage. The best U.S. satellites are said to be able to see objects as small as a baseball, although such claims have been disputed.

Nations now trying to develop such craft are said to include France Britain, Italy, Spain, Israel and India. But building from scratch can be enormously expensive. Experts say it can cost several billion dollars to establish a lannching site, build rockets, develop the spacecraft, construct a ground control network, buy the necessary computers and software

BEARS: Polarization in Canada

grain to Europe, would be another Cape Churchill, about 30 miles

(45 kilometers) east of town, is the staging point for the bears' winter

Forced off the Hudson Bay ice by the spring melt and thus denied their staple food, the bears now body weight is down by a third. By instinct, they know that cold

weather means freeze up time, and Bear News. hegal bounds to be banned.

Neo-Nazi leaders say their groups cooperate loosely with one another even as they compete for membership and influence. At the University of Mon-Brouzes or one of his five Manitolia. tana, who since the mid-1960s has been coming here to study Ursus maritimus, as the polar bear is clas-

> Bears choose Cape Churchill, he said, because fresh water flowing from the mouth of the Churchill River, site of the town, freezes first. The prevailing winds push that ice toward the cape.

While they are waiting around for the ice to freeze, the hundreds

of bears that have trudged in from the denning area of lakes and forest to the south and west not only keep Mr. Brouzes busy in his failhouse and the Allens on guard at home, but also raise the general level of repidation.
"Polar Bear Alert," signs warn.

"Don't Walk In This Area." If you must, you are urged to peer cantionsly around corners and always have eaten little for months. Their look behind. Polar bears that hunt and kill do not give warning? writes Lance Olsen, a reporter for

> Department of Natural Resource deputies out with a rifle that shoots tranquilizing pellets. Once come tose, the animal is hauled off to jaid In 1984 on Kelsey Specia Churchill's street, a polar bear killed an partly ate a man. Since then dien

have been at least three manlings though none of the victims have been tourists. Several days ago, a bear ate a

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For Israeli Army Accidental Deaths of Soldiers on the Defensive A Sensitive Time

By Clyde Haberman

New York Times Service
JERUSALEM — The Israeli Army has stumbled badly in the last few weeks, with top generals finding themselves caught up in a whirl of blunder, scandal and death. The trouble began Nov. 5 when five young soldiers from a special unit were killed by a missile that had been mistakenly fired during an exercise at the Tseelim train-

ing grounds in the Negev.
An inquiry board found neglisence and faulty planning, and recommended that charges be brought against several officers, including the major general who had directed the exercise, Amiram Levine.

The accident touched a raw nerve. It was the latest in a succession of well-publicized accidents that have claimed the lives of 32 soldiers this year. Many parents are asking if it is safe to send their children to the army.

General Levine acknowledged the problem, telling the family of one of the dead men, "You have all the right to be angry with us, for we have not been smart enough to prevent this death."

Paradoxically, the army said that its safety record was better than ever and that the number of accidenial deaths was half of what it was a decade ago. But the public perception is different, and the reason may lay with the censors. "In the past, these things were

Goodman, editor in chief of The Jerusalem Report magazine and a former writer on military matters. "The censor now isn't as efficient as he used to be, and military correspondents aren't as much a part of the network as before."

And the Israeli Army is not as sacrosanci as it once was. The 1973 Middle East War, which caught the high command flat-footed, inflicted damage on the army's reputation. So did the unpopular war in Lebanon in 1982 and the relentless grind of the last five years of a

Palestinian uprising.
Last week, Lieutenant General Ehud Barak, the armed forces chief of staff, endured an almost unheard-of barrage of criticism when he appeared before a parliamenta-ry panel examining the disaster. The army had hidden the fact that he himself had witnessed the

deaths of the special-unit soldiers. Adding to the air of scandal was a disclosure that still another senior officer had been implicated, a major general in a position so sensitive that the censor ordered newspapers not to publish his name. That touched off press charges that the censor had abused his powers to protect a high-ranking officer.

By this weekend, it had become too much for Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin. He accused the press and politicians of handling the affair "in a way that borders on hysteria," and said it was time for never published," said Hirsh everyone to keep quiet.

Jordan's King Warns Fundamentalists

By Youssef M. Ibrahim New York Times Service

AMMAN - King Hussein, who recently distanced his regime from that of neighboring Iraq, opened a new domestic front Monday with a lough warning to Islamic fundamentalists, whom he accused of seeking power through subversion and in collaboration with Iranian and Sudanese authorities.

"I wish to affirm our determination to stand up to those elements that seek to impair our country's image and take us back to the past," the king said in a national address.
"And if they overstep the limits at which they
ought to draw the line, they will be faced with all that is necessary to protect democracy and ensure that they are stopped in their tracks and redirected to the proper path."

The king made the speech a few days after be amnestied four Islamic fundamentalisi leaders, including two members of the National Assembly who were given 20-year sentences for receiving funds and weapons from Iran and seeking to form an armed Islamic militia with the goal of overthrowing the

While the amnesty of the conspirators last week was seen by many Jordanians as seri-

ously diluting the impact of the sentence handed only three days before, the speech Monday left little doubt that in the gradual process of democratization he unleashed in 1989 with free parliamentary elections, the king is clearly opposed to any groups, most particularly fundamentalists, that use violence and intimidation to advance their

It also indicated that the process of democratization was one that will be tightly controlled by the king. "Some have lost the distinction between democracy and totalitarianism while others

have stumbled and lost their vision." the king In a clear allusion to Iran and Sudan, but also to Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, the king noted that Jordan would oppose any interference "under any guise or pretext, whether it

be in the name of concern for the nation or

Palestine or justice or man."
He reaffirmed his commitment to enter peace talks with Israel, a move that is rejected by fundamentalists among the Jordanians and the Palestinian population of Jordan alike, but supported by secularists and mod-erate Palestinians.

"We have declared that we are joining the battle for peace, democracy, and construc-tion on the basis of an independent Jordanian position." the king said, explaining that Jordan has bilateral matters to discuss with Israel that are not tied to the concerns of Syria, Lebanon or the Palestinians.

The king also used the occasion of a graduation party for military officers to criticize Arab Gulf regimes that continue to spurn Jordan and have rebuffed his repeated signals to mend fences. The latest was rejected last week by Saudi Arabia, which demanded that the king openly "apologize" for his support of Iraq before it can discuss a reconciliation meeting with King Fahd.

He said that instead of dwelling on the past. Atab countries should address major ills in their societies including "cumulative problems of social backwardness," undoubtedly a jah directed at Saudi Arabia and the very conservative and closed Arab societies of Kuwait and Qatar.

The occasion was also the first time the king told Jordanians that be favors pluralism and democracy and the free choice by people of their leadership.

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Syria Presses Beirut for Political Change

By Ihsan A. Hijazi

New York Times Service BEIRUT - Syria says that it will not withdraw its troops from Lebanon until this country completes promised political changes. including the scrapping of the 49-year-old system of distributing government posts along religious

The redeployment of the Syrian Army in Lebanon is contingent on the implementation of reforms pro-

vided for under the Taif pact," Vice President Abdel Halim Khaddam of Syria said in a statement published in Beirut on Sunday. "The cancellation of the confessional formula is the most important part of the reforms."

The Tail agreement, named for the Saudi city where it was reached in 1989, was an important element in ending Lebanon's civil war. It called for parliamentary parity be-tween Muslims and Christians and

of the top posts in the Lebanese government, increasing the importance of the prime minister at the expense of the president. But it preserved a system that reserved the presidency for a Maronite Catholic and the prime minister's post for a Sunni Muslim.

Mr. Khaddam's remarks came as Lebanon marked the anniversary of its independence from France in 1943, but for the 16th consecutive year the observances tonk place with the Syrian Army in control of large parts of the country. In speeches marking the anniversary. neither President Elias Hrawi nor other leaders made a reference to evacuating 35,000 Syrian troops from Beirut and other areas.

The defense minister of Lebaon, Mohsen Dalloul, known for riendship with Damascus, said in an interview on local radio Friday formed such a committee.

ployment is tantamount to treason at a time Israel continues to occurv Lebanese territory," He was alluding to the strip of southern Lebanon that Israel carved out north of its border seven years ago as a buffer against incursions by guerrillas.

Under the Taif pact, Syria is supposed to pull its forces back to the Bekaa region in eastern Lebanon two years after political reforms have been carried out, and some leaders of Christian groups steadfastly opposed to Syrian involvement have called on Syria to withdraw on the basis of a partial implementation of the changes.

But the Taif pact specified that parliament set up a special committee to eliminate the system of allocation of governmental posts by religion. A new legislature was elected in August but has not yet

Israel Opens Tunnel to West Bank

JERUSALEM — Israel opened its first road numel Monday to speed Jewish settlers past Arab villages in the occupied West Bank rom Jerusalem to Hebron.

The road was started under the revious rightist Likud government but is being continued by the Labor administration of Yitzhak Rabin. whose pledge to freeze Jewish setilements does not apply to areas around Jerusalem.

The 265-meter (870-foot) long for the road that will slice for 9 kilometers (5.5 miles) through the Judean hills and bypass Bethlehem. The road will cost up to 100 million shekels (\$40 million).

A second, 900-meter, tunnel next year and a bridge will let Jews living in the Etzion bloc settlements skirt Palestinian villages and the refugee camp near Bethlehem.

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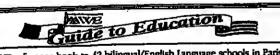


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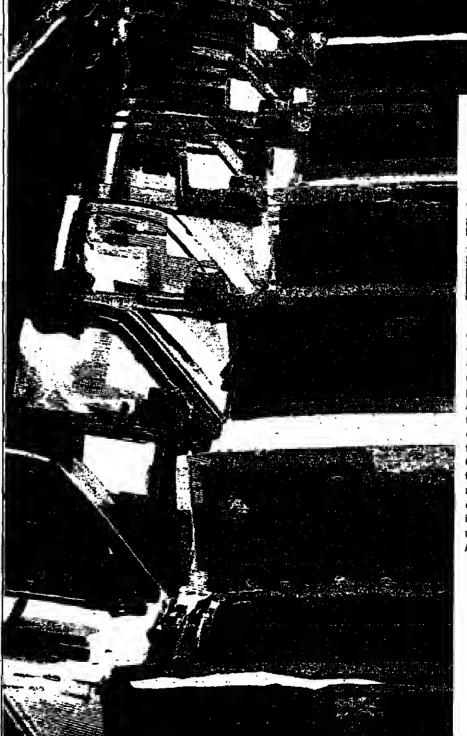
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HONG KONG - China will never accept efforts by Governor Chris Patten to introduce more democracy to the colony before it reverts to Chinese rule in 1997, Prime Minister Li Peng of China said Monday.

"This is a matter of principle,"
Mr. Li told a pro-China Hoog Kong delegation in Beijing, the state-run Xinhua press agency re-

The Chinese government will Hever compromise or make any concession on matters of principle," he said.

This is the first time a high-ranking Chinese has personally attacked Mr. Patten's proposals. made Oct. 7, to broaden the fran-shise for 1995 Legislative Council

Previous attacks on the governor and his supporters have come mainly from the State Council's Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Of-Fice and from Beijing-controlled newspapers in the colony.

The prime minister said it was up

of Britain to abide by the Chinese-British Joint Declaration, the Hong Kong Basic Law and "understandings" between London and Beijing on Hong Kong's return to China. The 1984 declaration spells out the hilateral guidelines for Hong Kong's turnover, while the Basic Law is a local constitution for post-1997 Hong Kong.



FAREWELL TO SUBIC BAY — U.S. servicemen and their families preparing Monday to leave the Subic Bay Naval Station in the Philippines. All the Americans were to have left by Tuesday, ending nearly a century of U.S. military presence in the country.

Roy Acuff, Star of Grand Ole Opry, Dies at 89

NASHVILLE. Tennessee -Roy Acuff. 89. known as 'the king of country music," died of congestive heart failure Monday in Nash-

Mr. Acuff, a singer and fiddle player, joined the Grand Ole Opry in 1938 and became the greatest star in the history of the long-running country music show.

In the 1940s, Mr. Acuff was so popular that he was nominated for Tennessee governor and his fame was such that Japanese troops in-sulted him during World War II, shouting during one attack, "To hell with Roosevelt, to hell with

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Over the years, he sold more han 25 million records with hits such as "Wreck on the Highway."
"Fireball Mail." "Night Train to Memphis," "Low and Lonely" and "Pins and Needles."

He was best known for two hits

recorded early in his career, "The Wabash Cannonball" and "The Great Speckled Bird."

But his enduring acclaim result-

ed from his longtime appearances on the Grand Ole Opry, where he performed nearly every Friday and

Saturday night with his band, "The

While country music gradually

took on the trappings of rock mu-sic, he stuck with his traditional

style. His band normally consisted

of fiddles, dobros, acoustic guitars, pianos and harmonicas.

Smoky Mountain Boys."

Victor Dubinin, 49, Russian Chief of Staff

MOSCOW (Reuters) — Colonel General Victor Duhinin, 49, head of the Russian general staff, died in Moscow on Monday "after a long illness," a Defense Ministry spokesman said.

the Afghan campaign, was ap-pointed in June soon after the Russian Defense Ministry was formed following the collapse of the Soviet Union late last year. He had served for two years as

commander of Soviet forces in Poland at the time when Soviet units began their now-completed withdrawal. In March, he disclosed that the Soviet Union had been ready to invade Poland in December 1981 to crush the independent Solidarity movement. The general said that only the imposition of martial law on Dec. 13, 1981, stopped Soviet

Sir John Summerson, 87, a Brit-ish architectural historian, died Nov. 10 in London of poeumonia, complicated by Parkinson's disease and eniphysema.

Kaysone Phomyihane, 71, president of Laos and a guerrilla veteran who commanded the Communis takeover of his nation in 1975 and ruled as its dictator ever since, died of an unspecified illness Saturday. Severino Gazzelloni, 73, an Ital-

Filipinos Rebuff Lee of Singapore

MANILA — Philippine senators criticized former Prime Minister

Lee Kuan Yew of Singapore on Monday for suggesting that the Philippines should have less denocracy and more discipline. They said his statement would

encourage a return to a dictatorship like that of the late Ferdinand E. Marcos.

Mr. Lee, addressing an annual our coun husiness conference in Manila on tor said.

Wednesday, said that a country needed "more discipline and less democracy" to develop its econo-my and that the Philippines U.S.style government produced a "gridlock" in decision-making.
In a speech in the Senate, Sena-

for Francisco Tatad said Mr. Lee's statement must not be left unchallenged. "What he is saying is that all our effort in rejecting the dictatorship and restoring democracy in our country is nothing," the senacompositions from composers such as Pierre Boulez and Igor Stravin-sky, died Saturday in Cassino, Italy, of a hrain tumor. He was princi-pal flutist with the RAI symphony

Seoul Question: Which Kim?

Rivals in Democracy Now Contest Presidency

By T. R. Reid

SEOUL - A man named Kim will be elected president of South Korea next month - that much seems fairly certain. But the people of this newly democratic country get to pick which Kim, and for that purpose the 1992 campaign officially opened this past weekend.

The two candidates considered to be leading the pack are Kim Young Sam of the ruling Democratic Liberal Party and Kim Dae Jung of the United People's Party, the chief opposition party. There are several other candidates running, but those known as the "two Kims" are expected to emerge on top Dec.

business magnate. Chung Ju Yung, founder of the giant Hyundai conglomerate, who started his own party this year. The party did surprisingly well in last spring's parliamentary elections. Mr. Chung, in essence, is playing the role Ross Perot

The best known of the smaller-party candidates is a

played in the U.S. election, arguing that voters should reject "the political culture." Last spring. Mr. Chung looked like a serious con-tender for the presidency. Shortly after be entered the

race, the government hit him, his family, and the company he founded with a huge tax audit, winning him considerable sympathy. But the tax case has been dropped, and voters seem less willing to take a chance on Mr. Chung now that voting day is getting close. It is a testament to how far South Korea has come

that the "two Kims" could be serious contenders. Both spent most of their adult lives battling for democracy against the strongmen who ran the country until 1987.

Kim Young Sam, 64, the nominee of the governing party, has spent years in prison or under house arrest hecause of his opposition to former presidents. He once was attacked with acid by a secret police agent for challenging the authoritarian rule of President Park Chung Hee.

Kim Dae Jung. 77, had even rougher going as a champion of democracy. He was kidnapped by the secret police in 1974, jailed, and sentenced to death for various "crimes." mainly for planning to run in ao election against Mr. Park. Strong intervention from Washington headed off the execution, but Mr. Kim faced continued harassment and became a national symbol of the long struggle for democracy.

Now the two freedom lighters are battling one

another in a free election. There are some issues, particularly how to get the economy growing again at the high rates of the late 1980s, and how to deal with North Korea.

The higgest trove of votes will come from Seoul and nearby cities, where campaigners are expected to concentrate. The candidates got started this weekend with noisy, carefully organized street railies and a burst of newspaper udvertising.

Kim Young Sam's governing party set up a direct telephone line for voters to call with complaints, questions, or suggestions. The phone number is 0303, which is pronounced "Young Sam, Young Sam."

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A crowd watching Monday as a Coca-Cola vending machine set aftre by protesting farmers burned in Besançon, in eastern France.

Taxpayers to Pay Windsor Fire Repair

LONDON - Brushing aside scattered protests from opposition legislators, the government confirmed Monday that it would pay for repairing fire damage at Windsor

"Resources will he provided to restore this most precious and well-loved part of our national heritage," said the Heritage secre-tary, Peter Brooke. He told the House of Commons that the government's legal responsibility was settled in 1831.

But Ann Clwyd of the opposition Labor Party urged that Queen Elizabeth II pay part

While there is a great deal of public sympathy for the monarch, there is legitimate public concern that the total cost of repair

A Conservative lawmaker, Toby Jessel, citing a speculative figure of £60 million pounds

(\$90 million) for repairs, said this would amount to little more than one pound for each of the country's 57.5 million people. "I know of no one who would resent paying such a sum to restore a vital part of Britain's heritage," he said.

The fire department that put out the flames said Monday it did not know what had started the blaze, though reports in several Britisb newspapers blamed an art restorer.

They quoted unnamed fire investigators as saying the restorer had accidentally sprayed inflammable fluid used for cleaning paintings on a halogen lamp, starting the fire Friday.

But the Royal Berkshire Fire and Rescue Service said it had not established the cause,

The fire destroyed St. George's Hall and other rooms at the northwest corner of the castle, but Mr. Brooke indicated Monday that the losses of royal treasures were lighter

than had been feared. "One picture, one sideboard and an anrique carpet appear to have been lost," he

Buckingham Palace officials said the disaster could have been far worse had it not been for a stroke of luck that spared virtually all the world's largest private art collection. They said the seven most seriously damaged rooms had been emptied of artworks for electrical rewiring before the blaze began.

The picture that was destroyed was a portrait of George III, which survived the monarch's order to burn it two centuries ago. It was painted by Sir William Beechey in 1797-98. The king so hated the portrait, which showed him accompanied by his son, the Prince of Wales, reviewing troops, that be demanded it be burned. His courtiers ignored him, and the king did not persist with his

French Farmers Hit Symbol of America 300 Seize a Coca-Cola Plant

Farmers led processions of trac-

tors and blocked roads in Liège,

Mons and Namur. Two McDoo-

and one in Liège, were forced to

close when protesters assembled

outside, a company spokesman

PARIS - About 300 French farmers protesting a trade deal be-tween the European Community ald's restaurants, one in Namur and the United States briefly occupied a Coca-Cola plant south of Paris on Monday.

A local government office said. spokeswoman said the farmers entered the factory courtyard in the suburb of Grigny about 8 A.M. They began dispersing peacefully about two hours later.

She said there was no violence and no damage to the plant, but added that the factory manager stopped production lines during the protest as a precaucion.

At Valenciennes, in northern France, about 100 farmers burned 12 piles of hay representing the member states of the European Community before setting fire 10 an EC banner and a British flag. The farmers also smasbed bortles of Coca-Cola but dispersed as riot police arrived at the scene. No

arrests were made. A spokesman for Coca-Cola said that the protest at the Grigny plant had been carried out in "good spir-

"We understand that Coca-Cola might be considered a symbol of America," said Cyriac de Salaber-ry, director of public relacions, "but people should remember our company's long history of investment in France.

He said that Coca-Cola's French plants, which export part of their production to other European countries, use about 100,000 tons of French sugar a year.

French farmers angered by last Friday's accord until now had singled out the McDonald's fast-food chain as a focus for protests against the United States, Farmers fear the trade deal will cut into their liveliboods because it restricts the export of subsidized goods and cuts

In Belgium, farmers in the French-speaking Walloon region demonstrated against the accord in

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and dismissed the newspaper reports as specshould not be paid exclusively by the taxpayoilseed production

TEHRAN - A submarine bought from Russia joined the Iranian fleet in the Gulf on Monday.

Tehran radio reported. The vessel, oamed Tariq 901, is the first submarine to serve in the

navy of a Gulf nation. It arrived at

Bandar Abbas, a port on the Strait

of Hormuz, earlier this mooth.

traveling thousands of nautical cate strategic balance in the Gulf. miles, this morning officially joined the Iranian Navy at Bandar Abbas," the report said,

submarine, one of the largest conventional-powered submarines for defensive purposes. built by the former Soviet Union,

and the second second

On Monday, Iran's acting navy commander, Rear Admiral Abbas Mohtaj, criticized Western powers Iran bought the Kilo-class attack for focusing on the deal and said the submarine would be used only

Iran Puts First of 2 Russian-Made Submarines Into Gulf Fleet

"The enemies of the Islamic revfor a reported \$600 million. The olution have raised a lot of ooise, sale worried Western powers, who Admiral Mohtaf said. "but their The Tarig submarine, after: said it could complicate the deli- aim is to create a buge arms market

The submarine is the one of two that Iran bought from Russia. The second is under construction. Tehran has an option to buy a third.

The vessels are likely to be based at a oaval base under constructioo at Chah Bahar, on the Gulf of Oman, 100 kilometers (60 miles) west of the Pakistani horder.

would have access to the deep waters of the Gulf of Oman, the Arabian Sea and the Indian Ocean. The Gull's shallow waters are

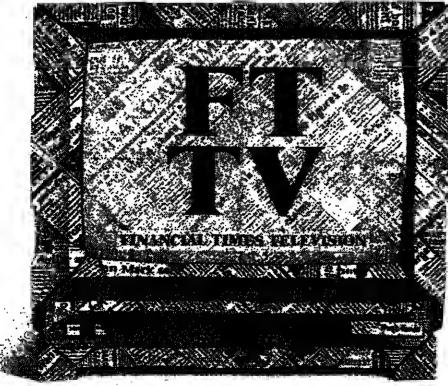
oot suitable for submarine warfare because the vessels can be easily detected there. The Kilo-class submarioes' main

armament is 18 torpedoes. (Reviers, AFP, AP) From there, the submarines

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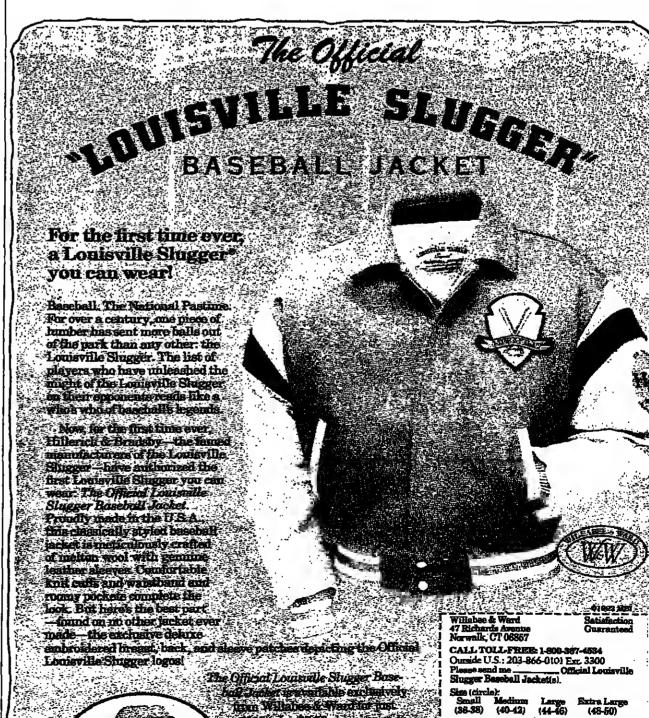
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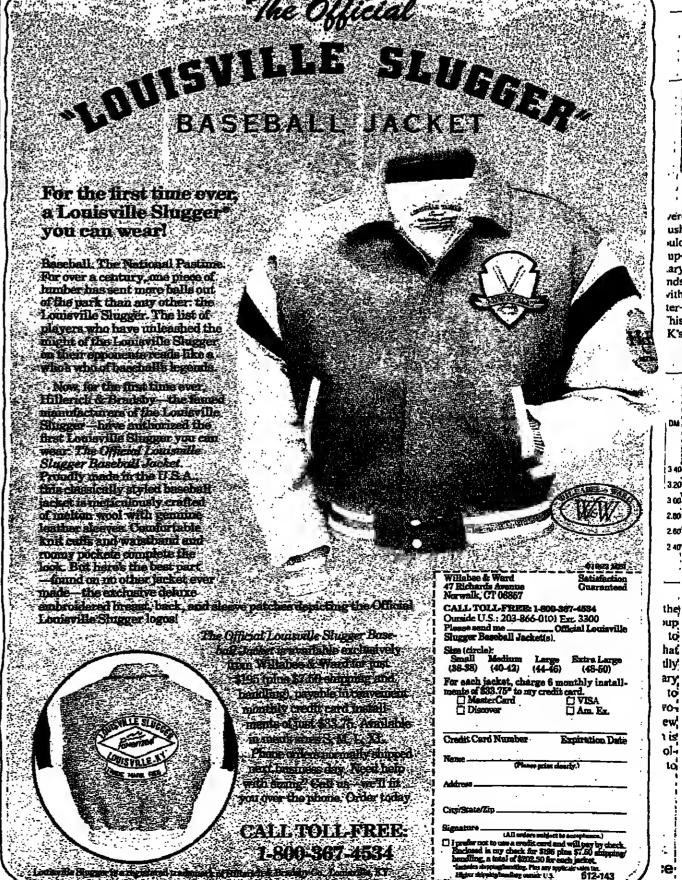
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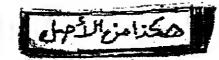
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A Victory for Trade

In a triumph for common sense, Americans and Europeans have now found a stilution to the ugly quarrel over farm. subsidies that was beginning to threaten great damage to both. The oilseed case is ended, and the trade war is off - unless France now chooses to explode the agreement. But perhaps the angry talk from Paris will turn out to be for the benefit of a domestic nudience. Since it was the European Community that negotiated this deal a veto by France a founding member, would inflict immense harm on the Community itself. The quarrel now is not between France and the United States, but between France and its European partners that support his settlement.

The basic issue is the use and misuse of farm subsidies. All of the industrial countries are sinners, but the Europeans are the worst. When the Uruguay Round of worldwide trade negotiations began in 1986, the Reagan administration horrified the Europeans by pressing a truly radical idea - to abolish all farm subsidies that distort markets. What you are seeing now is the outcome of that collision.

The Americans have accomplished less than they had hoped. No subsidies will vanish. In one sense, not much has bappened. But in another, there has been a real transformation. The Europeans, with their love of carefully managed and insulated markets, have come a great deal further than seemed remotely possible at first. The European Community has accepted the principle of restrictions where there have

been none, and enforcement of the rules. The outrageous thing about the oilseed case was not that the Europeans had broken the agreed rules of farm trade but that, cowed by the French farmers' lobbies, they refused to do anything about it. The settlement in that case is a bit less than the American negotiators bad wanted, but in return for concessions there they have obtained two enormously important goals. The European Community has agreed to binding arbitration of future grievances like that one, with the judgment to go into effect automatically. Compensation can no longer be blocked by one government. Even more important, the Europeans have now agreed to limit and roll back their export subsidies. which have been at the center of the long deadlock over trade reform. Because the European Community has its farm price supports up much too high, it generates huge surpluses that it then dumps abroad by providing as much subsidy as necessary

to undercut world prices.

Resolution of the farm quarrel would open the way to finish the Uruguay Round, in effect writing a fairer and greatly broadened rule book for trade. It would widen markets throughout the world for many industries including, for the first time, services like finance and telecommunications in which the United States is a strong competitor. These agreements can bring the Bush administration to an end with an achievement lifting American prosperity for a very long time to come.

United Nations at Issue

with the unanimous Security Council decision to impose a mandatory arms embargo on Liberia. Earlier efforts to contain and settle the conflict there were largely in the hands of states of the region. By the new resolution the United Nations announces that it is coming directly to the political aid of the seven nation West African peacekeeping force that has been struggling to put down the rebellion of Charles Taylor. Nigeria's foreign minister expressed the hope over the weekend that the new resolution would sap the strength and morale of the Taylor forces and signal "the beginning of the end" of one of Africa's most savage civil wars. The arms embargo is intended to cent off weapons to the Liberian parties but enot to the peacekeepers.

la As it happened, these new moves to enrgage the United Nations more deeply in Liberia were taking place just as Secretary-General Butros Butros Ghali was calling 'Tresh attention to the United Nations' own

continue to beap on demanding new tasks, he said in an interview in The Washington Post on Sunday, even as they restrict the resources and flexibility the organization needs to meet these responsibilities. The secretary-general has a point. The dispute-solving functions of the United Nations are on view, and under test, around the world It flatters the organization, even as it burdens it, that the cases the members usually bring to it are the tough ones, the ones they could not resolve on their own. But the old Cold War habits of parsimony and tight national control linger. Internal reforms are necessary. but incmber states do not supply the United Nations in a timely way with the full range of means, including money, personnel, arms and political flexibility.

Down this road lies a potential crisis of

post-Cold War internationalism. The United Nations needs to be reformed; it cannot be left to he swamped and starved.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

Recognize Macedonia

Diplomacy still has a chance to prevent the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia. President George Busb ought to beed the advice of Senator Dennis DeConcini and Representative Frank McCloskey. rom a trip to Ma sored by the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe. Their recommendation: "International recognition of that country would be the right thing to do. and . . . it should be done immediately."

Last January, a European Community commission found that Macedonia met Europe's formal standards for recognition. Yet 10 months later Macedonia remains unrecognized by most of the West. The reason? Greece's unjustified demand that the republic change its name. In ancient times, Macedonia, homeland of Alexander the Great, was culturally Greek. More recently, rival claimants have fought over and divided it. The Republic of Macedonia renounced all claims to what is now Greek Macedonia, as Athens rightfully insisted. But Greece invites bloody mischief by pressuring Macedonia to renounce the name that defines it as a distinct country with

established boundaries. That could tempt Serbia or Bulgaria to assert old territorial claims. Even a name like Slavic Macedonia could antagonize the non-Slavic Albanians who make up a third of the population. Having seen what bappened to Bosnia. avoid being partiooned or swallowed by expansionist neighbors.

Greece's demand is not supported by any recognized docurine of international law or practice. Until now, Greece's fellow members of the European Community have de-ferred to its wishes out of diplomatic courtesy, and the United States has gone along in deference to its NATO links with Athens. But the stakes have grown too high for this diplomatic minuet; the risk of war spread-

ing to Macedonia grows frighteningly real. Smaller European countries now talk about breaking ranks and recognizing Macedonia. A move by President Bush could encourage the main European powers to do the same. Recognition alone will not guarantee the republic's peace, but, as Senator DeConcini and Representative McCloskey point out, it is an essential first step.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Comment

The Maastricht Express

The Maastricht train to monetary union is having an ever more uncomfortable jour-ney. The front is still clattering along, carrying Germany and its currency clones in Belgium, Holland and Luxembourg, as well as the French. The coaches behind, carrying. the Irish and the Danes, are wobbling on the tracks. Spain and Portugal have become uncoupled and can continue only if they travel very slowly. Britain, Italy and Greece are off the track. Saboteurs in the currency markets could still derail the French carriage. If they do, there is little point in the, train's journey at all.

A multi-speed Europe is already inevita-,

ble. But devaluation has also given southern EC countries as well as Britain an economic advantage which their neighbors are preparing to attack as anti-communautoire. France fears a flood of cheap imports from Italy. The peseta and escudo devaluations will add to its concerns. As Europe goes its differing ways to monetary union, it is beginning to look as though the fabric of the Single Market itself may not bear the strain.

- The Daily Telegraph (London). The concept of a linear advance toward economic and monetary union, foreseen in

Maastrict, is in the process of disappearing. Some countries are now taking a path quite opposite to that laid out in the treaty. That is case of Britain, which, before leaving the European Monetary System, chose a policy of low interest rates and the devaluation of the pound to stimulate economic growth. Other states, without turning their backs on Maastricht, are demonstrating the difficulties of carrying out economic and monetary unification on the road toward a common currency. Such is the case of Italy, Spain and Portugal. European leaders, under pressure, have agreed to implement a more flexible system, allowing frequent readjustments of parities - another path, perhaps not the worst, toward economic and monetary union. - Le Monde (Paris).

Yeltsin's Trip to Seoul

For Russia, South Korea remains a model - a model close to Russian realities and to the post-Communist mentality of the Russiant. Seoul's authoritarian style in the economy fits into the Russian tradition. South Korean society is egalitarian without a marked gap, manifest in the West, in the incomes of different parts of the population. - Kurantı (Moscow).

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OPINION



Planning an American-Led Stand Against Milosevic

WASHINGTON — Bush admin-istration officials are now focused on stopping the genocidal cam-paign of Slobodan Milosevic from spreading to Kosovo. The southern Serbian province appears to be Mr. Milosevic's next target. In recent weeks, the Serbian army

has increased its presence, conducted military maneuvers and provided small arms to Serbs in the province. The stage seems to be set for another

Serbian-inspired bloodbath.

If Mr. Milosevic attacks Kosovo,
U.S. officials expect some of the
poorly armed Albanian inhabitants to resist while others become refn-gees, fleeing into Macedonia, Greece and Alhania. The danger arises that the conflict would spark a wider war, bringing in Macedonia, Albania, Bul-garia, Greece and even Turkey.

After far-reaching discussions with U.S. allies and the United Nations. several high-ranking Busb adminis-tration officials maintain that a consensus has been achieved: Washington needs to make what one official characterizes as a "substantial effort" to convince Mr. Milosevic that there is U.S. resolve on the question of By Lally Weymouth

Kosovo, notwithstanding the transi-tion from George Bush to Bill Clin-ton. Washington's failure to act during the slaughter in Bosnia has, of course, complicated this task by undermining American credibility. If a warning fails to control Mr. Milosevic, then, as one official put it.

we'll have to do something tough a really serious action is in order." At present, one favored option is de-ployment of an international peacekeeping force to Kosovo under UN or NATO auspices. Another is strengthening the international monitors already on the ground in Kosovo.

would be sufficient to get Mr, Milose-vic to abandon designs on Kosovo— unless they were backed up by the threat of the use of force. Some in Washington argue that such a deployment might incite an Albanian uprising in Kosovo directed against the repressive Serb minority there.

In the Bush administration's twilight weeks, policy planners hope to execute a delicate maneuver, deterring Mr. Milosevic without triggering demand by Albanians in Kosovo

for independence. An alternative fa-vored by some military planners is arming the victims of Mr. Milosevic - Albanians in Kosovo, Bosnian Muslims and even the Croats - to enable them to defend themselves.
U.S. officials also are contemplatng having an international or NATO

force bomb limited military targets inside Serbia to reduce the military edge that Mr. Milosevic now enjoys. A key date is Dec. 20, when Mr. Milosevic faces an election in Serbia. He might well attack Kosovo before the election if political developments appeared to bode ill. Alternatively, of course, should be win easily he might be emboldened to lannch a full-scale

post-election attack on Kosovo. This crisis highlights n failure of leadership on the part of the Europe-an Community. Washington has de-ferred to its European allies with respect to the Balkans. The net result

has been utter passivity.

Macedonian President Kiro Gligorov, who recently visited the United States, freely expresses his fear that war in Kosovo would spread to his streggling country. He has asked Sec-retary-General Butros Butros Ghali to deploy UN peacekeeping troops along the Kosovo-Macedonia border.

Thousands of refugees are fleeing into Macedonia from Bosnia. Mean-while, because of Greek pressure, the European Community and the United States refuse to give Macedoma international diplomatic recognition. Thus the small country lacks access to inter-national funds and investment. If Mr. Milosevie spreads his cam-

paign to Macedonia, as Mr. Gligorov fears, the Serbian crusade will likely trigger a wider Balkan war. "None of the neighbors will remain dispassion-ate," the Macedonian leader says. In spite of the newly reefed up international naval blockade of Ser-

bia, few believe that sanctions will be any more effective against Mr. Milosevie than they were against Saddam Hussein. To work they must be accompanied by a credible threat to use force. Let us hope that President Bush and President-elect Clinton find it possible to approach this crisis in a truly bipartisan fashion.

The Young Balkan Casualties May Never Recover

they dragged out his pregnant wife, cut out ber fetus and hanged her. Neither could be buried because the Serbs shot anyone who came out of

ing the day and woke up screaming at night.
United will try to get counseling for these children, but it will be impossible to do so until the war ends. It will be difficult to re

The children sense their parents' depression When I beld up one baby to show his mother his instinctual attempts to walk, she hid her face.

negotiated a cease-fire for the first week in November and was able to deliver high-protein

These goods certainly will not make children like Ilyona emotionally whole again, but they will provide the one thing these people need most — hope for the future, hope that there are

The writer, a pediatrician and professor emeritus at Boston Children's Hospital and Harvard Medical School, contributed this to The New York Times.

The Washington Post.

B OSTON — Like many children I have seen, 8-year-old flyona blames herself for her parents divorce. Unlike other children, this little girl needs. Ilyona is a typical example of how the children are disturbed on several levels. with intense brown eyes and a boyish hairput, blames herself for the violence and brutality that

have enveloped the former-Yugoslavia: ---Ilyona's mother is a Croat, her father is a Serb and the way she sees it, "If they hadn't gotten

These boys and girls have seen a corrosion of the human spirit to the surreal point at which ordinary people inflict cruelty that most of us couldn't imagine.

divorced, this war would never have happened."

Hyona and ber grandmother fled Serbian-controlled territory for the safety of Zagreb this summer by train. The train was stopped by Serbian soldiers, who questioned the passengers for hours and then raped many of the girls. Fortunately for Ilyona, she was too young to be raped, but she did have to watch.

I met llyona this fall while touring the republics of the former Yugoslavia with James P. Grant, executive director of Unicef, and two other pediatricians. We were there to evaluate the psychologi-cal condition of children and to determine their

T AIPEI — It is a paradox which defines a bigger paradox. Tai-

wan's businessmen are rushing hel-ter-skelter to shift production to mainland China where labor costs

are low. Money, people and goods are

Hong Kongl in increasing volume. Yet in the past few weeks the government in Taipei has concluded deals to buy 210 fighter planes worth some \$8 billion from the United States and

France to protect itself from the com-

patriots across the Strait.

These are spectacular deals by any

standard, and particularly for a terri-

tors of 20 million people, albeit with exchange reserves of \$80 billion. In the supplier countries, these

deals are viewed in the context of job creation or of impact on rela-

tions with China. But whatever their

motives they bave a profound signif-

icance not just for Taiwan out also

for East Asia. The fact is that al-

though East Asia is the world's focus

of trade and investment growth, it is

also the focus of the biggest arms

In this connection, the aircraft

sales should be welcomed for their modest contribution to righting a

dangerous and fast growing imbal-ance. They are in fact long overdue.

They would have happened years ago but for the blind ethusiasm, whether driven by greed or ny idealism, that has characterized Western.

and especially American, responses

to the Deng regime. As with Iraq's

opposition to Iranian fundamental-

ism, so China's obeisances toward

the marketplace have gained it fa-

vors beyond number.

Taiwan had been trying to buy

modern planes to replace an aging

fighter fleet since Jimmy Carter was

in the White House. That it has suc-

ceeded seems at first sight due more

to a coincidence of factors than to

any great change in strategic percep-tions by the vendors. One determin-

race in the world.

By T. Berry Brazelton

Aside from feeling responsible for the ruin of ber family and country, she is unable to trust anyone, since her own father is considered the

enemy. She is reluctant to let her grandmother out of her sight, for fear she will never return This trauma is in some ways more sinister than any physical damage. Wars end. A wound to the body can be clearly diagnosed and treated. But emotional destruction can debilitate for a lifetime. It obscures itself in the darkness of the

psyche, ready to be relived.

The children we saw in the relugee camps seldom play or interact, giggle or argue. What they have seen consumes them.

Like children in Nazi Germany, or in Cambo dia under Pol Pot, these boys and girls bave witnessed a corrosion of the buman spirit to the surreal point at which ordinary people inflict on one another kinds of cruelty that most of us

could never imagine.

At a camp near Zagreb I met a 5-year-old boy who kept swatting at imaginary flies. His grand-

mother told me why.

When Serbian soldiers ravaged their village, a neighbor informed them that the boy's older brother was hiding in a cellar. The soldiers captured him and, in front of his family, cut off his hands, shot him and left him to die. Then

the house. The small boy watched for days as the corpses became covered with flies.

At the camp, he continued to shoo flies dur-

them without also counseling the adults.

"What will he grow up to?" she asked. "I don't want him to grow up." To combat the approaching winter, Unicef

food, clothing, blankets and medicine to about 200,000 children. The response was tremen-dous: One group, Charch World Services, donated \$1 million worth of blankets. But more donations are needed.

people out there who care.

Taiwan: Opening Up and Arming at the Same Time

By Philip Bowring

ing factor appear to have been the election needs of George Busb — delivering job security to General

Dynamics workers in Texas. France's decision (still not officially confirmed) appears to have been a consequence of the dire commercial straits of Mirage maker Dassault. The deal is probably even bigger than so far mentioned. Sources in Taiwan suggest that there is an option on another 60 Mirages. but both sides are proceeding cau-tiously, trying to limit the inevitable Beijing threats of retaliation.
The United States appears irritated that Taiwan has opted for the

Mirage 2000s as well as the F-16s. The French planes are closer to stateof-the-art technology than anything the United States has been prepared to offer. Although the Mirages will be delivered first, the F-16s are of an older design. Another source of annoyance to the United States is that Washington, which bas long treated Taipei as a puppet on a string, will lose the leverage of being its sole warplane supplier.

American urritation is partly real but may be partly for effect. After all, both the United States and France are contributing to the other key fea-ture of Taiwan's defense buildup its plans to buy, lease or build up to 30 frigates to strengthen the island's

Two other European countries. Germany and the Netherlands, hope for contracts to expand Taiwan's

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submarine fleet from two to six or nine by the end of the decade. The Dutch would probably have done a

deal already but for hopes of a big Fokker plane deal with Beijing.
As for the United States, its policy seems to be shifting away from Bei-jing even before President Busb leaves the White House. The Nov. 19 announcement of an impending visit by a cabinet-rank U.S. official, Trade Representative Carla Hills, suggests that Washington may now by putting commerce before China politics in its dealings with Taiwan.

It is not clear bow far the West may be driven by a need for arms contracts at any price, a waning of infat-uation with China market prospects or an acknowledgment that East Asian imbalances should not continue to grow. Taiwan has the additional lure of a mammoth civil infrastructure program now under way. Bonn, which in recent years had kept Taipei at a distance, last week sent Economics Minister Jürgen Möllemann on n mission to drum up business.

But whatever the motives, only China is likely to object to the arms deals. In Taiwan the fighter pur-chases are especially popular — even more so among the opposition — despite the high cost. In Japan and among the ASEAN states there is some concern about the arms buildup in the region, but no one sees Taiwan as a threat. Any antidote to China's growing ability to project itself mili-tarily is likely to be welcomed.

Not only has Beijing this year been emphasizing its claims to the whole South China Sea, it is gradually acquiring the means to enforce those claims should it wish to. This naturally frightens all the other littoral states. China's acquisition of SU-27 long-range fighters means it can extend its air reach all over the claimed sea. If it succeeds in its ambition to acquire a so far half-built aircraft carrier from Ukraine, it could further underline these claims

There is the possibility that China may use the Taiwan sales as an excuse for further spending of its own on sophisticated weapons. But Tai-wan is probably not top of Beijing's list of strategic priorities.

The threat to invade the island if Taiwan declares independence may well be for real, but no one, including China, expects Taiwan to take that gamble. Its weapons are essen-tially to protect the status quo of de facto independence and strengthen its hand in bargaining with the mainland should reunification get closer to reality. International Herald Tribune.

had an extremely hard time getting cooperation from the U.S. government. Many U.S. documents on the El Mozote massacre are still being withheld from the commission ___and

official denials."

The New York Times.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1892: Sweeping the Sea

MOSCOW - The Mascow Gazette has published an article giving an has published an article giving an estimate of the comperative strength of the great naval Powers in which only 30 warships of the new type, which alone infills modern requirements, are assigned to England as against 45 to France and 19 to Russia. The following conclusions are arrived at: "With God's help, we, together with France have strength enough on sea to cope with the Triple Alliance, since the ships of Austria are few and unwieldy, those of Italy, if more numerous, are of a yet older type. It appears England and the Tri-ple Alliance will think France and Russia together will sweep the seas."

1917: Trotsky Hostile

PETROGRAD - Trousky, the Maximalist Commissary of Foreign Affairs, has decided to publish without delay Russia's secret treaties with her Westem Allies, and to do so without con-

sulting the Entente representatives, thus giving his act the character of a hostile demonstration toward the Al-lies. At the same time Trotsky has given orders to the generalissimo to commence negotiations with the enemy commanders on the Russian front.

1942: A Blow for Vichy

WASHINGTON — [From our New York edition:] Secretary of State Cordell Hull announced today [Nov. 23] that the United States has concluded an agreement with Admiral Georges Robert, French High Commissioner for the Western Hemisphere. Mr. Hull said that as a result of this accord there was not likely to be any necessity for American occupation of the French islands of Martinique and Guadeloupe, or French Guiana, Mr. Hull's announcement came at the same time as news from from Algiers that French West Africa has placed itself under the orders of Admiral Jean Darlan, who is co-operating with the Allies in North Africa.

Unearthing haps the S A Denied Finally S A Denied Massacre

By Anthony Lewis

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B OSTON — The civil war in El Salvador is over now, a political settlement taking bold. Americans hardly remember when the Reagan administration called the leftist re-bels a critical threat to U.S. national security. But the American role in El Salvador did damage to America's institutions and its honor that remains unrepaired. So we are remaind ed by a recent turn in an appalling

piece of history.
On Jan. 27, 1982, correspondents
of The New York Times and The Washington Post reported from the remote Salvadoran village of El-Mozote that bundreds of civilians had been massacred there. Most were women, children and old men. Ray-mond Bonner of The Times wrote mone nonner of The Times wrote that he had seen the skulls and bones of dozens of people buried under burned-out peasant houses. Alma Guillermoother wrote a similar account for The Post.

A reporter just arrived on the scene could not know who killed them. Mr. Bonner said. But villagers nearby said an elite battalion of government forces had carried out the massacre the previous month. The villagers had a list of 733 victims. The Salvadoran Human Rights Commission put the number of dead at 926.

One woman in El Mozote, Rufina Amaya, said she had survived by hid-ing in some trees when the soldiers came. They killed her busband, who was blind, and her four children, aged 9, 5, 3 and 8 months.

Those newspaper reports evoked angry denials and denunciations. A Salvadoran military spokesman said the account of a massacre had been fabricated by "subversives."

The Reagan administration, al-ready embarrassed by Salvadoran death squads, was just as bristling. A week later Thomas Enders, assistant secretary of state for inter-American affairs, told Congress: "There is no evidence to confirm that [Salvadoran] government forces systematically massacred civilians ... or that the number of civilians killed even remotely approached the 733 or 926 victims cited in the press."

wictims cited in the press."

Mr. Enders supposedly based his statement on an investigation by two U.S. Embassy officials in El Salvador. But he did not make their report public, and he misrepresented what they said. They had never reached El Mozote, and they did not reject the report of a messy did not reject the

report of a massacre.

The Reagan administration did not rest with disingennous denials. It did its best to smear the reporters. Sad to say, this effort at smearing found a voice in the press itself. The deficient plage of The Pall Street Journal, ideologically committed to the Keagan administration and its view of what to do in El Salvador,

ran an editorial 36 inches (91 centimeres) long headed "The Media's War." The correspondents who reported the El Mozote massacre bad been "overly credulous," the editorial suggested, and were taken in by n rebel "propaganda exercise:"
"Much of the American media im

El Salvador), it would seem." The Journal said, "was dominated by a style of reporting that grew out of Vietnam — in which Communist sources were given greater credence than either the U.S. government or the government it was supporting."
The Journal editorial had a signifi-

cant effect. Other newspapers wor-ried about looking soft on communism and toned down their reporting from El Salvador. The new turn in this story came last month, when a team of forensic archeologists digging in the ruins of El Mozote found dozens of skeletons.

Most of them were of children. The archeologists said shell casings and other evidence supported the charge of a massacre by government troops. The archeologists had to oversome strenuous resistance from the Salva-doran government to do their investigation. It was only insistence by a three-member Truth Commission set np under the peace agreement that

opened the way.

The Truth Commission has also

from the American public.

Surely the time has come for Americans, like Salvadorans, to know the truth of what was done in their name. Perhaps even Tom Enders and the other officials who covered up horrors could face the truth. And the press could learn again bow essential it is to be skeptical of convenient

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1992 **OPINION**

Perhaps the Virus of Hatred Will Finally Stop Spreading

By Barbra Streisand

LOS ANGELES — The moral immune system of the United States has been weakened and attacked, and the AIDS

virus is a perfect metaphor for it.

The malignant neglect of the past 12 years has led to the breakdown of the country's immune system, environmen-tally, culturally, politically, spiritually and physically. Why was the nation's immune system not stronger? Why did we Americans oot have better resistance to that deadly virus of hatred?

What has happened these last 12 years is that bigotry was legitimized. Rules were made by and for white, Christian, heterosexual males. Everyone else was left out. And a disease that has infected far more heterosexuals than homosex-

Who is Pat Robertson to spew such divisive doctrines in God's name? Who is Pat Buchanan to pronounce anybody's love invalid?

uals throughout the world was dismissed as a gay disease with that official, homo-phobic wink — implying that those deaths did not really matter.

I will never forgive my fellow actor Ronald Reagan for his refusal to even utter the word AIDS for seven years, and for blocking adequate funding for research and education, which could have saved bundreds of thousands of lives. Then came George Bush, once the moderate, who, in a Faustian bargain, allied himself with the same primitive, gay bashing immoral minority.

I sat and watched the Republican

conventioo io utter disbelief. How could the Patrick Buchanans and the Pat Robertsons, presuming to be spokespersons for God, spew such doc-trines of divisiveness, intolerance and inhumanity? Who is that God?

can. How dare he call us un-American! When Mr. Buchanan said, "We stand with George Bush against the amoral idea that gay and lesbian couples should have the same standing in law as married men and women," I wondered: Who is Pat Buchanan to pronounce anybody's love invalid? How can be deny the profound

The far right finally went too far. The country looked straight into the face of hate and the majority of the people said "Enough!" Enough racism, enough sexism, enough gay-bashing, name-calling and discrimination —enough extremism.

And so Americans elected new lead-

ers. Women, gays, Jews, people of col-or, working people, old people, young people, all of us who valued ourselves enough to demand that our voices be heard, all of us who cherish common decency and common sense revolted and out-organized, out-financed and out-thought those who despise what is best about this country - its cultural,

racial and religious diversity.

I feel we are entering a time of healing. Finally, we will have a president whose agenda is compassionate and caring and who I think realizes that the process of the pr most cost-effective thing to do is spend money on AIDS research and patient care with the same sense of urgency that has been devoted to the military budget or bailing out the failed savings and

He has said that "AIDS policy can now be made based ou sound scientific and public health principles — not on panic, politics and prejudice." Now that the Cold War is over, it is

time to stop living with the paranois of what if and start facing the reality of what is. What is, is a real crisis to education, in health care, in the econo-my. What is, is the need for a oation to feel secure.

But how can we Americans feel secure when our teenagers are not being edu-cated about AIDS—when, according to the World Health Organization, by the year 2000 most new HIV infections may be found in women? The WHO also estimates that the figures could by then reach a staggering 40 million people in-fected—10 million of them orphans.

In 1986, I saw a play by Larry Kramer called "The Normal Heart." Set against the beginning of the AIDS epidemic, it is about everybody's right to love.

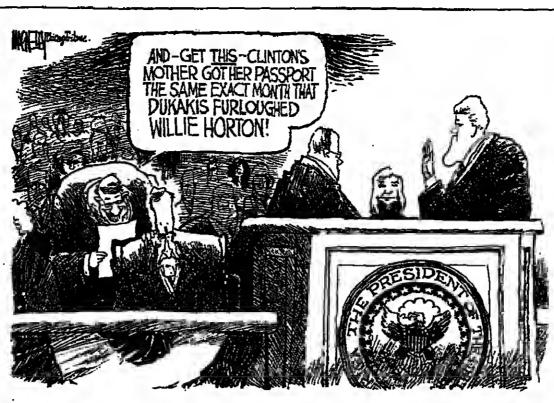
The main character, Ned Weeks,

founded the Gay Men's Health Crisis Center, only to be thrown out because he was too loud, too aggressive, too

again. Doo't lose that anger. Just have a httle patience and forgiveness — for yourself as well." After his lover dies, Ned cries out: "Why didn't I fight harder! Why didn't I picket the White House all by myself if oobody would come?"

We're filled with hope right now that someday, somehow, we will see an end sove that all too often takes such people to to this human tragedy. But let us vow, if the bitter end, holding each other in hospitals across the nation? to this human tragedy. But let us vow, if need be, to picket the White House all by ourselves — mutil somebody comes.

> These comments by Ms. Streisand, the director, producer, actress and singer, were excerpted by the Las Angeles Times from remarks she made recently.



Look for Worse Shenanigans at State

WASHINGTON — All last week, the Foreign Service officer es-tablishment was buffing indignantly at the way political appointers of George Bush had abused State Department procedures. Lusting to find durt in Bill Clinton's passport files, these pols ran Clinton's passport tales, these pois ran roughshod over Foreign Service professionals. "Heinons," cried Acting Secretary Larry Eagleburger, long the department's ranking FSO.

Yes, James Baker and his aides had guilty knowledge of an improper search. Frankly to expect a campaign

search. Frankly, to expect a campaign chief to call off a search for a document that would have changed the result of an election is to presume a degree of ethical purity rare to politics, but let us stipulate that State's political appointees abused their governmental power.

That impropriety was as nothing compared with the possibility of habitual criminal behavior by the so-called professionals at State — the Executive Secretariat in control of the Operations Center — in cavesdropping on their bosses, perhaps over a long period.

In the course of looking into the story of a State appointer's contacts with the White House, the inspector general at Foggy Bottom tripped over a much more far-reaching scandal: that Foreign Service officers to the communications nerve center of U.S. diplomacy may have been routinely listening in to telephone conversations of their superiors without the consent of either the caller or the call's recipient.

This was not limited to tapping an overeager consular official's call to the

By William Safire

speakerphone for the amusement of Op Center career eavesdroppers, It in-cluded "monitoring" (the emphemism for eavesdropping on) a call from the department's inspector general to the attorney general of the United States. According to the overlooked Appendix E of the inspector general's recent report, the directors of the Secretariat and Operations Center, Robert Pearson and Glyn Davies, were

cautioned "that interception of telephonic conversations, in violation of department guidelines and without the express consent of one party to the communication, may well be in violation of Title III of the Omnibus Crime Cootrol and Safe Streets Act of 1968, codified in Title 18, U.S. Code (NU)2510.

That is oot stretching procedural rules; that is breaking the law. Al-though Inspector General Sherman Funk said his men "considered it most unlikely that the Justice Department would pursue criminal investigation to the Operations Center matter," State's whitewashers of career official misconduct were mistaken. Last week a Justice spokesman (relieved that I was not calling about Iraquate) told me that "the FBI and the Justice Department are investigating whether anyone at State monitored telephone conversations without authorization."

Dig a little deeper, fellows. Remember a generation ago, when the White House, and putting it on the Joint Chiefs had a spy to the White

House? State's bureaucrats may bave long been running a similar "monitoring" operation against presidential appointees, some of whom tell me they were warned about the bureancracy's surveillance. A few questions not yet being asked:

1. Were the last five directors of the Op Center and Secretariat — two of whom are now senior diplomats aware of the surreptitious tapping? What happened to notes made of these illegally intercepted calls?

2. Who at State's security division has the capacity to monitor phone calls by senior officials not passed through the Op Center, and bave they been doing so? Do they also intercept messages sent on the Centrex computer system?

3. Were any intercepts, recorded or transcribed, ever passed on to presidential appointees on the seventh floor? Any spies ever discovered or leakers found?

That is only the beginning. Senator John Glenn of the Government Operations Committee should demand a report from each of the 24 inspectors general under his oversight about un-lawful tapping to their departments and agencies. He will be astounded at the unlawful cavesdropping going on.
The government must end the dirty

business of eavesdropping by secretly recording conversations. Step One is to vigorously enforce the law against unwarranted snooping — which will keep the bureaucracy's nose out of the less of an elected president. The New York Times.

President Bush Wakes Up: Decorum in Blue Pajamas

By Angus Phillips

WASHINGTON - As one who W crept quite by accident into George Bush's bedroom as he lay sleepmg awhile back, I can assure the new man that the White House is oot always the airtight bubble it's thought to be.
The occasion was a fishing trip a cou-

ple of years ago. The president wanted to go for largemouth bass in the Poto-mac and, to my utter astonishment, phoned me at home for advice.

For once in my life, I thought on my feet and blurted out an invitation to join me in April when fishing was bot. Mr. Bush, a man of action, checked his calendar, saw an opening and penciled it in. As the day drew nearer, he called a few times to finalize the plan. At last we

MEANWHILE

were set. We would ride together in his limousine to the launch ramp, he told me. He added casually that I should "come by the White House about 6 in the morning for coffee."

1 got there a little after 5:30, pulled

my rattletrap Volkswagen up to the first entrance I saw and checked in. The guards consulted a list, found my name, inspected the trunk for bombs and sent me in. I had been told to go to the diplomatic entrance, but I didn't know which doorway that was. Neither did the guards. They gave me an identification tag with a big "A" on it and said to go to the first door I saw and ask. I found a door facing the Old Executive Office

Building and banged on it.

A sleepy fellow let me in — fishing rods, tackle box, camera case and all. He knew nothing about any fishing trip but roused an aging butler in black tie, who beaded off in search of information.

The butler soon returned, saying be hadn't learned a thing. "But you said you're supposed to meet him for coffee, right?" he asked. "He must want you in the residence.

"Cool," I thought, and off we went in the gloaming, through an astonishing maze of dim corridors and doorways, I lugging my gear and burrying to keep up.
We went through an indoor garden
and around a bend to a hallway with a small elevator. The butler suggested I leave my gear propped against the wall. He opened the elevator and up we went to the president's place.

Upstairs was quite dark and elegant. We were in a small hallway that opened onto a large, rectangular anteroom. I saw three fishing rods and a tackle box leaning against the wall — the presi-dent's gear, an unmistakable sign of an eager angler ready for a day on the river. The butler led me into the room, then to the right ioto a second darkened anteroom. By now I was tiptocing, knowing this couldn't be right but having too

much fun to say anything.

Ten feet (3 meters) toto the second room a light snapped on to my left. I

whirled and faced a pair of open double doors 15 feet away. Through them I saw the president of the United States, in the pajamas, rising from his bed. The first lady, propped against a pair of fluffy pillows, also was freshly awake. I don't know if the president saw me

and didn't care to find out. I gestured frantically to the butter and hissed;
"Let's get out of bere!"
We tiptoed back to the elevator hall-

way. "This can't be right," I whispered:
"I'll find out." he assured me, and
rapped on a metal stairway door. Out
popped a guard. "Look," I told him, I'm supposed to meet the president for coffee in 10 minutes, but I don't know

where I'm supposed to be.

The guard lonked me over quickly, saw the ID card, and said:

You can be anywhere you want." With that, he popped back through the metal door and was gone. Honest. I looked pleadingly at the butler. "You wait here," he said, "I'll go downstairs and see what's going on." He stepped into the elevator, pressed the button and ca-CHUNK! was gone leaving me, as far as I could tell, absolutely alone in the presidential residence

with George and Barbara Bush.

At which point I beard the one thing I really didn't care to bear — the patter of footsteps as someone drew oear, and then a familiar voice shouting, "Robert! Robert! [name changed to protect the innocent], I need you to take these papers downstairs right away!"

Around the corner came the president to leather slippers and blue monogrammed bathrobe, with his hair rum-pled and glasses askew. But instead of Robert, all he saw was a sputtering fisherman - out of water, babbling incomprehensible explanations, apologies and assurances that he meant no harm.

The president never lost his decorum.

A moment or two of blank confusion was broken by the merciful car CHUNK! of the elevator, signaling the

butler's imminent return.

The door opened and out steppe Robert. "Coffee is downstairs in the Diplomatic Reception Room," he sniffed. "Everyooe is there, waiting." He turned to the president, who hand-

ed him the papers, spun on his heel and burried back to the bedroom to get dressed — waving a linger and shouting:
"Big lish to catch today, Big lish!"

Ten minutes later President Bush strode into the Diplomatic Reception Room with his fishing rods and tackle hot in band his bailette. box io band, his hair freshly combed and

wearing a cheerful smile.

"Angus!" he said, rushing over to greet me, "so good to see you again!"
Never once oo that long day of good fishing did he mention our curious first meeting - which showed a lot of class,

The writer is the outdoors columnist of The Washington Post.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Time to Rebuild El Salvador

Regarding the editorial "Remaking El Salva-

dor" (Opinion, Nov. 14-15): It is folly to credit the Bush administration with ending the war in El Salvador or delivering democracy there. It would be more accurate to say that the Salvadoran peace agreement was signed in spite of the Umted States, by the Salvadoran people with the help of the United Nations. The millions of dollars in U.S. aid and weapons sent to the Salvadoran military fueled a senseless war, perpetuated corruption io the Salvadoran government and provided training and arms for the brutal death squads.

The United States oow has a moral obligation to help rebuild Ei Salvador. I hope Mr. Cimton and the U.S. Congress will continue sending aid to El Salvador — but this time for rebuilding with the same enthusiasm that in the past contributed to the killing.

CARI L. VOTAVA.

Massacre on East Timor

In "Where He Can Let Humanity and Wisdom Coincide," (Opinion, Nov. 14) Anthony Lewis quotes the new governor of East Timor, Abilio Soares, as saying: "In my opinion there should have been more people killed. Why did only that number die? Why oot all 1,000?"

Mr. Soares has denied having made such a statement. The controversy originated with an interview be gave a local magazine (which was picked up by a foreign news agency), when he referred to doubts about the government claim that the death toll in the Dill incident was oo more than 50. On this, Mr. Soares commented: You can claim 100, 200 or 1,000 - it's up to you - but the fact is, 50."

I also regret the implication that Indonesian government concern over the Dili incident was mercly "put on." The government was extremely serious in dealing with the matter correctly and fairly. It has taught us valuable lessons. SUTEDIA KARTAWIDIAJA.

Foreign Affairs Department.

Russians in the Baltics

ric Troop Pullout" (Oct. 21):

aid to Russia will be terminated if steady progress is not made in the withdrawal of Russian troops from the Baltics. This provision should be invoked immediately. HARALD RANKE

Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Limit Terms, Limit Corruption

Regarding the editorial "Term Limits Are Wrong" (Opinion, Nov. 4): How did this diatribe against changing the entrenched system make it into your oewspaper?

I bold no brief for term limitation, but the spurious arguments offered against it need comment. Seniority does not necessarily bring competence. There is no objective evidence that senior members of Congress have done well for the taxpayer or will do well under the present system. On the contrary there has always been abundant evidence that power corrupts. Even those tainted with scandal or gross freeloading return to do it again unless they are thrown out.

The American system does not permit voting against an incumbent; it only lets the voter pick among a couple (or three) candidates, all of whom may be totally incompetent.

R.L. L'ESPERANCE. Vilnius, Lithuania.

Don't Punish the Underlings

President George Bush should pardon all the Iran-contra malefactors. They were out renegades acting independently of the Reagan-Bush administration. Their violations and have and sublic policy was predected with the system. public policy were performed with the express or tacit approval of both the former and sitting presidents. It is patently unfair to permit Mr. Reagan and Mr. Bush, who prompted the violations, to remain unscathed while others are punished for serving them.

HOWARD S. BOROS. Palma de Mallorca, Spain.

Two Presidents for Germany?

One day after printing Marc Fisher's article on Russians in the Baltics

Regarding "Citing Housing, Russia Halts Baltic Troop Pullout" (Oct. 21):

Fortunately, the U.S. Congress has ruled that

Jakarta.

Une day after printing Marc Fisher's article on the Germans' supposedly cool reception to Bill Clinton's victory (IHT, Nov. 5), you reported less conspicuously that a poll found nearly 9 in 10 Germans consider the president-elect to be "nice" or "very nice" and believe that be will be good for the United States. This would make Mr.

Clioton more popular in Germany than at home. EBERHARD WESTENBERGER. Klagenfurt, Austria.

The Germans were lucky to find io Richard von Weizsäcker a splendid symbol of a great citizen of both his postwar country and the European Community. I salute him.

K. A. GROCHOLSKI Zollikon, Switzerland.

A Plea for Substance

One message of the U.S. presidential election is that we Americans are fed up with "sound bites" and empty, cute phraseology. We want leaders to tell us what they plan to do and how they plan to do it. There is nothing contentious about urging people to unite, to accept responsibility, and to be prepared to compromise for the good of all.

CAROL BIRKLAND. Celigny, Switzerland.

How Are We to Help?

I agree with Flora Lewis — something must be done to dismantle the prison camps in Bosnia ("The Camps Thrive on the Silence," Opinion, Nov. 9). But the idea that the world's lews should

be liberators is disconcerning.

Israel has rescued thousands of people, including 300,000 Soviet Jews and 12,000 starving Ethi-opian Jews airlifted to Israel. Jewish communities throughout the world have sent food. blankets and supplies to the former Yugoslavia. and Jewish groups have pleaded with their goveruments to do something to end the war. Jews have not been silent.

Ms. Lewis's suggestions feed into the stereotype that, somehow, Jews have more power and influence than oon-Jews.

Cease-fires in the former Yugoslavia do not hold; there is total anarchy. What can an ont-side religious group possibly do that the United Nations, the European Community, the International Red Cross and several governments have failed to do?

For the record: I would like to adopt an East European child, but as an American living overseas. I am caught between international laws.
If I can't save one child, bow are we to rescue a whole country?

MAXINE KOPEL BOOKBINDER. Luxembourg

The Objective Defined The objective in Bosnia could not be clearer ("Define the Objective," Letters, Oct. 28). It

should be the same for the military as for any upright democrat: to stop the barbaric practice "ethnic cleansing." LEONORE SUHL Portimão, Portugal.

Generally speaking, if market press-

The Wonking of America

Russell Baker's unhappiness with "wonks" (Nov. 18) io a Clintoo White House may be soothed by this citation from the Concise Oxford Dictionary: "worky a. (sl.) Shaky, groggy: unreliable. [fanciful formation]" JOHN CAVILL

Nary a Whiff of Oxford

Regarding "Well Done, Oxford" (Letters, Nov. 11) by Roger Mortimore and Nick Little:

The satisfaction of your correspondents is misplaced. It is true that President-elect Bill Clinton was exposed to Oxford air. It may be fortunate that he did not inhale while there. C. R. B. JOYCE. Cambridge, England.

VIEWPOINT

The Commerzbank report on German business and finance

The EMS: battered but not beaten

The European Monetary System (EMS) has receotly been shaken by the market's verdict that some EC countries will oot be able to join the future club. The outcome of the French referendum was not sufficiently reassuring and doubts remain as to whether fixed exchange rates in the EMS can be main-

taioed. Solid growth in Western Europe, a better grasp of how international policy coordination functions and the general will to achieve low inflation and sustainable public-sector deficits turned the EMS into a system of quasi-fixed exchange rates, which it remained for five and a half years. And this was not questioned even after the severe strains of German unification became apparent.

Fundamental problems

The notion that exchange rates were fixed was swept aside when the UK and Italy temporarily withdrew from the exchange-rate mechanism (ERM). After having ignored the possibility of a realignment for too long, market participants tended for a time to overreact through large-scale selling of even fundamentally sound currencies, most notably the French franc-

Although the interest differential between the franc and the D-mark has been substantially reduced the French government has repeatedly complained about Germany's high interest rates, especially in view of its own intolerably high unemployment level. This prompted doubts about France's determination to live with German rates.

ure focuses on the currency of a funda-

"A two-speed monetary union does not reflect Maastricht's political core."

mentally strong economy, the central bank should not hesitate to raise interest rates and intervene. Market pressure will ease fairly soon, allowing short-term rates to decline again. Defending parity

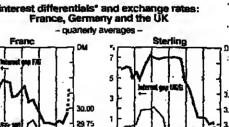
for a time is ultimately less expensive than the loss of anti-inflationary credibility through devaluation. Yet if a country has

serious economic problems, as for example Italy does, clinging to fixed exchange rates is pointless. In the long run, an overvalued currency could only be propped up by high, or even rising, interest rates, which undermine fiscal consolidation and stifle growth. Under these circumstances, regaining domestic stability

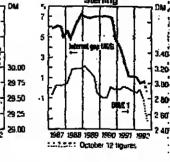
has to take priority over exchange-rate stability. During the adjustment phase, a more flexible exchange-rate regime is needed.

Obvious cases like France and Italy are easy to assess; that of the UK is not so clear-cut. With the economy in a severe recession, sterling's relatively high rate became hard to defend, and even its broad ERM band was not wide enough to allow interest rates to fall sufficiently. Finally, confidence was undermined by the reluctance to raise interest rates as sterling came under speculative pressure.

The UK can now give priority to overcoming recession. While it need not rush to rejoin the ERM, such a move would be prudent as soon as an economic upswing emerges. Ideally, its monetary policy would then be placed in the hands of an independent Bank of England, with a firm commitment to stability, and sterling would have a narrower range. This would restore the credibility of the UK's anti-inflationary policy stance.



:2..... October 12 figures



Despite the damage inflicted, the EMS is by no means dead. A core group of countries will always be willing to coordinate their monetary policies. What is more, if the Maastricht treaty is finally ratified, the EMS will be more necessary than ever. Recent events might seem to indicate that in monetary affairs a twospeed Europe is needed. Yet this view, fails to recognize that monetary union is ultimately meant as a surrogate for political integration which is intended to embrace the whole EC.

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A Vivienne Westwood Retrospective

ORDEAUX - They were hanging from the rafters and squinting from arched windows when Vivienne Westwood. England's queen of subversive fashion, came to this sturdy provincial city of fine wines and fancy foun-

The retrospective show of 20 years of Westwood's iconoclastic

SUZY MENKES

work was held in Bordeaux's musem of contemporary art — a noble building, once a colonial wareouse, where a scent of spices still gers in the air.

There was spice on the runway that snaked through the vaulted hall, for Westwood's exceptional claim to fame is that she was first with almost everything in fashion over the last two decades. Here was raunchy black leather scarred with silver zippers — the punk look she ighted in 1974 as fashion's cry of rage, it was the precursor, and maybe the catalyst, of the current logue for "destroy" fashion.

Then there were the pants strapped together at the ankle from the same period, when Westwood's shop in London's King's Road in Chelsea was named "Sex." "Sedinonaries" and then "World's End." No one could have imagined that "hondage" looks would one day

reach high fashion and café society. Westwood's other fashion premonitions include the utterly feminine mini-crinolines -- coin-dotted were shown in 1985 when fashion was all power-jacketed androgyny; bras worn on the outside in 1982, a decade before Madouna put her imprimatur on undress. Leggings (Resh colored and decorated with a mirror fig leaf) sent out with just a jacket in 1989, were a clairvoyant ision of 1990s style when women trot about in panty hose.

Her most receni innovation was the corset - a flat-fronted, pushup bodice, inspired by 18th century ococo painting, that was most re-

AGE POR AGE TO COME TO

"I don't care — I would care if people didn't know, but they do." said Westwood with her customary sweet serenity as she reigned among designer friends. They included Azzedine Alaia. Kate de Castelbajac, Jean Colonna, the shoe designer Christian Louboutin. Chantal Thomass, Andrée Putman, who had designed the museum restaurant - all monastic walls and mud-splatter murals — where the post-show dinner was held.

ESTWOOD, wearing a skinny stretch velvet dress printed with furniture, received a standing ovageoisie and students.

"We loved it - the way she brought dynamism to the most classic clothes and sticks to her style, even if it has become less shocking today," said the student Sophie Descat, 19.

Images projected on to giant screens included Queen Elizabeth II with an unlikely nose safety pin, and paintings, from Boucher through Gainsborough and Watteau, which have inspired Westwood's sexually alluring scar-let hunting jackets, jabots of fronded chiffon and commedia dell'arte

harlequin suits.
In 1981 she re-wound history to show swashbuckling pirates in big shirts and breeches that replaced hard-edged punk with a new romanticism. It foreshadowed the costume-party mix of historical pe-riods and styles that has now enveloped international runways and is labeled "postmodern,"

What I have always tried to Westwood, "I don't want to get ton involved in that."

The show was sliced by a 15 minute interval which underlined the shift from the aggressively provocative period of rock, rave and active sportswear thooded sweatshirts and trainers back in 19831 to the poetie provocation of clothes

cently seen on the runway at Karl
Lagerfeld's Chanel.

"I don't care — I would care if ed bodysuits and innocent white cotton dresses cut and slashed, as in the 16th century, to show flesh through the disfigured fabric.

"Punk was an exercise - it was trying to see if the younger generation could attack the establishment," she says. "But as token rebels, they became the victims."

The change came in 1985 with the mini-crinis, which she describes as "a new fashion emphasis on fit" and a way to kill off the big shoulder. They were followed in 1987 by a focus on old England, with Harris tweed coats, crown hats and Queen Elizabeth II as a fashion emblem.

"Vivienne is very English, with her mix of street fashion, royalty and political provocation - I find it very modern, especially the corsets," said Jean Colonna, a designer given to tattooed arms and fake leather that exhoes Westwood's early subversive and destructive fashion

The first half of the Bordeaux show showed the collaboration with Malcolm McLaren. of the music business. He was the market manipulator of punk music. seeing its appeal to disaffected, dis-enfranchised youth. Above all, he understood the power of fashion to communicate the message and called on Westwood, an ex-teacher turned designer. That started a symbiotic relationship between rock music and clothes that still flourishes - as witness New York with "grunge" fashion - a music and style which is the sour love child of hippie and punk.

IGH fashlon designers have a way of picking up a ball hurled in the street and running with it (hence grunge at Perry Ellis, bondage leather from Gianni Versace and Lagerfeld's hippie revival at Chloe). Westwood, 50, is a fashion originator who has been unable to turn that talent into a buck. The Bordeaux show was sponsored by Chargeurs Textiles, the textile conglomerate and major international wool supplier. In her own business, Westwood lives from begloved hand to lipsticked mouth. It is a particularly British phenomenon that raw fashion inspiration apparently can never be marketed either as image or product.

"I am in danger of letting my idea go far too early and of not through history to come up with to go ahead of them."



"Other people take it somewhere times" you didn't take it and put their own We

Recently - some might say finally - Westwood has both been taken seriously (she was awarded the Order of the British Empire by Queen Elizabeth this year) and made her clothes look polished and finished — rather than the earlier embryonic efforts. Much of the retrospective proved that Westwood

in Bordeaux for students from a sartorial abandon? Marseille art college. What did they make of this spiky-haired woman with a sweet smile who roots them." says Westwood. "You have

Westwood's most recent collections have seemed a reincarnation Hollywood glamour, although she says that it comes from ber interest in bante couture and its techniques: silver-screen glamour was a parody of high fashion. Compared to the angry early years and the provocative Westwood image, the discreet long slim skirts or fullcircle mid-calf skirts seem pretty mild - give or take the vertiginous She is a professor of fashion at platform-soled shoes Janother the Vienna Academy of Applied Westwood re-launch). So, is fash-Arts, and on the morning after the ion's future a return to convention French show she held a conference after a period of wild sexual and

"I realized that if you can't beat the establishment, you don't join





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See HYPE

Top, from left, punk, mini-crini and corset themes by Vivienne Westwood; the designer (above, right), with Chantal Thomass and Azzedine Alaja.

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STYLE MAKERS

Of Romance and Coffee

EW YORK - How often does anyone actually extend a romantic late-night invitation to share several cups of coffee? Think about it: It's a terrible idea.

Even if the scene is staged prettily, in a cozy room beside a roaring fire, the conversation is liable to be something short of soothing once the caffeine kicks in. One party may fidget; the other may sweat; both will chatter on unstoppably. And if they do wind up in the bedroom, this much is certain: they'll be far too jittery for whatever they have in mind.

But the coffee date suddenly has some credence as a sexual gambit. Or at least it's been working as an advertising strategy, thanks to the zealous efforts of the McCann-Erickson advertising agency for Taster's Choice.

In that company's all-but-mavoidable serial com-mercials, which have raised sales by 10 percent since the first one was shown two years ago, a flirtatious woman (played by Sharon Maughan) and her flirtatious neighbor (Tony Head) develop a mating dance based entirely on coffee's aphrodisiac possibilities. They congratulate each other on a shared "sophisti-cated" coffee habit. Coffee, especially when served in

very elixir of love. Whatever else it has done for "Sharon" and "Tony" (as they are known by aficionados of these ads) Taster's Choice has had a profound effect on their speech patterns. Just as it speeds up the heartbeat, it also raises the tendency to invor pregnant pauses and

a gold-rimmed white china cup, is made to seem the

"Helio: I'm sorry to bother you, but I'm having a dinner party and" (pause) "I've run out of coffee," the slinky Sharon murmars in "Doorbell/First Meeting," as the initial ad in the series is known.

"Would" (pause) "thin (pause) "Taster's Choice be too good for your guests?" Tony answers, flashing his man-of-the-world smile. He goes to a cupboard, where he keeps the Taster's Choice beside a pasta jar. "Oh, I" (pause) "thin kthey could get used to it," Sharon says slyly, her prize — the Taster's Choice —

in hand.

Whoa. Stop right there. Are we to believe that a man who fusses about his pasta would not be grinding fresh coffee beans. Should we not wonder why Sharon is wearing a little black dress and drop earrings for her visit across the hall, looking considerably more polished than any of the just-folks guests at her little source?

Can we really imagine that Sharon and Yony, who have thus far traded caffeinisms through five ads shown

here and 10 in Britain, never meet downstairs by the mailbox and make small talk about anything else?

In fact, viewers are being asked to buy a lot more than processed coffee. These ads are also selling sophistication (as manifested by flowers, sculpture, modern furniture, etc.) and romance (Sharon and Tony end their first date on a near-kiss, though he is by then on a three-cup coffee bender).

And if the creative team behind the ads is to be

lieved, they are even selling crackling conversation. At an advertising seminar last month entitled "Campaign Strategies: How Memorable Ads Are Made" at the Museum of Broadcasting, Irwin Warren, McCann-Erickson's executive vice president and deputy creative director, compared Sharon and Tony with Spencer Tracy and Katharine Hepburn.

This much emerged from the discussion: Sharon and Tony have international appeal, and their roles have been played by Spanish-speaking actors (who wear the same clothes as the two English players, Maughan and Head) for a Chilean version. Some viewers have written to express their hope that

the principals will never have sex (this raises questions that may trouble the long-term coffee devotee). Others write to share their own experiences of coffee and love. And 25 lucky couples (out of 4,000 hopefuls) were flown out for a "romantic weekend in Los Angeles"

after the fourth ad was shown.

Winners even shared a candlelight dinner with the Taster's Choice couple — not an intimate evening but definitely a sophisticated one. Those who didn't know which coffee would end the meal need not have applied.

HITHER Sharon and Tony? We will not know until early 1993, when the sequel to the current "Mystery Man" installment will be shown. When last seen, Sharon was entertaining an English-accented stranger in her apartment and changing her clothes with the bedroom door ajar, either sexily or obliviously, depending on your point of view.

While Sharon was thus engaged, Tony rang the doorbell and was surprised to find the Mystery Man on the premises.

"And did you tell him who you are?" Sharon asked her guest with apparent consternation, while the Myster guest with apparent constantion, white the mys-tery Man tried gamely to change the subject by ex-claiming "Great coffee!" If he's not her brother (or maybe her ex-husband), then my brand isn't Taster's

Janet Maslin



YVESSAINT FAURENTRIVE GAUCHE

"The Mousetrap," 40, Still Snapping

ONDON - The Agatha Christie murder mystery, "The Mousetrap," will celebrate its 40th anni-versary Wednesday. The play has had the longest continuous run of any show in the world. More than 9.5 million people have seen the show, which has provided work for 259 actors, 118 understudies and 20 directors care. directors, says David Turner, who has directed it four times.

Despite total cast overhaus every year since 1968, it "The Mousetrap" has had only one producer, Sir Peter,

For many foreign visitors, it is an obligatory item on London's tourist



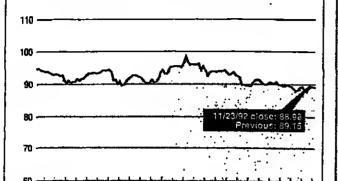
International Herald Tribune, Tuesday, November 24, 1992





THE TRIB INDEX: 88.98

International Herald Tribune World Stock Index o, composed of 230 internationally investable stocks from 20 countries, compiled by Bloomberg Business News. Jan. 1, 1992 = 100.



The index tracks U.S. dollar values of stocks in: Tokyo, New York, London, and Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland. In the case of Tokyo, New York and London, the index is composed of the 20 top issues in terms of market capitalization. In the remaining 17 countries,

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Index, a booklet is available free of charge by writing to Trib Index, 191 Avenue Charles de Gaulle, 80521 Neuelly Cedex, France.

Investing

JJASON

in China

INTERNATIONAL STOCKS

Investors Need Cool Heads To Assess Hot China Hype

By Allen R. Myerson New York Times Service

■ OR NOW, the chaoce to buy Chinese stocks is well worth passing up for the average Western investor. Small, volatile, thinly traded markets, in Sbanghai and Shenzhen, are reason for caution. And the narrow selection of shares available to foreigners has fallen sharply in value since the summer. The biggest risk, however, comes from investing in companies about which little is known: Few have opened enough of their

books for accountants to certify their health, or for investment bankers to ensure that their stock offerings were fairly priced. 'There's no liquidity, and there's no standardized accounting, so you don't know what you're get-

ting," said Fiona Biggs, who manages two Dreyfus Corp. funds that buy foreign securi-Some investment hankers,

confronted with Chinese officials who were ceterans of a command economy and who wanted to dictate how many

shares should be sold and at what prices, stalked off, refusing to take Chinese companies public. But Chinese stocks suffer from no lack of hype. Alan Hargreaves,

the head of Asian sales for Hong Koog-hased HG Asia Ltd., told in New York last week how Shenzhen had gone from an empty grid of roads a decade ago to the equivalent of a newly industrialized country today. For Clima as a whole, he said, "It's one of the higgest booms we've seen in any of the Asian markets we cover." Mr. Hargreaves acknowledged the risks, which have made the managers of the new funds cautious about pouring all their money

into Chinese companies. One of the few, perhaps the only, portfolio for American invesfors that has bought Chinese stocks is the Greater China Fund, a closed-end fund issued in July and traded on the New York Stock Exchange. As of Oct. 31, 9.9 percent of its money was in China, 46.1 percent in Hong Kong and the rest in cash.

As with the other two China funds, those who bought the Greater

China Fund at the issuing price of \$15 a share merely had the privilege of paying a premium reflecting commissions and fees. The underlying stocks were then worth \$13.80.

Now, as at most other closed-end funds, the price has fallen

See HYPE, Page 17

France's Options Are Limited on Farm Trade Pact

By Alan Riding

New York Times Service PARIS - France conceder Monday that it had no legal authority to veto the farm trade agreement concluded between the European Community and the United States, but insisted that it could theoretically block Community acceptance of a

broader global trade pact. The possibility of a French veto has hung over the farm-products agreement since Prime Minister Pierre Beregovoy announced last weekend that it was "unacceptable" to his gov-ernment and that, "as a very last resort," France could torpedo a deal viewed as harmful to French farmers.

But Monday, eager to dispel the impression that France was threatening its European part-ners, government officials said Paris could veto only a formal juridical instrument presented by the EC Commission. And this is oot the case with the farm-trade agreement reached last Friday with Washington, which covers long-term cuts in subsidized food production and

exports. Thus, France would have to await any final global trade-liberalization accord that emerges from negotiations about to re-sume under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. It would then, the government officials said, have authority to veto the entire package.

But political and trade experts have dismissed the possibility that France alone would dan undermine a 108-nation GATT agreement that is not only expected to stimulate world trade and economic growth, but is also likely to benefit service industries and other nonfarming sectors in France.

Stressing their commitment to a GATT accord, French officials have themselves pointed out that agriculture is only one part of a future pact that would also liberalize trade in services, telecommunications and tex-

tiles and establish new rules governing intellectual property. Now, after being held up for

months by the disagreement be-tween the United States and the Community on farm trade, the GATT talks are due to resume Thursday in Geneva amid ex-pressions of optimism in many Western capitals that an agreement might be ready before the end of the year. Nonetheless, having taken a

strong stance against the farm-trade agreement. France still has the problem of finding some face-saving device that will enable it to accept a GATT accord without further enraging its one million farmers — and all in the run-up to crucial parliamentary elections in March.

France's grounds for reject-ing the deal with Washington are that its farmers are asked to make sacrifices beyond those accepted when the Community overhauled its Common Agricultural Policy last May. French government officials said that, in order to be able to

appease the country's farmers, France may have to extract new - still undefined - farming concessions from its partners. Looking for a strong political

mandate for further negotiations at the Community, the government hopes to win endorsement of this position when the National Assembly debates the farm agreement on Wednesday. Its legal options, though, are limited. The EC commission bas authority to negotiate

trade issues on behalf of the 12 and, in the case of the farm pact, this was carried out by the agriculture commissioner, Ray MacSharry, and the exteroal affairs commissioner, Frans Aodriessen. When the full 17-member

commission meets in Brussels on Wednesday to study the agreement, most experts believe it will reject the French argu-ment by concluding that the deal conforms with last spring's reform of the Common Agricul-

GE Sells Its Aerospace Business To Martin Marietta for \$3 Billion

By Lawrence Malkin

NEW YORK — General Electric Co. agreed Monday to sell its aerospace division to Martin Marietta Corp. for \$3.05 billion in the largest consolidation so far of the shrinking U.S. de-

fense industry.
The GE chairman, John F. Welch Jr., said he initiated the deal as part of his rigorous policy of getting out of any market in which his company cannot be first or second. GE will receive cash and \$1 billion in convertible pre-ferred stock from Martin Marietta and take two seats on its board of directors.

The deal, which both sides persisted in calling a merger although it leaves Martin Marietta he dominant partner in aerospace, will involve 38,000 GE employees in 10 states making satellites and radar, sonar, communications and other high-technology systems that had revenues of more than \$6 billion last year and operating profits of \$655 million. GE's jetengine division was oot part of the deal.

Martin Marietta will almost double its annual

revenue, to about \$11 billion, and now bids to become the preeminent U.S. defense contractor while most others seek to slim down or specialize. General Dynamics Corp., probably the dom-inant Cold War defense contractor, has decided

to shrink its business and is offering its missile and fighter divisions divisions for sale. McDon-nell Douglas Corp. is reorganizing and cutting back, as are the California aerospace companies Lockheed Corp. and Northrop Corp. Other major defense competitors are Hughes Air-craft Co. and Texas Instruments Inc., but few companies remain competitive to Martin Mari-

etta across a broad spectrum of products. Norman R. Augustine, Martin Marietta's chairman, said at a joint news conference in Washington with Mr. Welch that the purchase of GE's acrospace division would turn his company into a "strong survivor" concentrating on use and aerospace as a core business.

"The defense budget is clearly declining and industry must consolidate," he said. "There will still be \$100 billion for research, and strong companies will receive a disproportionate share of that money," Mr. Augustine said.

Last year Martin Marietta ranked first in the United States in the number of Pentagon re-United States in the miniber of remagon re-search and development contracts, and GE ranked second. "Standing alone was just not a place either of us ought to have been," Mr. Wetch said. One of the features of the deal was an agreement for Martin Marietta to use GE's corporate research-and-development center. Martin Marietta, which is based oear Washington, will also end up with strong capabilities in civilian high technology. By inheriting GE's civilian weather and other satellites and combining them with its own missiles, it will become the only company in the United States, and perhaps the world, capable of launching its own satellites.

Page 🎜

About \$3.5 billion of its revenue new will come from commercial and civil government contracts, a spokesman said. These include research work in high-speed rail, electronically cabled "smart" highways, and robotics for use in environmental technology, all of which bave been mentioned as candidates for government favor by advisers to the incoming Clinton ad-

Wall Street liked the deal. Both companies shares rose to new highs for the year, with Martin Marietta up \$5.625 at \$63.25 on the New York Stock Exchange, and GE up \$2,125 at \$82,125,

According to both companies, Mr. Welch pproached Martin Marietta about a merger Mr. Welch said it became clear at the first meeting that Martin Marietta "was in no way, for sale," so GE would have to sell its business.

The convertible preferred shares GE is to receive represent a 23 percent stake in Martin

Westinghouse Will Restructure

PITTSBURGH — Westinghouse Electric Corp., in an organizational and management shake-up, said Monday it would exit its disastrous financial-services business and take a

\$2.35 billion pretax charge.

The charge works out to \$1.13 billion after taxes and brings Westinghouse's after-tax charges from the financial-services business to almost \$4 billion since February 1991. Most of the losses came from bad real estate and corporate loans.

This comprehensive plan enables us to put our financial-services problem behind as and sets the stage for Westinghouse to grow profitably in markets where we are a strong worldwide competitor," Chairman Pani E.

Lego said.
Westinghouse shares surged on the news, gaining \$2.375 to \$12.125 on the New York Stock Exchange.

"I think it's definitely a step in the right direction to get them out of this mess," said Kent Newcomb, an analyst at A.G. Edwards. Westinghouse also said it would sell four other "nonstrategic" businesses, cut its debt by

\$5 billion in two years and slash its annual dividend to 40 cents a share from 72 cents. The company will keep three technology-based businesses: electronic systems, environmental systems and power systems. It also will focus on its Group W broadcasting unit, which owns five television stations and 16 radio sta-

tions, and Thermo King Corp., which supplies refrigerated transport equipment. Westinghouse had a net loss of \$1.1 billion in 1991, including a \$1.7 billion charge from the financial-services business, on revenue of \$12.8 hillion. The company said it would have had an operating profit of about \$550 million on revenue of \$8.4 billion had the

financial-services unit and the other business-

es been divested last year.

Under the reorganization, the company will create an eight-member management committee, which will include Mr. Lego. Three executives, Theodore Stern, George C. Dorman and Robert F. Pugliese, will retire. Leo W. Yochum, chairman of the financialservices unit, will step down but will remain a

board member. The company did not say how long it

would take to exit the financial-services business. Westinghouse got into the husiness in the 1980s through investments in real estate and loans to finance leveraged buyouts. The company's financial division touted itself as a "one-stop shopping" outlet where investors could raise money for transactions.

Westinghouse took a \$975 million charge in February 1991 for the finance unit, a \$1.68 billion charge in the third quarter of 1991 and \$155 million in the third quarter of 1992.

The latest plan should provide Westinghouse with enough money to retire all the financial-service division's debt, which totals more than \$6 billion.

Westinghouse said it planned to sell its distribution and control business; Westinghouse Electric Supply Co.; the office-furniture maker Knoll International, and its Westinghouse Communities real estate subsidiary.

Concerns over Westinghouse's bad investments caused rumors of the company's impending collapse last month, which Mr. Lego . denounced. Still, Westinghouse shares have : plunged 40 percent since September.

(Bloomberg, Reuters)

Bayer Sounds Warning As Profit Plunges 32%

By Brandon Mitchener International Herald Tribune

percent drop in its third-quarter pretax profit and warned that Bonn's current plans to cut health-care costs jeopardized the German chemicals industry's most promising business, pharmaceuticals.

"We find it difficult to understand bow the government can talk about securing German competitiveness on the ooe hand and purposely handicap a booming business on the other." said the Bayer chairman, Manfred

The health-care reform plan, now making its way through parliament, aims to cut the public-health bill by 11.4 billion Deutsche marks (\$7.2

hillion) a year, in part by rolling back prices of prescription drugs.

Mr. Schneider called the plan a "massive burden for the profitability of the entire pharmaceuticals sector." He said it would cost his company about 50 million DM in income in each of the next two years and likely lead to layoffs.

by at least 2 percent next year.

first nine months of 1992. Overall, group pretax profit fell 16 percent in the period to 2.22 billion DM, on a 2.4 percent decline in sales to 31.75 billion DM. In the third quarter alone, pretax profit fell to 470 million DM from a year earlier, on a 7 percent slide in sales to 9.56 billion DM. Mr. Schneider predicted Bayer's full-year profit would fall short of earlier expectations of 2.9 billion DM, which is 10 percent plunge from

stock dropped, losing 3.60 DM to finish at 204.10 DM on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange.

Mr. Schneider said Bayer's prime difficulties, like those of its two main German competitors. Hoechst AG and BASF AG, were the weakness of the dellar, a continuing global price war in basic chemicals and a new, dramatic" decline in sales volume in the third quarter.

Increasingly, however, even steadily rising pharmaceuticals earnings "Health-care reforms in a whole row of countries, especially Germany,

without question carry risks whose consequences we cannot yet guess, Mr. Schneider said.

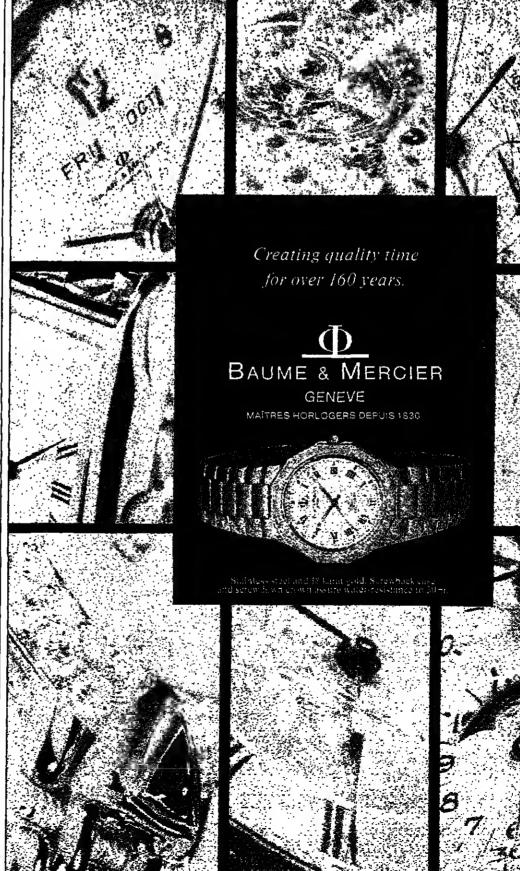
LEVERKUSEN, Germany - Bayer AG reported Monday a 32

Bayer plans to trim its worldwide payroll by 3.7 percent this year and The pharmaceuticals division was Bayer's only source of growth in the

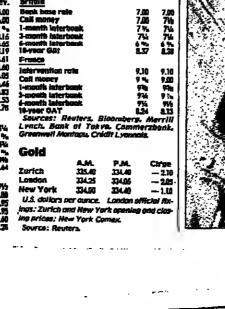
3.21 billion DM in 1991. The third-quarter results were considerably worse than analysts' expectations of a 15 percent to 25 percent drop in profit. As a result, Bayer

Miles Ioc., Bayer's U.S. pharmaceuticals subsidiary, reported percent increase in sales to \$4.9 billion in the first nine months.

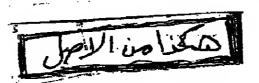
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THE MONEY

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EUROPEAN FUTURES

Gains in Key Issues Blunt Dow's Fall

gains in several key issues helped vall/21st Advisers. counter a plunge in shares of leadng computer-software companies.

N.Y. Stocks

Declining common stocks nutnumpered advancing issues by about a 9-to-8 margin on the New York Stock Exchange. Trading was active, with about 183 million shares changing hands.

Microsoft Corp., the biggest U.S. developer of computer software, fell 64 to 88% after Goldman. Sachs & Co. reduced its earnings estimates for the company for financial 1993 and 1994 on concerns about industry price cuts in Europe.

"Over-the-counter stocks are string hit after what Goldman Sachs did to Microsoft and it's weighing on the entire market." said Dennis Jarrett, market analyst at Kidder, Peabody & Co.

The Dow's decline was curbed by sharp gains in three of its components: Westinghnuse Electric rose 2% to 12%, GE rose 2% to 82% and IBM gained 1% to 63%.

NEW YORK - Stock prices in some of the shattered icons, ended slightly lower on Monday as said Robert Strivall of Sto-

Among computer stocks, Compaq fell 1% to 40 and Apple Computer fell ¼ tn 56% on concerns The Dow Jones industrial average fell 4.32 points, to 3,223.04. that a price war would soon develop in the personal-computer industry. Borland International fell 1% to 221/2. Lotus Development fell % to 201/s, and Navell 11/s to 301/s.

U.S. stocks also were hurt by news of a widening budget deficit The Treasury said the October budget deficit was \$48.9 billion. exceeding economists' estimates.

Texas Utilities, the most actively traded issue, was up 1/4 at 42% after the company reported earnings of \$224.5 million. compared with a loss of \$840 million B year earlier.

PepsiCo fell % to 41% after re-ports that the beverage company plans to acquire Kas SA and the rest of Knorr Elorza SA. CML Group Inc. was more than

4 points lower after the maker of a cross-country skiing machine said that response to its televisinn ads fell short of expectations.

American Medical led the American Stock Exchange actives, up 5 at 10%. (Bloomberg, Reuters)

MARKET: 3 Nations Raise Rates

soney soared in 1,000 percent, as it

· This followed the Norwegian central bank's increase in its lending rate to banks to 25 percent. The previous rate of 17 percent had been set Friday when it was increased from 10 percent. The krone, which is not a member of the exchange-rate mechanism but

Foreign Exchange

which shadows the Enropean Community currencies that are, was barely ehanged Monday from Friday, at 3.95 per mark.

. In Iceland, meanwhile, the government announced a 6 percent devaluation of the krona, which had held steady for three years against a basket weighted toward the European currency unit.

Reykjavik acted after the coun-try's ailing fishing industry com-plained that the devaluation of the peseta had put Iceland's sales nf salted cod to Spain at risk. In Denmark, whose krone had

been expected to come under pressame after the weekend devalua-tions, money market rates were quoted at around 40 percent, but the krone hovered above its floor rate at 3.8854 per mark. -Money market rates in France

rose from 9.375 to 9.75 percent as tion, but they increase suspicion the Bank of France drained funds was reported to be discreetly inter-vening, buying francs, but the ex-

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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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change rate weakened against to 3.3925 per mark.

A sell-off in the French and Danish bond markets pushed lnng-term interest rates up about onetenth of a percentage point, Trad-ers in Paris expressed fears that further deterioratinn could trigger a larger sell-off later in the week. Reflecting the unease in exchange markets and more fundamental concerns that industry can-not cope with the high level of interest rates at a time of slowing economic activity, stock prices in many Continental markets declined. The only gains were recorded in Britain, Italy and Sweden —

mitting their currencies to float. The currency market response to the weekend devaluations "is disappointing," said Jim O'Neill at Swiss Bank Corp, in London, "The same currencies are still weak, the market is nervnus about the Danish krone and the French franc and we have an unstable situation even if on the surface conditions appear to

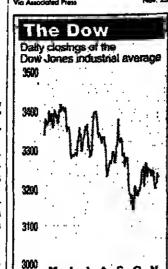
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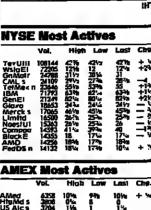
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Most disturbing, analysts agree, is that traders in the currency mar-ket-no longer believe that interest rates can be raised to dispel expertatinus of impending devaluation. The 1,000 percent overnight

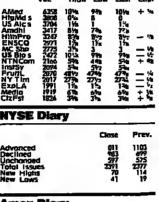
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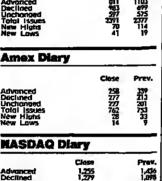
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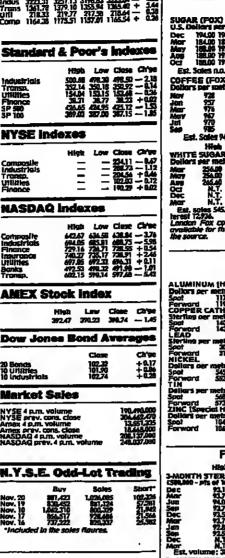
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Industrials

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Ernst & Young Agrees To Pay U.S. \$400 Million

WASHINGTON (AP) — Ernst & Young, one of the largest accounting firms in the United States, agreed Monday to pay the government a record \$400 million to settle charges stemming from its rudits of failed financial institutions.

audits of failed financial institutions.

The settlement was announced jointly by officials of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp., Office of Thrift Supervision and Resolution Trust Corp. They said the settlement was the largest amount ever recovered by the government in a case involving lawyers and accountants providing professional advice to a financial institution. The settlement was part of the government's attempt to recover losses from the bailout of the savings-and-loan industry. The Ernst & Young chairman. Ray J. Groves. said the firm's insurance carriers

Young chairman, Ray J. Groves, said the firm's insurance carriers would cover \$300 million of the settlement and the firm would pay the other \$100 million over the next four years.

Bethlehem Steel and Ispat Set Deal

JOHNSTOWN, Pennsylvania (Combined Dispatches) — Bethlehem
Steel Corp. said Monday it had agreed to sell substantially all its Bar, Rod
& Wire Division to Ispat Mexicana SA de CV, a member of the Ispat
Group of Jakarta. No financial details of the deal were disclosed. Group of Jakarta. No financial details of the deal were disclosed.

Bethlehem said the facilities included were the Johnstown plant's twofurnace electric steelmaking melishop, the primary rolling mills, the
Gautier mills and the 11-inch mill, plus a rod mill at Sparrows Point,
Maryland, and a 13-inch bar mill at Lackawanna, New York.

Ispat has said it will modernize some of the facilities, Bethlehem said,
in order to make it a "world class" steelmaker. The Ispat Group has
operations in Mexico, the West Indies, India and Indonesia, with a
worldwide steelmaking capacity of 4.5 million tons.

(AP, UPI)

Kodak to Sell Atex and 2 Other Units

ROCHESTER, New York (AP) — Eastman Kodak Co. said Monday it would sell three subsidiaries: Atex Inc., Estek Products Division and Eastman Kodak Credit Corp. No financial details were disclosed. Atex, which makes computers and workstations for newspapers and magazines, will be sold to an investment consortium headed by Danny Chapchal. Mr. Chapchal manages several computer and pre-press companies in Europe, the United States and Australia. Atex will continue operating from its headquarters in Billerica, Massachusetts.

Weekend Box Office

The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES - "Home Alone 2: Lost in New York" opened last weekend in the United States with the year's third-strongest box office debut, after "Batman Returns" and "Lethal Weapon 3" earlier this year. Following are the weekend's Top 10, based on estimated receipts from Friday and Saturday and projected earnings for Sunday.

1. "Home Alone 2"	(20th Century Fox)	\$32 millio
2. "Bram Stoker's Dracula"	(Columbia)	\$15.1 millio
3. "Malcolm X"	(Warner Brothers)	\$10.5 millio
4. "Passenger 57"	(Warner Brothers)	\$4.5 millio
5. "A River Runs Through It"	(Columbia)	\$3 millio
6. "Under Siege"	(Warner Brothers)	\$2.5 millio
	(Dimey) ·	\$2 millio
8. "The Last of the Mohicans"	(20th Century Fox)	\$1.9 millio
	(Paramount)	\$1.4 millio
10. "Pure Country"	(Warner Brothers)	\$900,00
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Saudis Seen Resisting Oil Cut

NICOSIA — Saudi Arabia will not agree to lower its oil production level of 8.4 million barrels a day, despite a glut in the market that has weakened the price of OPEC crude, the Middle East Economic Survey The authoritative weekly newsletter said this would be Saudi Arabia's

position at a meeting of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, which opens Wednesday in Vienna. The focus of the talks will be how to strengthen prices in December and the first quarter of 1993. Speculation about the Saudi stance sparked a fall of 35 cents, to \$19.01 benchmark crude. In September, OPEC agreed on a benchmark price of \$21 a barrel. (AP, Reuters)

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Norway's New Bank Bailout

The State Plows In Another \$610 Million

Compiled by Our Stuff From Dispatches

OSLO - Norway launched Monday a new rescue package for the country's three biggest commercial banks and said it hoped that two of them would recover to near break-even next year. The government's bank insurance fund is to provide Den norske Bank, Christiania Bank og

Kreditkasse and Fokus Bank with 4 billion kroner (\$610 million) in capital in return for overall cost cuts of 15 percent. In addition, the fund is to give guarantees worth a total of 800 million kroner to DnB and Fokus. All the assistance must be ap-

proved by parliament.
Including Monday's package, the state has pumped around 20 billion kroner into the banking sector, which is mired in its worst crisis since

Tormod Hermansen, head of the state fund, said he hoped this would be the last state rescue opera-tion and that Christiania and Fokus "should be approaching break-even" next year. "DaB has a tougher way to go." he added.

Christiania and Fokus are virtually state-owned. Their share capital was wiped out last December and they were delisted from the Oslo exchange. DnB is to be 70 percent owned by the state. Its ordinary "A" and free share capital will have to be written down to zero. Trading in those classes of stock has been suspended.

Banks in Norway were hit by a 1986 collapse in oil prices, which caused economic turmoil. Plunging property prices and record bankruptcies further contributed to ballooning losses.

The state fund said it hoped the latest measures would help put the banks hack into nongovernmental hands in the future.

DnB, the biggest bank, would have to cut cut costs hy 7 percent both in 1993 and 1994 as a condition for a 1.5 billion kroner bailout and a 600 million kroner guarantee. In addition, the fund said. DnB will reduce its assets by about 11 percent over a two-year period.

Christiania, the second biggest bank, would re-ceive share capital worth 1.9 billion kroner and would have to cut costs by 8 percent. Fokus Bank would get 600 million kroner in new

share capital and a guarantee of 200 million. All three banks will have to reduce the number of hranch offices, with Fokus Bank ceasing to exist as a national bank and instead concentrating on Trond-

heim and the surrounding area. (Reuters, AFX)

EMS: Swamped, Will It Drown?

(Continued from page 1) ber, when Italy and Britain fled the monetary system's exchange-rate

"If the monetary system takes such a long period of crisis during which it is incapable of reacting, it is not a very positive sign." Mr. Barucci said. "The Italian government thinks it is not the system that is wrong, but the way in which it is

He also said that Italy's re-entry into the European currency grid, which many had hoped to see this past weekend as part of the realignment package, would now proba-bly be further postponed.

Adding to the sense of a system drifting toward disaster was another German reiteration that its interest rates would continue to be set in accordance with domestic economic criteria, not the needs of its bedraggled EC partners. In Brussels, the German state secretary for finance, Horst Köhler, said that his government had indeed come under pressure to cut its interest rates as part of an effort to soften the blow of the weekend realignment. But he added that Germany "will not allow any pressure to be brought on Germany to cut interest rates in connection with the re-

rarily out of the exchange-rate, their costs to cheapen.

mechanism, two others having devalued, and Ireland and Denmark

teetering on the brink, stability and a convergence of economies are clearly no longer selling points of the European Monetary System. "I can only see a widening of the fault lines that became evident in the system in September," said Kirit Shah, a strategist with Sumitomo Finance International in London. He and others forecast a growing

divergence in the economic paths trod by the 12 EC nations. Some economists argue that a chain reaction of devaluations has now been set in motion, and it remains difficult to see where it will end. "We could see a series of beggar-thy-neighbor competitive devaluations," said lan Amstad, an

economist with Bankers Trust in London, The United States has encouraged falls in the dollar for years as a means to increase exports. Now Britain has gone down that path and others may follow.

Some currency analysts blame French concerns over the potential loss of its industrial competitiveness for the unsatisfactory size of the weekend devaluations. Paris was rumored to be worried that its export competitiveness could suffer if all of its competitors followed the lead of Italy and Britain and With two countries now tempo- allowed their currencies and thus

Portugal Draws Few Takers for Stake in Banif

LISBON - The government was able to place just half of its 32.23 percent stake in Banco Internacional do Funchal SA in a priva-

tization effort Monday. Rui Capela, president of Banif, as the bank is known, termed the result a disaster, but declined to comment further.

The government and two stateowned banks, Caixa Geral de Depositos SA and União dos Bancos Portugueses SA, sold 2.8 million of the 5.64 million shares offered on the Lisbon stock exchange,

It was oot immediately clear who bought the shares, which raised 5.33 billion escudos (\$37.3 million). hut left 16.21 percent of Banif shares with the state.

Stock exchange sources said Rentipar, the holding company of the Portuguese husinessman Hora-Roque, who already controls Banif, was the only candidate for a 15 percent tranche reserved for the bank's existing sharebolders.

The action Monday was an unusual flop in the generally successful privatization drive of Prime Minister Anibal Cavaco Silva. which is aimed at selling off most of the companies nationalized after Portugal's 1974 revolution.

Pepsi to Buy Barclays to Shed Drink Firms Another 3,000 Staff In Spain

PLC, one of Britain's four main staffing in a crowded sector. high street banks announced Mone day it expected to shed 3,000 addi-

bave left under the program.

rule out compulsory lavolfs.

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close at 2,722.90.

in 18,000 by 1995.

MADRID - PepsiCo Inc. said Monday it would acquire Kas SA, a leading Spanish heverage company, and the remaining interest in Knorr Elorza SA, or Kesa, a hottling joint venture that makes and distributes both PepsiCo and Kas

heverages, for \$320 million. Under the terms of the deal, PepsiCo will acquire a 100 percent interest in the companies from Banco Bilbao Vizcava, Spain's largest financial institution, which holds majority interests in Kas and Kesa.

The acquisition of the two companies follows PensiCo's expansion plans in Spain and reflects its longterm commitment here, the company said. PepsiCo bas operated in

Spain since 1955. Last year. PepsiCo said it would invest more than \$1 billion over five years in its Spanish operations. which include Productos PepsiCo. a leading snack-food maker, and the Pizza Hut and Kentucky Fried Chicken restaurant chains.

Kas and Kesa are expected to post combined sales of \$470 million this year. PepsiCo said it believed the two companies sales would top \$1 billion in five years.

The Kesa venture, which PepsiCo formed in 1989 to consolidate Spanish bottling operations. makes and sells Pepsi-Cola and other PepsiCo soft drinks, as well as Kas's local line of fruit-flavored drinks and mixers. Kesa's territory covers nearly all

Spain, except for Catalonia. where Pepsi-Cola remains franchised to Cadhury Schweppes. PepsiCo said it held a 30 percent

interest in the operation, with the Knorr family, founders of Kas. holding 19 percent.

LONDON - Barclays Bank on loans and by their own over-

Earlier this month, Trustee Savings Bank announced 440 joh cuts tional employees in the next three and Allied Irish Bank shed 220 years, taking its expected staff cuts jobs, Last week, the Royal Bank of Scotland announced 3,500 job The bank said early last year that

National Westminster drew proplanned to cut its work force of 87,000 by 15,000 over a five-year tests when there were compulsory period. So far, 9,000 staff members layoffs among its 4,000 job cuts this year, part of a plan to lose 15,000 A Barclays spokeswoman said employees. Lloyds Bank cui 7,000 jobs last year.

that most of the job losses would occur through natural wastage and Barclays said it expected to close about 150 branches a year over the next two years. In 1991, it closed voluntary departures but did not The hank said the revised estiabout 110 branches in Britain.

Andrew Buxton, Barclays' chief mate reflected its strategic aim to executive, warned earlier this reduce operating costs and improve operating efficiency in "an increasingly competitive climate and diffirate of branch closures would lead to further job cuts.

Barclays shares dinned slightly But a hank spokesman said Sunon the London Stock Exchange, to "The closure of branches 3.50 pence (\$5.33), from 3.55, as the sn't mean we are abandoning Financial Times-Stock Exchange the high street. It is a major part of 100-share index shed 9.5 points to our activities.

Barclays had an 87 percent drop Bifu, the financial-services trade in its first-half pretax profit, to £51 union, has estimated that 27,000 banking jobs had been lost in the period a year earlier. past year. Banks in Britain have

million, from £378 million in same (Bloomberg, AFP, LPI, AFX)

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 The International Monetary Fund said it expected to reach a 14- to 15month standby agreement with Poland this week, a key to deht concessions from other international creditors.

 Rabobank of the Netherlands signed a cooperation agreement with its German cooperative counterparts; WGZ Bank, SGZ Bank, GZ Bank and DG Bank, the central bank of the German cooperative banking system: · ABN AMRO is in talks with Breevast NV, a Dutch realtor with operations in North America and Germany, to acquire the 79,2 percent of Breevast's issued share capital it does not already hold.

 The European Community will contribute \$3.7 million to a pilot project with Japan aimed at boosting competitiveness in printed circuit boards; Rhône-Poniene SA's net profit fell 21 percent to 1.11 billion French frames (\$205 million) in the first nine months of 1992, but for the full year. the chemical company forecast a 10 percent increase in operating income

above the 1991 level of 6.27 billion francs. Cartsberg A/S's net profit for the year to Sept. 30 rose 19 percent to 938 million kroner (\$154 million), but the brewer warned of uncertainty over its earnings prospects for the current year.

 Mannesmann AG's sales in the nine months to Sept. 30 rose 18 percent to 19.2 billion Deutsche marks (\$11.9 billion), hut earnings in the period

were "distinctly below" a year earlier; it gave no figures for profit.

Nissan Micra Is Europe's Car of the Year

£891 million shortfall in September.

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches PARIS - Nissan Motor Co. on Monday won Europe's "Car of the Year Award" for its British-

made Micra minicar, the first Japanese company to win the award. The French sports newspaper L'Equipe, one of seven uropean publications that organized the vote, said

Micra beat Fiat SpA's Polish-made Cinquecento, also a minicar. Renault's Safrane family-sized car was third. Considered in the rating are a car's safety, com-fort, performance, technical innovation and price

Separately, sales of cars in Western Europe are likely to fall 3.5 percent in 1993, a private research

institute said Monday, and prospects are also poor for European automakers' main export markets, DRI/McGraw-Hill said the European auto sector was truly in recession, with the effects likely to be felt

U.K. Trade Deficit Jumps

LONDON - Britain's trade gap with the rest of the world

remained deep in the red in October, data showed Monday, as the

impact of sterling's devaluation began to push up the cost of imports.

deficit stood at £1.06 hillion (\$5.53 hillion) in October, after a revised

The visible trade deficit was £1.16 hillion, with imports rising 4.9

percent to £10,22 billion, after £9.74 billion in September, and

exports climbing 3.5 percent to £9.06 billion, after £8.75 billion. It

was the second-highest monthly total of exports on record.

Central Statistical Office figures showed the current-account

the most in Germany and Italy. Sales are expected to fall by at least 11 percent in Germany, 8 percent in Italy and 7 percent in Spain, the report said. Prospects for France and Britain are better, with rises of 4 and 12 percent, respectively.

By company, Volkswagen, Fist. Ford and General Motors are expected to be the worst hit. Each company is expected to sell around 100,000 fewer cars in 1993 than it did this year, the report said.

Court Won't Block BA's Dan-Air Deal

LONDON - A High Court judge on Monday rejected a challenge by two rival airlines of British Airways' acquisition of the troubled carrier

Virgin Atlantic and British Midland bad sought a judicial review of the government's decision not to refer the takeover to the Monopolies and ergers Commission for review. But the judge ruled that the plaintiffs did not have a case,

The Dan-Air takeover will leave just two British carriers. BA and itish Midland, flying between Britain and continental Europe. British Airways controls 40 percent of the slots at Heathrow and will have an even greater number at Gatwick, Dan-Air's home base.

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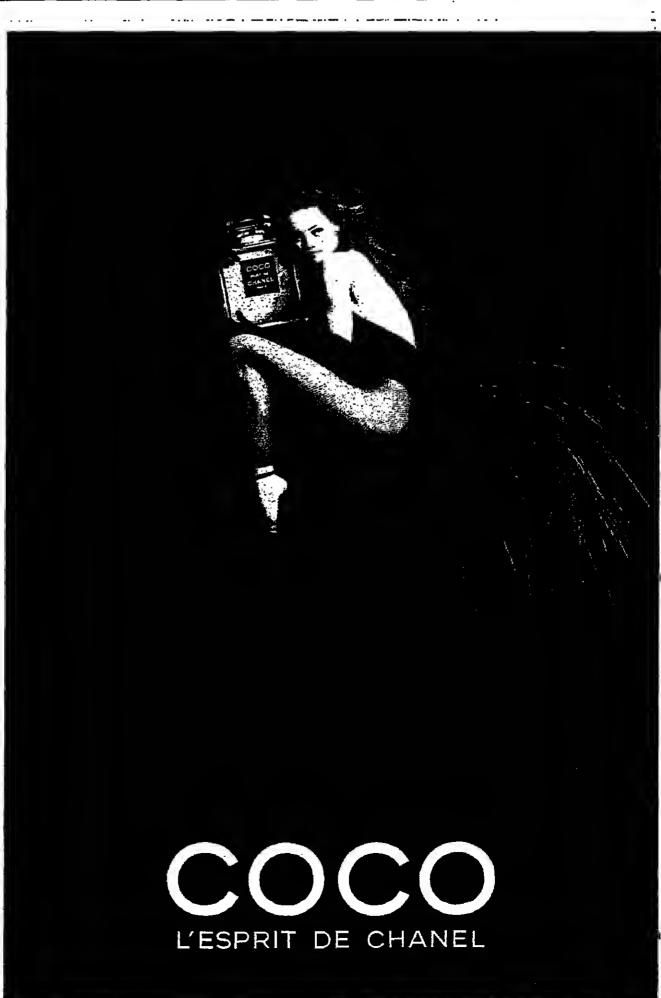
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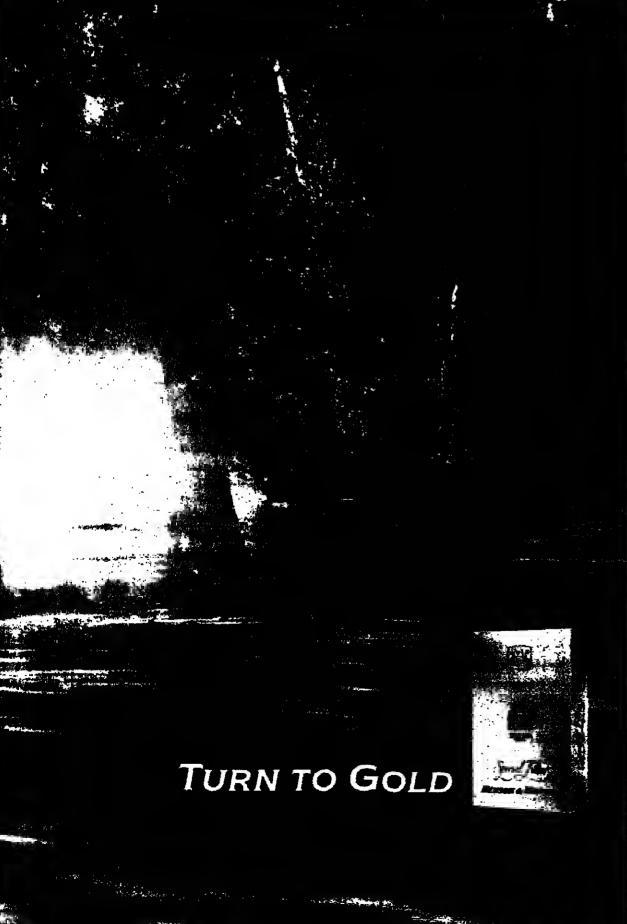
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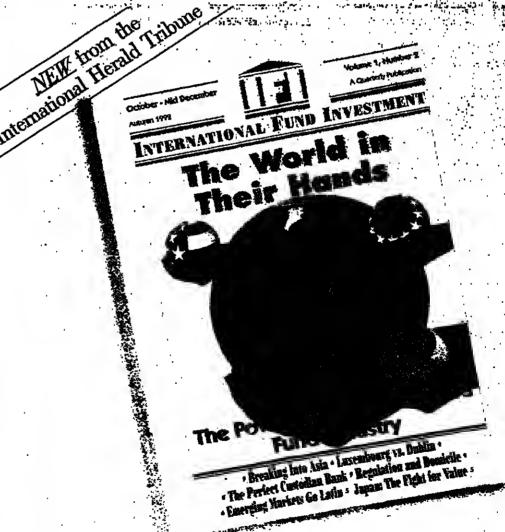
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ASEAN Loss Seen in NAFTA

1.50

KUALA LUMPUR — Southeast Asian exports to the United States will fall by \$2 billion a year when a North American trade accord takes effect. but commerce with East Asian nations will help cushion the drop, analysts said Monday.

The tovestment analyst Patrick Lim told a trade and finance conference here that the Association of South East Asian Nations was "likely to suffer" when the North American Free Trade Agreement came into play in 1994.

ASEAN comprises Brucei, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand, NAFTA links the United States, Mexico and Canada. "ASEAN member nations will suffer a loss of at

least \$2 billion in export earnings," Mr. Lim said.
U.S. trade with ASEAN grew 13 percent in 1990 to \$46.1 billion, from \$40.8 billion in 1989. Mr. Lim said Malaysia was expected to suffer I billion ringgit (\$396 million) in direct export losses, mainly horting sales of clothing and semi-conductor products to the United States. "Malay-

sia will lose an uoquantifiable amount in exports which enter the United States via third countries

like Singapore," he added.

Mr. Lim said the economic pressure of NAFTA could be cushioned by increased trade and investparticularly China, Japan, South Korea and Tai-

"China is likely to stimulate the growth of ASEAN countries and the Pacific rim by the year 2010." Mr. Lim said.

Linda Low, senior lecturer in the National University of Singapore's department of business policy, said NAFTA countries had a combined gross domestic product of \$6.45 trillion in 1991. "As trading blocs emerge, one worry is the fate of nations in the southern hemisphere," she said. "ASEAN nations and Japan may be in some quandary on how to react."

She told the conference that the timing for ASEAN economic cooperation, as envisaged in an ASEAN Free Trade Area, was now opportune. ASEAN members have agreed to slash tariffs over the next 15 years to pave the way for the creation of a free-trade zone to the region.

The Mexican ambassador to Malaysia, Jorge Dominguez, said NAFTA was oot intended to create a trade "fortress" in North America, but rather to be "a major contribution to vigorously expand global trade, investment opportunities and employment generation.

KCT Shares Soar 171% In Malaysia

KUALA LUMPUR - Kelang Container Terminal Bhd. got off to a blazing debut Monday on the Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange, soaring 171 percent on its first day of trading. KCT closed at 8.40 ringgit

(\$3.57), after touching a high of 9.0 ringgit, compared with its offer price of 3.10 ringgit. It was the most active stock on

the exchange, with 20 million shares trading hands on the day. "It is quite fantastic," said Ang Kok Heng, research manager of TA Securities Sdn. We thought it will reach 9.0 ringgit by the end of the year, but this was achieved within the first day."

KCT operates the privatized container terminal at Malaysia's main harbor, Port Klang. The share was recommended by analysts as it was the first market play in Malaysia's fast-growing port operations. Traders said the impressive start for KCT buoyed the market, with the KLSE composite index ending 1.19 points higher at 643.79.

Brokers said the market was likely to extend its rebound as investors slowly regained confidence.

Formosa Plastics **Drops China Plant**

TAIPEI - Formosa Plastics fered to set aside 20 square kilomegroup. Taiwan's largest private ters (8 square miles) of land at the conglomerate, said Monday it had site in case Formosa Plastics decidsuspended controversial plans to ed to revive the project. But he build B \$6 billion petrochemical declined to say whether this was a

Taiwan company.

agree with the Chinese authorities on whether ethylene made at the other Taiwan companies. complex, at the port of Xiamen in na's domestic market.

"If I went ahead with the invest-ment," he said, "I would want to do us some response." it 100 percent for the domestic market and oot for exports. They are Trade With China Soars

very unhappy about this."

Mr. Wang did not refer to strong opposition to the project from the cent from a year earlier to \$5.28 Taiwan government, but many an-alysts believe this was a major fac-this year. Reuters reported from tor in his decision.

Saying the project would trans-fer too much capital and technology to China, the government had 36.4 percent to \$4.46 billion from warned Formosa Plastics not to January through September, while proceed. The plan was first pro-

complex in China.

It would have been the largest single investment in China by a Taiwan company.

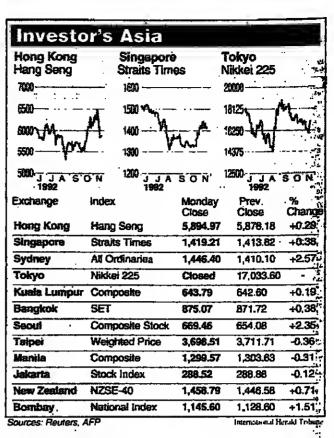
Taiwan company.

Mr. Wang said his company was Chairman Wang Yung-ching prepared to consider other, smaller said Formosa Plastics could not petrochemical investments to China, perhaps in cooperation with

"The best location would be the southern province of Fujian. Shanghai if we have another pro-would be exported or sold in Chi-ject to replace the original one," he said. "We'll think about it after the mainland Chinese authorities give

this year. Reuters reported from

The Board of Foreign Trade said that Taiwan's exports to China rose imports from China advanced 6.9



Very briefly:

 Campbell Somp Co. is threatening legal action unless Arnotts Ltd. drops a 1985 agreement between the two that was aimed at helping Australia's largest cookie maker remain independent; Campbell has made a 1.2 billioo Australian dollar (\$800 million) bid for Amous.

w Adelaide Steamship Co. of Australia said it hoped to float the food retailer Woolworths, its most profitable asset, sometime oext year. · Bank Summa, the troubled Iodooesian bank, owes about 900 billion

rupiah (\$440 million) to its customers, press reports said Monday. Japanese companies expect oo economic recovery until after the spring. according to a poll of major corporations,

 Jiangai Province will sell shares and bonds to build a 274 kilometer (170) mile) expressway and a 2.600 meter (8.580 foot) bridge across the Yangtze River, the China Daily said; at least one of the two shareholding companies for the project will be open to foreign investment,

 CSR Ltd. of Australia said net profit in the six months ended Sept. 30 rose 23 percent from a year earlier, to 135.3 million Australian dollars, as timber-product operations returned to profitability,

· Foreign investment in China has soared this year, with the government approving 27,000 foreign-funded projects in the first eight months. an official report said; Hong Koog and Macao provided more than half;

AP. Bloomberg, AFP, UPI, Reuters

HYPE: Cool Evaluations of China Tian An China (Continued from first finance page) SEC does not approve the use of

Chinese custodians, the fund might have to make new arrangements or For \$18 Million below the net asset value. The

shares were quoted Monday at \$13.375, with the underlying stocks recently worth closer to \$14. even sell its holdings. Of the two rival funds, the Jar-dine Fleming China Region Fund Other funds are holding back un-til U.S. regulators settle a legal isrefused to specify its investments, while the third, the China Fund. sue. The Securities and Exchange has not invested in Chinese compamission is trying to decide whether the banks serving as fund custodians can trust the Shanghai mes pending SEC action. Of the \$110 million it raised, the China Fund has deployed \$24.5 million,

and Shenzhen exchanges to hold to Hong Kong companies with sub-stantial operations in China. the funds' shares for safekeeping. About a dozen banks have asked It's just as well that legal barriers for SEC clearance. Many of these banks might want to provide service and limited investment choices for new funds or help existing funds buy Chinese stocks. There is a lot have kent motual funds from investing much to Chinese compa-nies. The China funds are off only of anticipation that China's really going to he a market that people slightly, not nearly as much as if they had more money directly in China. want to be in," said Thomas S. Har-

man, chief counsel of the SEC's in-

vestment management division. On Monday, the All China Index Nothing prohibits the Greater produced by Crédit Lyonnais Secu-China Fund or others from buying nties Asia ended down 1.23 per-Chinese stocks, he noted, But if the cent, at 1,457.18.

To Float Holdings

HONG KONG - The real estate developer Tian An China Investments is to inject its holdings in six Chinese manufacturing compa-nies into SHK China Industrial Investments and then sell 70 percent of it to independent investors, Tian An said Monday. The sale will be worth.140 million Hong Kong dol-

lars (\$17.9 million). Tian An said it would subscribe for 7.5 million new shares to SHK China Industrial at 8 dollars each. SHK Industrial will then sell 17.5 million new shares through a private placement at the same price.

The assets to be transferred to SHK China Industrial are valued at 61 million dollars and include holdings in makers of light bolbs, drugs, refrigerators and packaging.

Hopewell Signs China Highways Deal

GUANGZHOU, China --- The Hong Kong entrepreneur Gordon Wu signed contracts on Monday worth \$2 billion to build two more superhighways in southern China.

Mr. Wu, managing director of Hopewell Holdings Ltd., vowed at a signing ceremony bere that his company would avoid the problems that have troubled the first phase of the project.

Hopewell ran into major problems in buying land for phase ooe, which effectively links Hong Kong and Guangzhou. The road, being built by a joint venture with Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Co..

The oext phase of the project calls for a \$550

analysts doubt that this date can be kept.

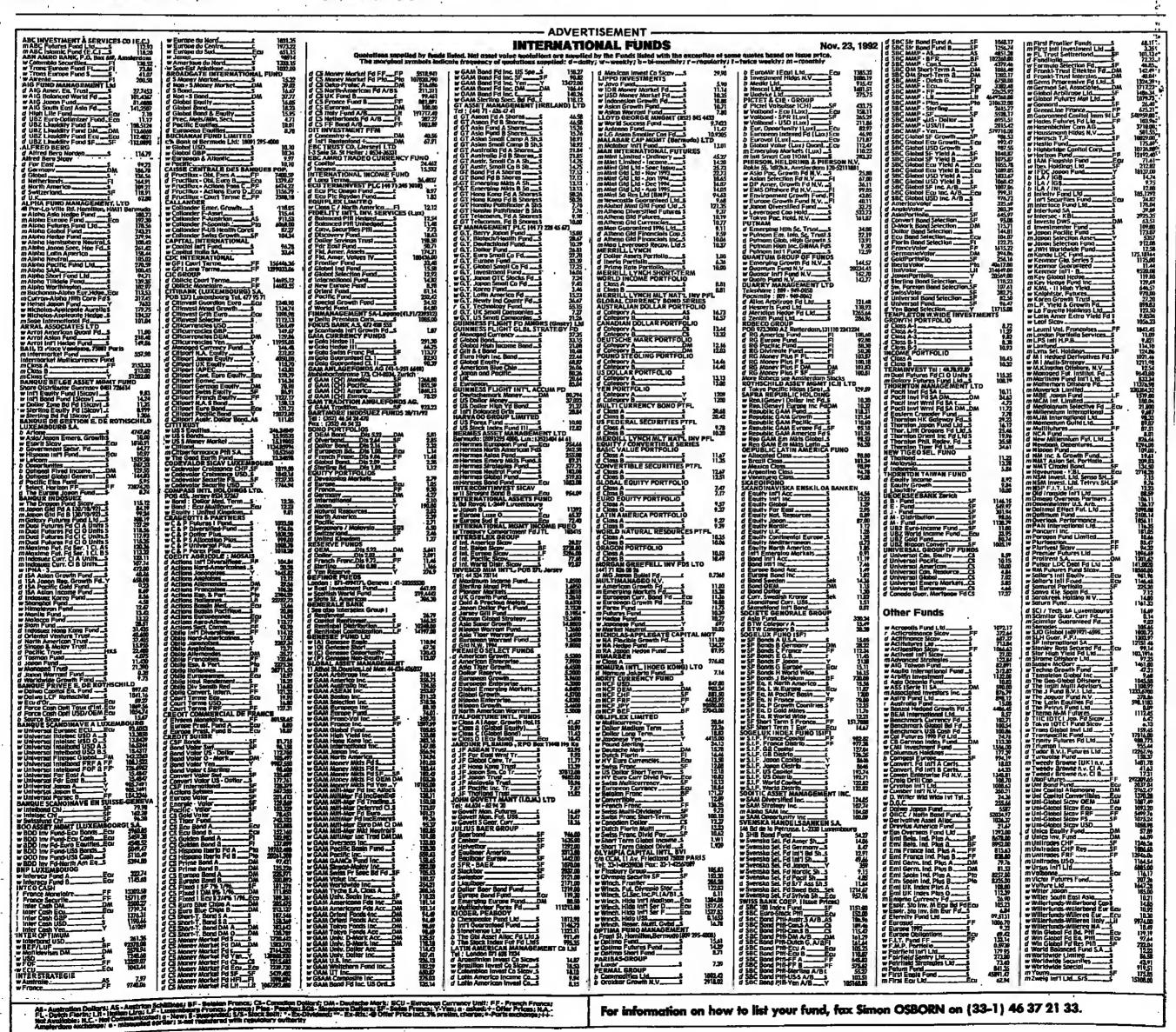
million riog road for Guangzhou, and a \$1.4 billion to \$1.5 billion link to Zhuhai, oext to the Portuguese enclave of Macao.

is to be finished by the middle of 1993. But some

To avoid the pitfalls of phase ooe, Mr. Wo said he would not try to buy the land for the highways. but let the Chinese authorities provide it instead.

Work on both projects is to start next year and be completed in three years. Hopewell will earn a bonus if the roads are finished early, but faces penalties if the schedule is not met.

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SPORTS BASKETBALL

Plant's Capsized Boat Is Found

PONTA DELGADA, Portugal

- The wreckage of the yacht of round-the-world sailor Michael Plant was found Monday north of the mid-Atlantic archipelago of the Azores, and the search for Plant, who has been missing for three weeks, was continuing, a U.S. consulate official said.

A Portuguese merchant navy ship found the wreckage of the 60foot (18-meter) Coyote some 400 nautical miles (740 kilometers) north of the Azores, said the official, who asked not to be named. No further details were avail-

In Falmouth, England, warships

and planes were ordered Monday to join the search for Plant, and a French ship was en route to the area. Three American surveillance planes spent Monday scouring the area and a British Air Force Nimrod surveillance aircraft was to continue the search overnight.

It appears the yacht lost its ballast weight, which was tacked onto the keel, and capsized suddenly, fully rigged," a coast guard spokesman

said in Falmouth. "If it did go over suddenly then he would have had difficulty in getting himself out."

A Liberian-registered tanker, the Protank Orinoco, first spotted the capsized yacht Sunday and radioed the U.S. Coast Guard. Coyote's hull was floating in an area about 480 miles southwest of Ireland and about 500 miles north of the Azores.

Plant was on his way to Les Sables d'Olonne, France, for the start of the Vendée Globe Challenge, a nonstop race around the world that began Sunday.

The search for Plant began 10 days ago and included six days of searching with U.S. and Canadian aircraft. It also included a notice to vessels like the Protank Orinoco to keep watch for the Covote.

U.S. Coast Guard Lieutenant Andrew Sorenson, based at Gover-nors Island in New York, said that there apparently had been no damage to the buil of Plant's yacht. But he said the ballast bulb, designed to keep the boat upright, was missing. The heavy lead bulb was mounted like a pendulum on the end of an I !-foot carbon-fiber keel blade.

them to get close to the yacht." Sorenson said of the tanker's crew. But they could see, as the boat crested on the waves, the name Coyote written on the side of the

could also see, as the yacht pitched and rolled on the waves, that the Coyote's rig and sails were intact. The tanker reported that the boat looked as if it had a full set of sails hoisted.

The U.S. Coast Guard said Sunday that it would begin a flare search, a fanning out of airplanes from the position where Plant's boat was found, with two coast guard C-130 planes and a U.S. Navy P-3 Orion, also propeller

was attempting to coordinate the rerouting of a U.S. Navy vessel to the area. Plant left New York Oct. 16 and was expected to reach Les Sables

d'Olonne by Oct. 31. On Oct. 21, he radioed to a passing freighter that his on-board electronic system, which operated

21. UCLA 22. UNLV 23. CIRCIAN

the bracket.

tournament.

of the best teams in the nation were not even in

Conference championship to North Carolina

State in a game regarded as one of the finest in

history and did not make the field. Two years later, Indiana and Michigan met in an all-Big

Ten NCAA final. It was no coincidence that in

1977, when North Carolina made its first ap-

pearance in five years, the Tar Heels' coach,

Dean Smith, was stunned by what he saw.
"What a change," he said, "It became the
World Series, the Super Bowl. I couldn't get

Now, Final Four teams from the 1970s - St.

Charlotte, Marquette, Rutgers - seem light

years away from that rung. A talented group of players is not enough to make that climb in the

Krzyzewski has seen what happens. "By the

second or third game, your exposure at that

point - because everybody wants to be that

Cinderella — becomes bigger than any other team in the tournament," he said. "So bow do

you bandle that and get your team prepared?

That's a tremendous psychological obstacle to

For years, observers have smiled when Smith has talked about the "psychological advantage." But when the highest level of teams is so

over the press conferences.

In 1974, Maryland lost the Atlantic Coast

lics and computer equipment, had

Plant has not been heard from since, except for a brief and sketchy signal Oct. 27 from an emergency radio beacon.

Stephen Baker, the Newport, Rhode Island, yacht designer who developed the Coyote with his partner, Rodger Martin, said Sunday that he was baffled about how the ballast bulb could have broken

Without ballast, the boat would flip over immediately and not be able to right itself. Most keelboats will pop back up if they roll over because the hallast shifts the center of gravity so the boat resumes its upright position. The Coyote lost its righting ability when it lost the The coast guard also said that it

> "It would take a lot to take those bolts off." Baker said of the way the bulb was secured to the keel stem. Six three-quarter-inch (19millimeter) stainless steel bolts were threaded through a metal plate embedded in the keel. (AP.



Mike Plant, the American sailor who has been missing in the Atlantic for three weeks, aboard another sailing boat in 1990.

Colleges: Endless Pressure And a Logjam of the Elite

By Malcolm Moran

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — More than four months away from the hasty construction of a victory stand on a Monday might in New Orleans, the earliest signs of a celebration seem to be taking

The University of Michigan had just played a game against the Russian national basketball ieam at the Palace of Auhum Hills. Last week's glorified scrimmage attracted 19,229 customers, some of whom had to search for parking spots until balftime. Everyone seemed happy just to get a glirupse of the Fab Five as sophomores and eager to write in their young heroes for nothing less than a spot in the Final Four, as the semifinals and finals of the National Collegiate Athletic Association's tournament are

"Who could argue? From that Monday night lass April in Minneapolis, even before their tears were dry after a championship-game loss to Duke, the Wolverines were widely figured as favorites in a tournament that was then a year

Although the billion-dollar success of the NCAA tournament has been built upon the effectively marketed premise that everybody bas a chance, recent history has established a logiam of clite programs that makes any road to a championship one that must be navigated with care, skill and luck.

The price of being among the elite is that entire seasons can now be defined on the basis of one buzzer-beating shot. So as the trip to that no amount of promise allows for any promises. Prospective spots in the Final Four, ad-matter bow logical they may seem in adwillice, should be marked in pencil until well after the Ides of March.

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ALTER OFFICE TRANSPORTER OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONT

Years from now, the youngest, most avid fans will be able to recite the 1992 Final Four: Duke, Michigan, Indiana and Cincinnati. But, quick: Who were the No. 1-seeded teams? -H Duke's Grant Hill and Christian Lacttoer

had not between them created the unforgettable last-instant overtime basket that beat Kentucky, the Blue Devils would have joined Ohio State, Kansas and UCLA as top-seeded teams that sat at home on the final weekend.

Of the 14 champions since the tournament field was first seeded in 1979, only five had been the No. 1 team in their regions. And two of them required memorable game-winning shots, by North Carolina's Michael Jordan in 1982

and by Indiana's Keith Smart five years later.
Of the 56 teams in the Final Four in that span, 22 - less than 40 percent - have been seeded No. 1. But teams seeded Nos. 1, 2 or 3the top 12 teams each year - have occupied 40 of those last 56 Final Four spots.

"People don't realize bow good teams are." said Steve Fisher, Michigan's coach. "There's not going to be a team like Indiana in '76, or UCLA, to go undefeated. There are some elite teams, but those who are on the next level have managed to reduce the size of that gap."

The intense scrutiny inspired by the growth of the tournament has made dealing with that logiam a complicated issue. Fisher was wary of being perceived as making excuses in advance. Duke's coach, Mike Krzyzewski, who bas watched the unveiling of two championship banners in the last two seasons, did not want to be considered a self-promoter for explaining the factors that helped his team succeed at the

But as the tournament has evolved from 8 teams to 64, and as logistical considerations have taken on Super Bowl proportions for coaches and young, ever-changing casts of players, the competition for a national title has grown to include more perplexing factors than turned ankles and missed foul shots.

"My motto was 'Play Hard and Have Fun." what I did.

But can that be accomplished as easily as a sophomore surrounded by other celebrated sophomores? As highly recruited talents are publicized at an earlier age, the scrutiny that surrounds a high-profile team can seem a natural progression rather than something new. "Chris Webber has been bombarded that way since he was a freshman in high school," Fisher said. "I think our kids can cope with that better than a lot of older players." The clite can retain their status because the

step to the highest level has become so difficult. When a conference's representation in the NCAA field was restricted to one school, some

The Top 25 Teams Florida State Moves Up 2 Places in Poll

The Associated Press

The too six teams in the first regular-season college basketball poll held their spots Monday from the presesson voting and Florida State made the first jump of the year, moving up two places to

With just the 12 games of the first two rounds of the preseason NIT baving been played, a lot of change wasn't expected. Michigan, Kansas, Duke, Indiana, Kentucky and Seton Hall stayed Nos. 1-6. Florida State's jump came at the expense of North Carolina and Memphis State, which each dropped a spot to eighth and ninth, respectively.

Arizona again closed the top 10.

Indiana, Seton Hall, Florida State and No. 21

UCLA, which improved three spots, will play Wednesday night in the semifinals of the presea-son NIT at New York after winning two games each. The championship game is Friday night, Indiana and Florida State each beat a ranked

team in the second round of the tournament that starts the season. The Hoosiers beat Tulane, which dropped from 17th to 19th, while the Seminoles

balanced and the athletes are barely out of their teens, a coach's ability to establish a positive, confident outlook can become a decisive factor.

Last season, nearly every day, Duke was

reminded in some way that a repeat champion-ship hadn't taken place in 19 years and just doesn't happen anymore.

"You just have to fight through it," said Duke senior Thomas Hill. "You have to talk

about it every day. That's what set us apart. You focus on it. You never leave any stone,

And that is where tournament time becomes

challenge. Time pressures could lead a coach to skip conversation for a day or two or three

The sense of normalcy established by weeks of

routine is replaced by one basic question Krzy-

zewski remembered facing: "Who do you say

said. "It's all your support people. How do you handle tickets? The ticket thing becomes an entity onto itself. What's legal? What's not

legal? How many can you get? 'Oh, these 20

people called. They went to school with you.

It's that type of thing. And a lot of that is good. But you know what? All of it takes time."

most of the decisions are made by the head

coach, time management becomes a critical

If a program is slightly smaller in scope, and

"It's not just me, or the players," Krzyzewski

cruised past lowa State, which fell from 19th to 24th.

Michigan, which lost in last year's NCAA championship game, received 24 of the 65 first-place votes and 1,540 points from the nationwide panel of writers and broadcasters. Kansas had 18 first-place votes and 1,515 points, in both cases three more than two-time defending national champion Duke. Iowa again led the second 10, in which Louisville

and Georgetown switched places from the preseason rankings, while Syracuse moved up one spot and Michigan State two. Massachusetts was 23d in the preseason poll. Cincinnati was the only other team to move

from the preseason voting, dropping two spots.

The regular season will get under way in full force on Dec. 1, the new official starting date.

The only exceptions for playing before then are the 16-team presesson NIT, the Tipoff Classic — Connecticut versus Purdue at Springfield, Massachusetts, on Saturday — and the Great Alaska Shootout, which runs Wednesday through Saturday. There are no ranked teams in the eight-school field.

can play.

issue. "Now you're in all these simutions," Krzyzewski said:

And by the way, they have a 6-9 kid who

They do? When are we going to get tape on

"'And by the way, three friends called. They

want to have dinner Friday night before the

"When are we going to watch that 6-9 guy?"
"Well, it's not just the 6-9 guy. They have

The beads of experienced coaches have been

When the Blue Devils finally won, beating

sent spinning by a lot less. And they, in most

Kausas in the 1991 final, the championship

created one more surprise — an even greater demand, up to and including a trip to the White

"It was at a different level, by far," Krzy-zewski said. "We were inundated. We were almost crippled here."

But that is not a problem for November.

Jalen Rose, Michigan's sophomore guard

knows that last season's emotional fuel of chal-

lenging more experienced teams will now work

in reverse. "That comes with the territory," he

said. "We have to be ready to handle it. If not, then we have a little trouble."

two guards that are good, too. . . .

House Rose Garden.

Suns Are Sunk Early by Bulls

The Chicago Bulls gave the Phoenix Suns a. esson in what it takes to be a great team. The Bulls made 18 of their first 22 shots and Michael Jordan scored 40 points Sunday night en route to a 128-111 victory in Phoenix, Arizo-

Jordan, who scored 54 points in Friday's overtime loss to the Los Angeles Lakers, had 37 by the end of the third quarter. It was the 146th

NBA HIGHLIGHTS

time he has scored more than 40 points in a

Charles Barkley led the Suns with 22 points and nine rebounds.

"Chicago is a great team, and we are not ready to challenge them yet," said the Suns' coach, Paul Westphal, "By the end of the year, I think we have a chance." Trail Blazers 115, Pistons 90: In Portland,

Oregon, Cliff Robinson scored 20 points as the Trail Blazers remained the league's only imbeaten team. Their coach, Rick Adelman, reached career victory No. 200 in his 288th game, faster than any other coach in NBA-Clyde Drexler added 19 points for Portland;

which wound up with six players in double figures, including Rod Smickland, who recorded the team's first triple double of the season with 31 points, 10 rebounds and 13 assists. The Pistons, paced by Joe Dumars' 19 points, dropped their fifth straight.

Warriors 114, Nets 101: Chris Mullin scored points and Tim Hardaway added 27 as Golden State won its 11th straight in East Rutherford, New Jersey. The Warriors won for just the second time in their last eight games to complete a five-game road trip at 1-4. Drazen Petrovic scored 23 points for the Nets, who have lost three straight at bome. Derrick Coleman had 19 points and 15 rebounds for New Jerscy.

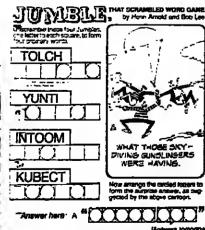
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Charles Charles Charles Charles Papelles Charles Charl

I's Top 25

Lakers 119, Nuggets 167: In Inglewood, California, Sedale Threatt scored a game-high 32 points and Vlade Divac added 27 to pace Los Angeles to its third straight victory. Chris Jackson had 20 points and Robert Pack 18 for Deaver, which dropped to 0-5 on the road.





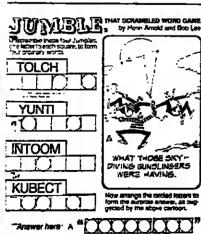
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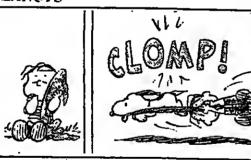


SOUT START STVING THEM NAMES, JOEY YOU'L NEVER WANT TO EAT THEM!"



It's never been eosier to subscribe

BLONDIE





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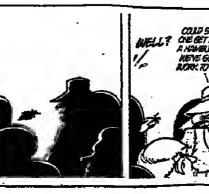






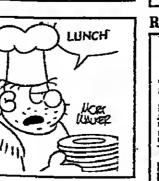






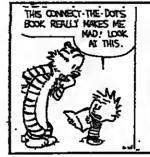


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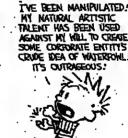


CALVIN AND HOBBES











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Lineups For Bowls Clearer

By Malcolm Moran New York Times Service NEW YORK — When Miami's

Casey Greer stopped Syracuse tight end Chris Gedney on the 3yard line, ending the last-gasp effort of quarterback Marvin Graves and the Orangemen, the possibili-ties for New Year's Day came into a much clearer focus.

One of three games in the new bowl coalition should be host for a No. 1 vs. No. 2 matchup that would decide an accepted national cham-pion for the first time since 1989. As teams approach an end of their regular seasons, a time when bowl commitments used to be already secretly chiseled in stone, the patience mandated by the coalition has proven to be a strength. Miami's 16-10 victory over Syra-

cuse on Saturday, which extended the nation's longest major-college winning streak to 28 games, left the Hurricanes one victory from a spot m a championship game.

The Hurricanes received 61 of the 62 first-place votes to The Associated Press poll, which the coalinon will use as its guide for making bowl selections on Dec. 6.

A Miami victory next Saturday against San Diego State — in a meeting of Heisman Trophy candidates Gino Torretta and Aztec running back Marshall Faulk -would put the Hurricanes one step from a second consecutive perfect season. Torretta threw for 343 yards, but

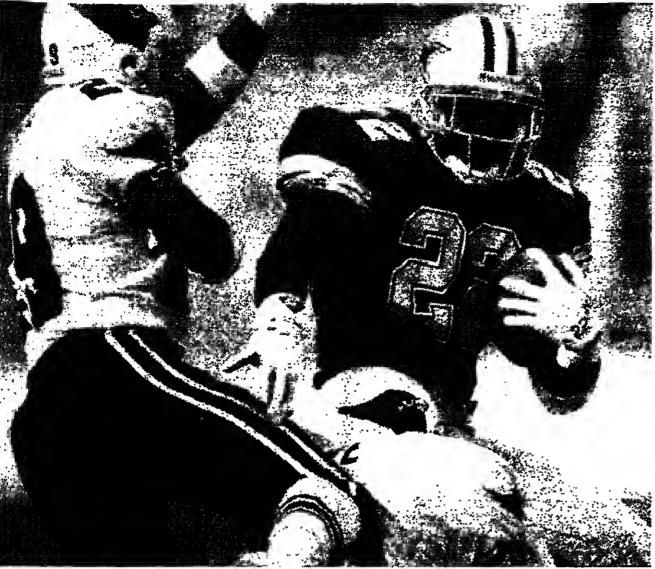
had three interceptions, against Syracuse. Faulk, in the Aztecs' 45-4) loss to Fresno State, left because of a knee sprain after just two carries for 21 yards and a touchdown. His status is considered questionable for the Miami game.

If Alabama beats Anburn on

Thursday, then wins the first Southeastern Conference championship game against Florida on Dec. 5, the Crimson Tide could play for the No. 1 spot against Miami in the Sugar Bowl. An Alabama loss, however, could make the choice of the AP poll a decisive factor.

Once-beaten Florida State, which is ranked third ahead of undefeated Texas A&M, could move into the second spot if the Crimson

against Florida next Saturday, for a championship game outside combined with an Alabama defeat, of the coalition's jurisdiction, be-



The Cowboys' Emmitt Smith ran into a flock of Cardinals on the ground, gaining only 84 yards. But he caught 12 passes for 67 yards.

would create a Miami-Florida State rematch in the Fiesta Bowl. Miami's coach, Dennis Erickson, is not happy with the possibility of a rematch. His team's 19-16 victory on Oct. 3 was not secure until Semi nole kicker Dan Mowrey missed a 39-yard attempt on the final play of

Losses by Alabama and Florida State could give Texas A&M the chance to face Miami in the Cotton Bowl. Notre Dame, which has used five consecutive victories to move into the No. 5 spot in the AP poll, needed a Miami loss to enter the

championship picture.
The Rose Bowl, which earlier A Florida State victory at home this month had a chance to be host

came even less meaningful Satur-day. Washington lost to Washing-ton State, 42-23, in the snow in Pullman, Washington, and Michigan tied Ohio State, 13-13.

■ Copper Bowl Picks Teams ngton State, ranked No. 21, got a bid to the Copper Bowl in Tucson, Arizona, following its up-set of No. 11 Washington, The Associated Press reported.

Washington State will play Utah in the Dec. 29 game. Washington State appeared to he out of the bowl picture last week, but got back in after beating Rose Bowl-bound Washington and, at 8-3, tying Southern Cal for third to

Utah was invited to the Copper

Bowl despite a 6-5 record that in-Texas-El Paso, the two worst teams in the Western Athletie Confer-

But Utah's coach, Ron McBride, has a local connection — be's a former assistant at Arizona — and the school pledged to sell 10,000

There will he another Pac-10 versus WAC matchup Dec. 29 when Southern Cal plays Fresno State in the Freedom Bowl. Fresno, which leads the nation to

scoring with a 40-point average. If the Bulldogs (7-4) beat Texas-El Paso next week, they will share the WAC title with Hawaii and BYU. No. 19 Southern Cal (6-3-1).

which lost to UCLA by 38-37, cludes losses to New Mexico and won't officially be invited to the Freedom Bowl until the bowl coalition makes its picks on Dec. 6. In addition to the Rose Bowl, the

bowls with two confirmed teams are the Liberty (Mississippi-Air Force), Peach (North Carolina-Mississippi State) and Holiday (Hawaii-Illinois).

Bowling Green, the Mid-American champion, will play a Big West representative in the Las Vegas Bowl. Nevada won the Big West title, but doesn't have six victories over 1-A opponents — an NCAA requirement for bowl consideration. If Nevada doesn't get a waiver from the NCAA, runner-up San Jose State would go to Las Vegas.
(NYT, AP)

Broncos, Without Elway, **Are Blanked by Raiders**

By Sieve Springer Los ANGELES — Terry McDaniel has been chasing John

Elway for 11 weeks. ln his mind. McDaniel, a cornerback for the

Los Angeles Raiders, is having a Pro Bowl season, arguably his fin-But he couldn't quite forget the Nauonal Football League season

opener 11 weeks ago. He can still clearly remember Elway driving the Denver Broncos'

NFL ROUNDUP

down the field in the closing minutes, the call for the blitz from the secondary, his hands nearly within

reach of the slick Elway. McDaniel missed the quarter-back by a step, leaving Elway room to throw the pass that led to a Bronco victory and the start of the Raiders' four-game losing streak. Sunday, McDaniel got his re-

venge.
Sunday, it was the Broncos who missed Elway.

Sunday, it was McDaniel who made the big plays, tolercepting two passes and returning each 67 yards as, with a strong defensive effort, the Raiders blanked the Broncos, 24-0, before a Coliseum crowd of 50.011.

With the Raiders getting their first 100-yard rushing game by an individual this season — Eric Dickerson gained 107 in 16 carries and three touchdown passes by quarterback Jay Schroeder, they beat the AFC West-leading Bron-

Elway, with a bruised shoulder. was just a spectator as Tommy Maddox, the former UCLA star,

made his first NFL start. Two years ago, at 19, Maddox became the starter for the Bruins.
But at 21, he found the going a
lot tougher against an NFL defense
that recorded its second shutout of

Maddox found Chester McGlockton, Howie Long, Anthony Smith and the rest of the Raiders defensive line in his face all day. He found himself fumbling a snap from center and twice dropping the ball while trying to pass. Most of all, he found McDaniel.

By George, He Missed a Lot

The Associated Press EAST RUTHERFORD. New Jersey — George Young had the flu and missed his first game since taking over as the New York Giants' general manager 213 games ago.

He probably could not have picked a better game to miss, with the Eagles scoring 34 straight points to win. 47-34.

The 47 points were the most against New York since Washington's 49-13 victory in 1975.

Vai Sikabema's 87-yard punt return in the third quarter was not only a team record but the Eagles first punt return for a touchdown since Greg Garrity's 76-yarder against the Raiders in 1986.

And, the Giants lost quarterback Jeff Hostetler to a

Elway, who is expected back for Denver's next game, against Seat-tle, said that Maddox learned a lot.

"I told him that all he could do is the best he could do and not worry about it." Elway said, "Tommy made some mistakes, but you have to give some credit to their defense."

In other games. The Associated Press reported:

Chiefs 24, Seahawks 14: Kansas City forced six turnovers, intercepting Kelly Stouffer four times in Scattle, to move into a tie with Denver atop the AFC West.

Rookie Dale Carter ran back a ount 86 yards for a touchdown and Neil Smith returned one pass interception 22 yards for another score. Former Seattle quarterback Dave Krieg returned to the King-dome and completed 11 of 15 for 103 yards. He was sacked four times, twice by Rufus Porter, but Kansas City didn't commit a turnover.

Diego, playing at home, won for the

surging into the playoff picture be-hind a defense that sacked Vinny Testaverde six times. Rookie Chris Mims made three of the sacks.

49ers 27, Rams 10: In Anaheim; California. Ricky Watters ran for 163 yards, scoring twice, and Jerry Rice caught his 99th scoring pass in the NFL, one behind career leader

Steve Largent Cowboys 16, Cardinals 10: In Tempe, Arizona, Emmitt Smith, the NFC's top rusher, got only 84 yards on the ground for Dallas but he caught 12 passes for 67 yards and Alvin Harper caught passes for 88 yards. Troy Aikman completed 25 of 36 for 237 yards and two TDs. although Michael Irvin, his favorite receiver, had only one reception.

Phoenix lost Chris Chandler, its.

starting quarterback, with a con-Patriots 24, Jets 3: New England, playing at home, won a sec-ond straight after nine losses as Jon Vaughn rushed for a career-high 110 yards and a touchdown. New York was held to 166 yards offense,

just 77 on the ground, where the Jets had averaged 158.5 in the previous four games. Dolphins 19, Oilers 16: In Miami, the Dolphins staged a successful fourth-quarter rally for the fourth time this season. Pete Stoyanovich kicking a 52-yard field goal, his fourth of the game, with

two seconds left after the Oilers' Al Del Greco - who kicked three field goals - missed from 41 yards. Dan Marino completed all five of passes on the 42-yard drive that got Miami in position.

■ Calgary. Winnipeg Win

Doug Flutie's 3-yard run with 19 seconds left capped a 77-yard, lastminute drive and gave Calgary at 23-22 victory over Edmonton and a berth in next Sunday's CFL championship game. The Associated Press reported.

Flutie's 39-yard pass to Allen Pitts moved the ball to the Edmonion 16, and the former Boston College star than covered the rest of the distance on three carries,

acked four times, twice by Rufus orner, but Kansas City didn't commit a turnover.

Chargers 29, Buccaneers 14: San Richardson ran for 227 yards and

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Canadian League Western Olyiston Calgary 23, Edmonton 22 College Football's Top 25

The AP poli, with first-place votes in parentheses records through Nov. 21. total points based on 25 points for a first stace vote through one point for a 25th place vals, and rapiding in last week's poli. (liè) imolify

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HOCKEY NHL Standings

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SUNDAY'S RESULTS

SUNDAY'S RESULTS
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Grover 9-16-2-271; Colemon 5-19-10 19, Petrovic 11-16 8-0 23, Anderson 7-23 1-2 19, Rebounds—Golden State 50 (Owens 15), New

Jersey 50 [Colemon 15]. Assists—Golden State 24 [Hordoway 15], New Jersey 24 | An-

LA Lakers LA Clippers Socromento Golden State

TRANSACTIONS

BASEBALL
American League
SALTIMORE—Promoted Jerry Narron,
manager of Rochester-International League,
to undefined socition with the molor league
club. Signed Rick Sutclitte, pitcher, to one-

year contract. BOSTON—Bought contract of Jim Byrd, In-

rector.

CALIFORNIA—Agreed to lerms with
Torey Lovville, infletier, en one-year contract.

KANSAS CITY—Bought contracts of Dous
Harris, pfill High, third basemon;
Lance Jennings, cotcher; and Bab Hornelin. first baseman. NEW YORK—Agreed to terms with ARA

NEW YORK-Agreed to terms with Alike Stonley, cotcher, or two-year contracts of Andy Cook, Mark Huffan, Markana Riyera and Danningo Jean, stichers, Russell Davis, titud baseman and Robert Eentoorn, shortstop, Announced that Kevin Rand, head itanier and respilitation supervisor in player development system, at lacving club effective Dec. 1 to become assistant Irolner for Florica Maritis.

OAKLAND—Bought contracts of Mike Mahker, Curits Show, Tanyon Sturize and David Zancanan, efficients: Islay Molifia, catcher; and Marcos Armas and Scott Lydy, outfletders.

National League

ar; ord warcos Armes and Score Lydy, duriciders.

ATLANTA—Put Jeff Treathory and Tommy Gregs. Infleiders, an walvers for purpose of siving them their unconditional releases. Bought contracts of Dannie Elliott, Scion Bork, Shawn Holman and Michael Potts, eithers 1 four Torsoo and Troy Hughes, outfielders; Hecter Roo, second beasman; and Tyler Houston, coficher.

CHICAGO—Bought contracts of Davie Swartzhough and Davie Stevens, Pilichers: Jose Viero, third bosterman; Phil Douphir, unifficient, aim diseasemen; Phil Douphir, unifficient, and Maift Walkeck, cotcher.

CINCINNATI—Put Geronimo Berrou, outfielder, an walvers for purpose of siving him his unconditional release, Signed Chris Bushing and Bo Kennety, bitchers to Costrocts with Indianaposis. American Association.

ihe Cokland Aihieths to complete W trade, Signed Luis de los Santos, inf

MONTREAL—Named Luis Pulois first MONTREAL—Named Luks Peloks first base cooch and Tim Johnson bench cooch. Amounced that Jenny Mannet, Joe Kernson, Pierre Arbenoutt and Tematry Harner, cooches, will return mest second. Traded Dave Walnhouse and Keyln Poster, pitchers, to Seath for Frank Bolick, Infielder, and player to be named loter. Traded Archie Cortis, pitchers, to Allivanies for player to be nomed later. Bought contracts of Reid Cornellus, Allia Mantille, Len Picasa, Ivan Arteosa, Miguel Beriska, Joe Eischen and Mike Thomas, pitchers; and Fitzportic and Raul Santon, cotters; and Mike Lansins, infielders, Designated Doug Pioti and Doug Simons, pitchers, for agaignment.

PHILADRIPHIA—Bought Contracts of Mike Former, Paul Fletcher and Sieve Purits, pitchers; Ron Locketi, Infielders; and Jeff

remain Former, polit Percina das Jave Pur-ris, pilchers; Ron Lockett, infletter; and Jeff Jockson and Tam Nuneviller, auffleiders, PITTSBIIRGH—Agreed to ferins with Dave Clark, auffleider, on ane-vear controct. Placed Bob Parterson, altrier, on walvers for purpose of giving him his unconditional re-ST. LOUIS—Bought contracts of Steve Dix-

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Portland 23 31 24 23—115

Dumors 9-16 9-8 19, Mills 7-13 7-2 16; Dreafer 7-15 5-3 19, Robinson 10-17 8-9 20, Rabounds—Delivoll 51 [Polynice 12], Perfloud 39 [Strickleyd 10], Assists—Delivoll 19 [Thomas 6], Perflund 20 [Strickleyd 13]. ST. LOUIS—Bought contracts of Steve Dis-on, Bryon Evergerd and Tem Urbani, pitch-ers; Poul Eris, Ed Futton and Morc Roman, catchers; Joan Andujor and Tripp Cromer, infleiders, and Poul Caleman, buttleider. SAN DIECO—Bought contracts of Jay Gainer, first bosesman; Steve Peques and Dorrell Sherman, outfleiders; Scott Sanders. Erik Schullstram and Tim Worrell, pitchers; and Brion Johnson, catcher. Slaned Jarvis, Brown and Vince Harris, outfleiders, to con-lincts with Los Vegot, PCL. Incids with Los Vegos, PCL.
SAN FRANCISCO—Announced the resig-

Aga Khan Takes Jockey Club to Court Again Resters

LONDON - The Aga Khan, one of the world's leading raceborse owners, mounted another challenge in court Monday to the Jockey Club's supremacy.
His counsel, seeking to open

the Jockey Club's disciplinary decisions to review, argued in the Court of Appeal that the monopolistic position of the governing body of British racmg gave it regulatory powers over not just a sport but a

major industry.
The Jockey Club controls all activities in racing, including trainers, owners, riders and officials. The Aga Khan, in what has

been seen as a test case affecting the governing bodies of other sports in Britain, is challenging the disqualification of his 1989 Oaks winner, Aliysa. His first attempt was blocked in 1991 when the High Court ruled that the club's decisions were not subject to ju-

Aliysa lost the Epsom classic following a lengthy Jockey Club inquiry that ruled that there had been traces of camphor, a banned substance, in

the 3-year-old filly's urine. The Aga Khan, after arguing that traces of camphon could be derived from feed and bedding, withdrew his string of 90 thoroughbreds from Britain and sent them to be trained in Ireland and France.

The hearing, strongly con-tested by the Jockey Club, is

BASKETBALL Notional Basketball Association
DENVER-Extended the contract of Regple Williams, guard-forward, OETROIT—Suspended Dennis Rodmon, GOLDEN STATE-Put Letreti Sacreell

word.
PHOENIX—Waived Kurt Rambis, forward. Activated Kevin Johnson, guard, from the injured list.
FOOTBALL
National Feotball League
OENVER—Put Sommite Smith, running bock, on injured reserva.

OETROIT—Put Junior Replinson, cornerbock on injured reserve. Activated Willie Clay, cornerbock, from precises squad. GREEN BAY—Put Vince Workman, running book, on injured reserve. Activated Ma SHIVE.
KANSAS CITY—Released 2111 Jones. Pur-

ning bock.

MEW YORK GIANTS—Signed Ken Wittis,
Micker, Plocad Matt Bohr, Kicker, on Inactive
list. Wolved Bobby Abrams, linebocker,
MEW YORK JETS—Put Al Toon, wide re-Jury list.
SAN FRANCISCO—Activated Dexter Corler, running back, from intured reserve. Put 'Adam Welker, running back, on intured reserve.

TAMPA BAY—Signed Mark Duckens, de-tensive lineman, Weived Mike Barber, wide receiver.

National Hackey Leases BOSTON—Claimed Dominic Lavaie. de-

SIDELINES

Kentucky Jockey Guild Admits Guilt

LOUISVILLE Kentucky (AP) — A jockeys organization pleaded guilty Monday to bribing at least one state legislator during a Las Vegas convention in 1986 in an effort to influence horse-industry legislation. The charge and plea agreement, reached in U.S. District Court, is part of a continuing federal investigation of Kentucky state government corruption, which has focused on the horse industry. The Jockey Guild

entered the plea to a single count of aiding and abetting extortion. Under a plea agreement, prosecutors will recommend a \$25,000 fine. Judge Charles Simpson withheld sentencing, and the guild could be liable for the maximum penalty of \$500,000 in fines.

England's Platt to Have Knee Surgery TURIN. Italy (AFP) - England international David Platt will under-

go a knee operation Thursday, his Italian club Juventus said Monday, and be unable to play for a month.

Platt was pulled out of Sunday's match against Torino when his right

knee swelled after a practice session. The plane taking the Portuguese team Benfica to Russia for a UEFA Cup match against Dynamo Moscow was forced by a bomb threat to return to Lisbon Monday, police said. No bomb was found; the plane left

Krabbe Plans to Appeal Drug Ban
BONN (Reuters) — Katrin Krabbe, who avoided being banned in June
because German athletics officials had no legal right to suspend athletes

for taking drugs, will use the loophole again to fight her present four-year suspension, her lawyers said Monday.

The lawyer, Peter Wöessner, said the German athletics federation, which

confirmed the suspension at a meeting Friday, had failed to make its statutes legally watertight by including out-of-competition dope-testing procedures. Woessner said an appeal would be filed at the end of January. The technicality helped Krabbe and two other former East Germans. Grit Breuer and Silke Möller, to avoid a four-year ban in June for manipulating urine samples.

For the Record

MERCEDES

Florence Masmada of France, a bronze medalist in the Winter Olympics this year, has injured a knee in training and will not be able to compete in this season's ski races, the team said Monday. Marins Wasneier of Germany, the former giant statom champion, has broken his foot during training and will be unable to compete until the

Frank Maloney, manager of No. 1 contender Lennox Lewis, said he will fly to New York this week to discuss a fight against heavyweight champion Riddick Bowe, but didn't expect a deal will be reached. (AP) Bret Hanever, who retired as the richest and fastest harness racing horse in history, died at age 30 in Lexington, Kentucky.

Flyers' Star Lindros Injures Knee in Tie

The Associated Press PHILADELPHIA — The Phila-delphia Flyers were holding their breath Monday, awaiting the doctors' report on their star rookie,

The Flyers' 4-4 tie with Buffalo goal. on Sunday night was overshad-owed by the injury to Lindros, who sprained his left knee 1:40 into the game and didn't return. He was to be examined Monday.

"It's pretty devastating for us, under the circumstances," said the Philadelphia coach, Bill Dineen. "I don't know what I'm going to do." Lindros was burt when he and teammate Mark Recchi sandwiched Buffalo defenseman Petr Svoboda against the boards. The 6-foot, 4-inch (1.93-meter) center landed awkwardly on his left knee

and needed help getting off the ice. "If it's an isolated ligament sprain, it could be a short-term problem," the Flyers' physician, Arthur Bartolozzi, said.

The Flyers gave up six players, two first-round picks and \$15 million in a trade with Quebec for Lindros, who has lived up to his advance billing with a team-leading 15 goals. He's second with 28 Len Barrie, just called up from the Flyers' AHL farm team in Her-shey, scored his first NHL goal

with 15 seconds remaining in the third period to give the Flyers the Recchi, who has 13 goals and 20 assists in a 15-game point-scoring streak, scored twice gave the Flyers a lead, only to have Buffalo tie on a

goal by Alexander Mogilny. Then

Dimitri Yushkevich put Philadelphia ahead in the third period, but. Pat LaFontaine tied it again for Buffalo, Dave Hannan scored with 2:10 left in the third to give the Sabres a 4-3 lead before Barrie's

Islanders 5, Oilers 5: Scott Mellanby's goal midway through the

NHL HIGHLIGHTS

third period gave Edmonton a tie; with the visiting Islanders despite: three goals from New York's Pierre

Turgeon. Turgeon completed his hat trick at 1:59 of the third period, and defenseman Scott Lachance put New York ahead with his first goal of the season at 5:35. But Mellanby's tip-in of Dave Manson's shot kept the lolanders winless in Edmonton since the 1983-84 sea-

Capitals 6, Nordiques 4: Dale Hunter had two goals and two assists against his old team and Paul MacDermid scored twice as visiting Washington snapped Quebec's seven-game unbeaten string.

Andrei Kovalenko scored twice for Quebec.

The Nordiques were 5-0-2 before falling to Washington, which ended a four-game losing streak after spotting the Nordiques a 2-0 leads

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Peter Greenaway and the Sound of Clouds

PARIS — To promote its vast, and for the most part unseen, drawing collec-tion, the Louvre invites an intellectualcelebrity - a combination that is uniquely French - to curate a drawings show on a theme of his choice. The first such exhibition, a couple of years ago, was called "Memoires d'Aveugle" ("Blind Memories") and was by the distinguished and mystifying philosopher Jacques Derrida. The second is by the British filmmaker

Peter Greenaway. Greenaway says he was actually invited before Derrida but was too busy. His show, which he calls "Flying Out of This

MARY BLUME

World," and which is more poetically titled "Le bruit des nuages," or "The Sound of Clouds," in French, has just opened and continues until Feb. 1. Greenaway will give a public tecture on his choices on Dec. 5 and the exhibition is accompanied by a retrospective of 24 of his films.

Although he may not be as distinguished as Derrida, Greenaway bas proved equally mystifying since his film "The Draughtsman's Contract" became a surprise success 10 years ago, leading to other works of formal beauty, mathematical precision and complex private allusions. Greenaway's films not only invite deconstruction but demand it if one is to

make head or tail of them.

Before becoming a film director, Greenaway, 50, was a film editor and before that an art student. He continues to paint (he will exhibit in New York's SoHo this winter) and also to write unpublished novels as well as his own scripts. He has three films ready for shooting and is editing one that he

hopes will be shown at the Cannes Festival. "It is based on a half-heard, half-whis-pered story about a child saint," Greenaway says. At its simplest the new film is based on a remark from his "The Cook, the Thief, His Wife and Her Lover" to the effect that in our world the good are seldom rewarded, the bad are seldom pun-

ished, but the innocent are always abused. Greenaway's films are not, however, to be taken at their simplest. This one is called "The Baby of Macon" because he spent a vacation there and because Macon is not far from the French town of Nevers, where Alain Resnais shot Greenaway's favorite film, "Hiroshima mon amour." Despite its rather specific title. "The Baby of Macon" also refers to Cosimo de' Medici, the Counter-Reformation, and to the debased tradition of history painting. A subtext concerns the very contemporary subject of child abuse. It is all, Greenaway says, seen through the Baroque imagination. Peter Greenaway considers himself n



Peter Greenaway, left, in front of scene from his film "The Belly of an Architect."

man of the Baroque and blames the failure in France of his last film, "Prospero's Book," on the curious proposition that "the French are perhaps not very interested in the Baroque - their century is really the 18th and not the 17th."

He believes that we are in a Baroque age today. "We live in a time of excess -- excess population, excess information. Another characteristic of the Baroque is illusion and film is almost entirely connected with shad-ows, there's nothing there. If Bernini were alive today he'd be over the moon at the apparatuses he could play with."

Like Denrida, Greenaway chose drawings by Chasseriau and Redon, Among the 100 works in "Flying Out of This World," there are inevitably Baroque artists but also Goya, Delacroix, Constable, and Viotor Hugo's drawing of n hanged man, a punning reference to gravity as the weight that pulls a body to its death and also to

gravity in the sense of gravitas.

Greenaway's theme of flying leads to an exploration of falling—the fall of man and also of such individuals as learns and Sappho plunging from her rock. The bodies plunge through the surface of the Earth and break through to the circles of hell related to Dante's minth circle, where the wings still beat in terms of nightmares underneath the circles of the Earth," he remarks.

orecast for Tuesday through Thursday

One could well imagine Greenaway, with his stately mien and pointed chin, in a 17th-century full-bottomed wig, an image reinforced by the fact that while talking he twiddles with a white feather as if it were a quill pen. The feather has fallen from a buge pair of wings intended to symbolize the flight of Icarus but which has been the subject of last minute objections on the

part of the Louvre. The authorities here regard it as too much kitsch, I think, for the august walls of this building. But I am n filmmaker and filmmakers tend to be shownen."

Greenaway's showmanship and his fasciation with texonomy, a word that often enters his conversation, as well as the conceits he delights in may have been re-strained by the Louvre but are in full flight in another exhibition, now on in three museums in Vienna. He was invited to choose 100 objects to represent the world. "One of the objects is a crashed airplane, so you can

imagine the scale," he says. Other choices for the Vienna show include Freud's hat, a chain saw, a woman who arrives daily to sleep in public, a huge slice of a belly in reference to Greenaway's film, "The Belly of an Architect," and a Nazi gibbet Taxonomy — counting with the intent of finding meaning - fascinates

"Without wishing to overstretch the conceit I suppose it's the way culture works and the way most civilization works - this desire to comprehend chaos by inventing or constructing structures of all sorts and sizes. If you've got the structure right, then maybe you can begin to under-stand the phenomenon."

In one of his films, Greenaway says that everything that exists exists to be put in a frame. "I suppose it's the argument of the taxonomist," he says. The man who needs to catch every single butterfly in the world and pin it down somewhere with n nisty drawing pin."

In Greenaway's films he pins down all imaginable butterflies in an order available only to him: a series of conceits another favorite word - that creates formal order. He has said that as a filmmaker he is basically a clerk.

Were his hero Bernini to return to Earth today, he might be as fascinated as Gree-naway thinks with film, but this does not mean be thinks Bernini would be a film

"It's difficult to say. He was a great diplomat wasn't he, a great political ani-mal." Greenaway said. "A film producer rather than a director, I think."

ACROSS

■ Kind of enemy

14 Results of pats

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10 Kind of lare

A Fist Halfway Down Your Throat

By William Safire

WASHINGTON — Newsweek, in "The Inside Story" of the '92 campaign, points out proudly that "Mark Miller was given extraordinary access to the inner workings of the Clinton campaign, thanks to the permission of the candidate himself.

Miller reports an episode of interest to students of vivid figures of speech in general, and of Southern American dialect in particular.

When the Bush campaign suggested that Clinton's "People first" economics would mean higher taxes for everyone who makes more than \$36,000 a year, Clintoo, according to Newsweek, blew up. Speechwiter Paul Begala sought to assuage his anger, Miller re-ports, but Governor Clinton said: "I want to put a fist halfway down their throats with this. I don't want

subtlety. I want their teeth on the sidewalk." This is not the cherubic, resolutely respectful Clinton that a plurality of American voters came to know and love. Historians and biographers will look at that direct quotation and ask: Was the reporter present to hear the words? Was his source Begala or someone else who was

This is not the cherabic, resolutely respectful Clinton that a plurality of American voters came to know and love.

present, and was the source, if firsthand, paraphrasing or quoting directly? Was this quotation relayed to the reporter from vivid memory, contemporaneous notes— or from general recollection weeks afterward? Will President-elect Clinton confirm that these figures of speech - even if spoken on inside-background rules for

publication after election - are indeed his own? panheamon after election — are mused in sown.

If so, we have a challenge to dialect etymology. First, so put a fixt halfway down their throats — qualified violence, not so strong as to put a fist all the way down their throats — was presaged by Shakespeare in a Hamlet soliloguy. "Who calls me villain, the way to the soliloguy throats a decrease of the soliloguy of the solilogue of the solilogue of the solilogue of the solilogue of the solilogue." me by the nose, gives me the lye i' the throate as deepe as to the lungs?" Earlier, in "Titus Andronicus," the Bard nioneered the metaphor of fist-toward-laryux: "Till I have . . . thrust these reprochfull speeches downe his throat, that he hath breath'd in my dishonour house."

The image split in American dialect usage: to ram down the throat means "to force acceptance," while to jump down (someone's) throat means "to criticize suddenly." A third variant, to cut (someone's) throat,

became a trope for intense competition.

Testh on the sidewalk was presumably coined on the analogy of the more familiar blood on the floor; both are hornific images meant to exaggerate "severe consequences." The nautical word picture a shot across the how has been replaced with the less cautionary, more forthright a shot in the teeth. False teeth are used in dialect as the basis of to drop one's teeth, calling up the picture of gaping in surprise and losing one's dentures.
The two strands — throat and teeth — combine in the

hyperbolic threat to knock your teeth down your throat. According to Joan Hall at the Dictionary of American Regional English, a black, Spanish-speaking in-

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44 Apportion

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CROSSWORD

formant from Florida is cited in the Linguistic Atlas of the Gulf States as saying, "You'd be picking up your teeth off the floor with a broken arm," Hall's colleagues at the University of Wisconsin recall, but cannot immediately cite, a detective novel line, "All I could think of was how good his teeth would look on the floor." (Says the woman from DARE: "We could

really use a concordance of Mickey Spillane.") Will the president-elect, once ensconced in the White House, lose connection with the figures of speech of his campaign trail? Or will be emulate Harry Truman and Lyndon Johnson and retain them, as he likes to say publicly, until the last dog dies?

Assuming the quotations attributed to him in News-

week's "Inside Story" are accurate, we can await future memoirs by aides along the same revealing lines. Sooner or later, there will be a confrontation between President Clinton and the Senate majority leader, George Mitchell, who has an especially toothy smile. Dialecticians can't wait for a confirming citation.

The one-word headline of New York Newsday

read: Blowaut! To some, this meant landslide, which had replaced avalanche in political parlance for "overwhelming election victory." To political lexicographers, is meant that an old word had a new meaning.

Blowout began in the language as a synonym for quarrel, and was used alongside ruction and ruckus. When automobiles came along at the turn of the 20th when antomobiles came along at the turn of the 20th century, it was a depiction of the bursting of a pneu-matic tire. (Electricians, heart specialists and cit-well drillers: do not send angry postcards about the sup-pression of arcs, aneurysms and the uprush of thirds; we're dealing here with the general lingo.)

In this generation, the most common slang mea of blowout was "rancous party, swinging shindig"; in the new American Heritage Dictionary, the citation is from Vanity Fair: "Lunch was a billion-calone blowout beside the pool." "

Meanwhile, the expression to blow away took root; "meaning "to overpower, to crush all resistance"; extending the metaphor, a music lover could be "blown away" by the latest him has County and the latest him has County and the latest him has considered. by the latest hip-hop. (Strictly speaking, the noun should be blowaway, but nobody speaks slang strictly.) Was the 1992 result a blowout? No; although no objective standard exists, especially in a three-way division, n difference of 10 points in the popular-wote percentages would be indisputably a blowout; in the Electoral College, the number 400 might be a blowout point. Many newspapers went for decisive as the defining adjective for the Clinton victory; those who went for landslide and blowout added that they meant in the Electoral College.

Use all current meanings in a sentence: On the way to the blowout after the blowout, the victors' motorcade had a blowout

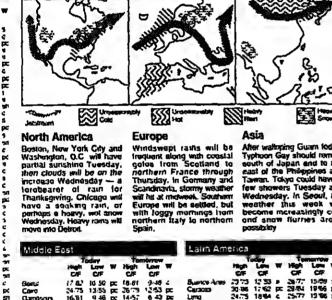
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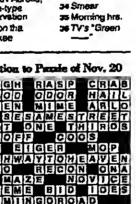
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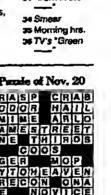
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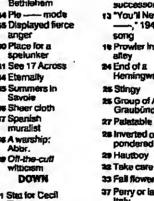
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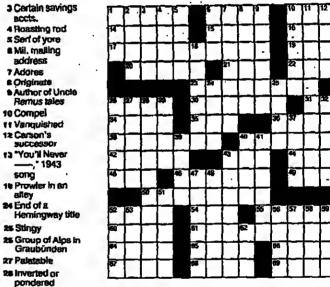
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#### BOOKS

#### BAT BOMB: World War II's Other Secret Weapon By Jack Couffer, 252 pages.

\$24.95. University of Texas Reviewed by Curt Suplee

A Swe near the 50th anniversary of Hiroshima, the Manhattan Project will bog the historical limeing one of the most ingenious inventions in the annals of organized slaughter: The bat bomb. This top-secret program, begun

in 1942 and code-named "Project X-Ray," was devastatingly cunning: A few million hats would be fitted out with tany incendiary charges, packed into giant bomb-like canisters, and released from U.S. warplanes just before day- to Roosevelt, "would be a shock to

break over the invitingly fire-prone

buildings of urban Japan.
As the canisters' parachutes unfurled, the containers would pop open, disgorging the winged avengers into the sky. Within minutes, millions of sleepy bats would flap off to roost in sundry crannies, only to explode in flames a few moments later as the charges went off, igniting hundreds of thousands of fires. According to contemporary accounts, an estimated 80 percent of the structures in central Osaka

were presumed to be highly com-bustible, made up of "fish-oilsoaked paper, fiber mats, bamboo and timber." The two million or so persons not killed outright would "The effect," the bat bomb's in-

ventor, an eccentric Pennsylvania dentist named Lytle Adams, wrote

the morale of the Japanese people," rendering the population homeless and "their industries useless."

"As I vision it." Adams wrote the president, "the millions of bats that have for ages inhabited our belfries, tunnels and caverns were placed there by God to await this hour to play their part in the scheme of free buman existence." If a sortie of 10 planeloads, totaling two million bats, could "rid us of the Japanese pests," Adams el-fused, in retrospect, it might seem that Adams was at least a couple cans short of a six-pack, mentalhealthwise. But in the first frantic months after Pearl Harbor, his plan made sufficient sense to attract the artention and backing of President Franklin D. Roosevelt, the National Inventors Council, the Army Air

Forces and the Chemical Warfare

He was given approval to form a research team, including a bat ex-pert from the Los Angeles County Museum and his 17-year-old protege, Jack Couffer, the author of this beguilingly comical combination of

war-tech history and memoir. Couffer, now a California filmmaker, chronicles the project from its hasty inception to its greatest triumph (a test-run succeeded so well that it burned the Carlsbad. New Mexico, military airfield to the ground) to its abrupt cancellation in 1944 as War Department planners realized what they had done. In its beyday, the Californiabased X-Ray unit boasted a highly diverse crew of 20.

The technical challenges daunting. The team bad to find out bow much the bats could reasonably carry (about an ounce, accord-

side a locked dirigible hangar commandeered for the purpose); invent a one-ounce fire bomb that could be attached to the bats (surgical clips eventually gave way to adhesive); and determine how the animals could be fulled into artificial hibernation for air transport and then aroused at the last minute

for their inflammatory mission. But of course the War Department was counting on an even moreexotic weapon, about which the en-vious bat team had heard only cryptic rumors. Adams couldn't believe it: "We got a sure thing like the bat bomb going, something that could really win the war, and they're jecking off with tiny little atoms. It makes me want to cry."

Curt Suplee is on the staff of The Washington Post.

39 Burden

By Alan Truscott

T would be hard to think of Lanyone who has contributed more to organized bridge in New York City in the past quarter century than Estee Griffin, who recently passed nw

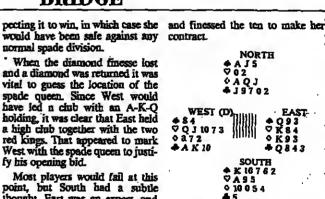
Preparing for a national championship is the greatest test of any local arganization, and Mrs. Graffin's leadership in 1974 was outstanding. Three months earlier she demonstrated her playing skill as South on the diagramed deal. West's impertment opening bid

did not prevent North-South from reaching four spades, but it nearly led the declarer astray. When East overtook the opening lead of the heart queen with the king. South let the king win and won the heart

### BRIDGE

normal spade division. When the diamond finesse lost and a diamond was returned it was vital to guess the location of the spade queen. Since West would have led n club with an A-K-C holding, it was clear that East held a high club together with the two red kings. That appeared to mark West with the spade queen to justi-

fy his opening bid. Most players would fail at this point, but South had a subtle thought. East was an expert, and had not made the normal play of holding up the diamond king. He must want South to know that he held that card, and Mrs. Griffin drew the right conclusion. She ruffed her remaining heart with the She tried a diamond finesse ex- spade jack, crashed the spade ace



West led the heart queen

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